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FIRST BATTLE FOR CUBA IS WAGED IN THE HOUSE.

Senate Resolutions.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The following is the majority resolution reported to the Senate by Senator Davis, immediately upon the convening of the Senate at noon today:

"WHEREAS, the abhorrent conditions which have existed for more than three years in the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, have been a disgrace to Christian civilization, culminating, as they have, in the destruction of a United States battleship, with 266 of its officers and crew, while on a friendly visit to the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured, as has been set forth by the President of the United States in his message to Congress, of April 11, 1898, upon which the action of Congress was invited, therefore

"Resolved, First.—That the people of the island of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent.

Second.—That it is the duty of the Government of the United States to demand, and the Government of the United States does hereby demand, that the government of Spain at once relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraws its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

"Third.—That the President of the United States be and he hereby is directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States, and to call into actual service of the United States the militia of the several States to such an extent as may be necessary to carry these resolutions into effect."

MINORITY REPORT.

Senator Turpie presented the report of minority of the committee as follows:

"The undersigned members of the Committee on Foreign Relations concur in the report made upon the Cuban resolutions but we favor the immediate recognition of the Republic of Cuba as organized in that island as a free, independent and sovereign power among the nations of the world."

Congressmen Use Their Fists, Hurl Books at Each Other and 'Midst Wildest Scenes of Disorder the Resolutions Are Presented.

Bailey's Objection to Unanimous Passage of the Majority Report Causes an Unprecedented Uproar During Which Bartlett and Blumm Start a Free Fight.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—At 2:52 P. M. Mr. Adams of Pennsylvania, acting chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, entered the House with the report. Instantly all was quiet. The Republicans of the Committee on Rules, the Speaker, Messrs. Henderson and Dalzell immediately held a session to form a rule under which the House should operate. There will be twenty minutes of debate on a side. At exactly 3:30 o'clock the Speaker recognized Mr. Adams, acting chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee. He asked unanimous consent for the consideration of the resolutions which he submitted. Silence prevailed as the resolutions were read.

A thunderous outburst of applause from the floor and the galleries greeted the report. Great excitement and confusion followed. Mr. Bailey objected to the consideration of the resolution. Charges and counter-charges were bandied across the floor. A fist-fight on the floor of the House almost followed. The Speaker ordered the sargeant-at-arms to use the silver mace, an emblem of the House's authority. Men fought like they were mad. "Liar," "scoundrel" and other denunciatory epithets were used.

There were half a dozen personal collisions. Mr. Brumm (Rep.) of Pennsylvania and Mr. Bartlett (Dem.) of Georgia were involved.

At last General Henderson (Rep.) of Iowa, the one-legged veteran, standing in the jostling fighting crowd, in clear piping tones, called for order, reminding members that it was a disgrace to the American Congress.

Men rushed up and down the aisles like madmen. Members rushed between the contestants who were exchanging hot words with clinched fists and set teeth. They were drawn apart. The Speaker pounded with his gavel and with stentorian tones demanded that all members take their seats.

When order was in part restored, Mr. Wheeler (Dem.) of Alabama loudly insisted that the words be taken down, but he yielded to the appeals of his friends. A few minutes later, after quiet was restored, Mr. Bailey and Mr. Quigg of New York exchanged personalities.

The excitement was at fever heat. Not in years has such a scene occurred as was witnessed on the floor of the House during the excitement. Books were thrown, Bartlett of Georgia letting fly a heavy cloth-covered volumn at Brumm of Pennsylvania, which just grazed his head and spent itself in the aisle beyond where he sat.

The trouble arose out of the objection made by Mr. Bailey of Texas to the consideration of the resolution without proper understanding as to the length of time allowed each side.

Henderson of Iowa in an impassioned appeal to the men of the American Congress to act like men, was met with a storm of hisses.

He said the agreement between the Republicans and Democrats of the Committee on Rules was unanimous, which called forth a chorus of "no."

Immediately the scene between Bartlett and Brumm, growing out of a misunderstanding as to charges made back and forth across the crowded floor ensued. Friends of both men labored with the belligerents to bring peace.

The row arose out of the Parliamentary situation. Mr. Bailey insisted upon reserving the right to object to consideration of the resolution for which Mr. Adams had asked unanimous consent until he could see what arrangement could be made for debate. Confusion followed and Quigg demanded the regular order, but withdrew it.

Finally, in the midst of the confusion, the Speaker, with uplifted gavel, asked if objection was meant. Mr. Bailey appealed to him to state the proposition, but as he insisted Mr. Bailey loudly objected and sank back in his seat. Mr. Bailey was flushed. Angry words were bandied back and forth between the members, each side charging each other with trying to play politics, and all in a flash the collision between Mr. Myers and Mr. Pearson occurred in the left of the hall. There was an immediate rush in that direction, and in a moment the contestants were surrounded with fighting and scrambling members.

Another attempt to secure unanimous consent was objected to by Mr. Johnson (Rep.) of Indiana, who denounced the attempt to pass the resolutions without debate as monstrous. Mr. Adams moved a recess of fifteen minutes until the Committee on Rules could act but it was defeated. The House was in such an ugly, vicious temper that some members counselled an adjournment until tomorrow, but the leaders declined.

"We'll put this resolution through tonight," they declared. While the Committee on Rules was in session in the Speaker's room there was an ominous gathering of members near Bartlett and Brumm, and it looked for a time as if the scene would be repeated, but Mr. Bartlett was led away into the lobby his friends and once more a semblance of order was restored.

At 3:45 P. M. Mr. Henderson brought in the special rule agreed to by the Committee. No time is fixed for the closing of debate in the rule agreed upon.

Mr. Henderson presented the rule to the House. It provided that upon the adoption of the rule it should be then ordered to consider the report of the Committee on Foreign Affairs. Mr. Henderson said that the House would have the power to close debate. His side of the House, he said, was almost unanimous in favor of action, not words, a sentiment that met with a tremendous outburst of applause.

The question had been discussed everywhere he said. The country understood the issue and the time had come to take the last step. Mr. Bailey, in reply, said that the minority was perfectly willing to proceed to action on the report. His object when the question was first put in reserving an objection was to see if a reasonable understanding could not be made for debate. He referred to the scene in the House a few moments previous as more nearly a disgrace to the American Congres than any he had ever witnessed.

The Republicans jeered and groaned during his explanation. Mr. Bailey said he would not disgrace himself by noticing such behavior.

Proceeding then to discuss the question at issue, he frequently got the applause of his colleagues as he expressed his gratification that something was at last to be done. He denounced the Republicans for desiring to rush the resolutions through without debate when they knew that the House would not co-operate until the action of the Senate, and the Senate would not act without full and complete deliberation.

He declared that the Democrats were ready to take their responsibility.

"Call the roll," he cried amid tumultuous applause from his side and cries of "Vote!" "Vote!" from the Republican side.

Mr. Johnson, (Republican,) Indiana, demanded a right to be heard and appealed to Mr. Henderson not to demand the previous question until he had an opportunity to speak.

MEMBERS PASS THE LIE.

The following are the words exchanged between Mr. Brumm and Mr. Bartlett, as given by Mr. Cochran (Dem.) of Missouri, who sat beside Mr. Brumm. Mr. Brumm shouted in the excitement following Bailey's objection to the consideration of the resolution:,

"You fellows are getting what you did not bargain for." His remarks were addressed to the Democratic side. Mr. Bartlett, who was twenty-five feet away in the next aisle, turned and said it was not true.

"I say it is," insisted Mr. Brumm.

"It is not."

"You are a liar," retorted Mr. Brumm.

Then, quick as a flash, Mr. Bartlett seized a book and hurled it at the Pennsylvanian. Then the crowd closed in and half a dozen different collisions occurred.

Mr. McMillan (Dem.) member of the Committee on Rules, characterized this as the most momentous question that had confronted the people of the country since the close of the civil war. He sympathized with the movement for early action, but he thought the matter ought to be fully presented to the American people. There was no difference between the resolutions. If the House had in the last session recognized and not fled from the proposition of recognition of independence, Cuba would today be free and the Maine crew would be alive.

Mr. McMillan said the Democrats were not only in favor of Cuba, but they did not intend that even the President of the United States should stand in the way of that consummation.

Mr. Henderson said that Mr. Bailey was presenting a singular spectacle in pleading for time, and asked that the roll be called now. He regretted any effort to gain partisan advantage. This statement was greeted with cheers from the Democratic side of the House.

The minority report was rejected 90-151 by the House.

House Resolutions.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—At 1:30 the majority of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs agreed to the following resolution, which will be reported to the House this afternoon.

Joint resolution: "Resolved, That the President is hereby authorized and directed to intervene at once to stop the war in Cuba, and to the end and with the purpose of securing permanent peace and order there and establishing by the action of the people there, a stable and independent government of their own in the island of Cuba, the President is hereby authorized and empowered to use the land and naval forces of the United States to execute the purpose of this resolution."

MINORITY REPORT.

The Democratic members of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, in a report signed by five Democrats and Mr. Newlands (Silver Republican), have agreed to the following resolutions as a substitute for the majority report.

Joint resolution: "Resolved that the United States Government hereby recognizes the independence of the Republic of Cuba.

"Second—That moved thereto by many considerations of humanity, of interest and of provocation, among which are the deliberate mooring of our battleship Maine over a submarine mine and its destruction in the harbor of Havana, the President of the United States, be, and he is hereby directed to employ immediately the land and naval forces of the United States in aiding the Republic of Cuba to maintain the independence hereby recognized.

"Third—That the President of the United States is hereby authorized and directed to extend immediate relief to the starving Cubans."

The minority members of the Committee have agreed to report the minority resolution. Efforts will be made by the Republicans to pass the resolution without debate.

A CRISIS IN MADRID

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

MADRID, April 13.—As the result of a long and important cabinet council last night, the Spanish war office is actively engaged in fortifying and manning the Mediterranean islands of Spain and placing other portions of the kingdom in a state of defense.

It is understood that instructions have been cabled to Captain General Blanco to carry the suspension of hostilities into practical effect, "according to the circumstances in each district." The cabinet refuses to recognize the right of the United States to intervene in Cuba.

The situation is regarded to-day on all sides, even apparently by the United States Minister, as being serious.

The cabinet meeting lasted five hours and it is said was mainly devoted to the consideration of President McKinley's message to Congress on the Cuban question.

When the ministers adjourned an official note was issued setting forth the views of the Government. It is variously commented upon and interpreted in newspaper circles.

In brief, the note sets forth that the cabinet has granted an extraordinary credit for war purposes and has incidentally increased the grant for the account of the artillery of Porto Rico.

The Minister of the Interior, Senor Capdepen, gave the official version of the events here on Sunday and Monday, and also made a report of the occurrences in some of the provincial towns.

After disposing of current affairs, the Premier, Senor Sagasta, designated two of the ministers to immediately draw up an address to the crown.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Senor Gullon, at the request of Senor Sagasta, made a report of the state of affairs in his department, which the Premier thought should occupy the first place in the debates of the cabinet.

Senor Gullon read a report of the text of President McKinley's message. After referring to the President's previous messages, which was considered necessary in order to fill up the gaps in the political summary, it was decided that the paragraphs read were sufficient for the cabinet to affirm that the Government refuses to acknowledge the right of the United States to interfere in Cuba, adding:

"The declarations in the message are incompatible with the sovereignty and rights of the nation and are an interference in the international affairs of this country."

The Spanish Government, however, expressed the opinion that it is not called upon to take action until the recommendations of President McKinley have become specific acts. Thus it is considered by the Spaniards here that matters are practically as they were before the message was sent to Congress, and the opinion is expressed in official circles that neither the message nor last night's cabinet meeting has changed the prospects of peace.

The Spanish Government considers that, apart from its solemn affirmation of Spain's rights as a nation, the Ministers are not called upon to make any declaration so long as the resolutions of Congress or the initiative of President McKinley do not lead to concrete acts.

The official note also says:

"A firm consciousness of its rights, united with the resolution to maintain them, will inspire the nation and inspire the Government with the serenity necessary in this difficult moment to direct serenely and defend energetically the sacred interests which are the patrimony of the Spanish race."

The Minister of War, General Correo, and the Minister of Marine, Admiral Bermejo, submitted reports relating to the measures taken towards mobilizing all the forces of the country.

The Minister of Finance, Senor Puigcergevi, read a decree already drawn up, relative to the national subscription to increase the strength of the fleet.

FLYING SQUADRON SAILS TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—It is officially announced that the flying squadron sails this afternoon on a forty-eight hours' practice cruise.

It is the impression at the Navy Department, however, that the squadron will go outside of the capes and there await any further orders which may be sent to it by a dispatch boat.

The flying squadron, in command of Commodore Schley, left Old Point at 2:20 this afternoon under sealed orders. The warships proceeded slowly toward the capes.

IN THE SENATE.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The reading of the Foreign Relations Committee's report in the Senate occupied thirty minutes. Mr. Hoar demanded that the resolution lie over under the rules until to-morrow. The Vice-President reserved his decision on the point of order.

Mr. Foraker yielded to Mr. Turpie.

Mr. Hoar demanded to know what the pending question was.

Mr. Turpie presented a minority report from the Foreign Affairs Committee.

The minority report is very brief and recognizes in so many words the independence of the Republic of Cuba. It is signed by Senator Foraker, Republican, and by Senators Morgan, Turpie, Mills and Daniel, Democrats. The other six members of the Committee support the majority report and the proposition to eliminate the recognition of the present government.

No demonstration of any kind occurred either upon the floor or in the galleries during the reading of the report of the committee.

The report made a deep impression. It is regarded as a powerful, almost bitter, arraignment of Spain.

At the conclusion of the reading of the report, Mr. Foraker (Ohio) was recognized.

It looks as if the conservative Senators would delay the Cuban resolution by debate. Senator Davis said there was no disposition to unduly press the question though it would be pressed as rapidly as possible. The speaking in itself would be sufficient to throw the case over until to-morrow.

The chair decided Senator Hoar's point of order well taken.

Senator Lodge in a speech declared Lee had advised the Foreign Relations Committee against recognizing the insurgent's government.

All Cuban resolutions have gone over in the Senate, but talk on Cuba continues nevertheless.

Notwithstanding the decision of the Vice-President, Senator Foraker proceeded to discuss the Cuban question on its general merits. Mr. Foraker read from the President's message, which he regarded in many respects very highly. He said that it was manifest that the Foreign Committee's reports were the masterly work of the chairman, Mr. Davis. He then carefully reviewed and analyzed the resolutions presented by the committee. He said a scrutiny of the resolutions would reveal the fact that there was a difference of opinion between the President and the committee. He said he had signed the report of the minority, for

(Continued on page 2.)

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54,408, third capital prize	500 00
96,379, fourth capital prize	250 00
95,859	125 00
48,855	125 00
1,222	50 00
16,169	50 00
67,775	50 00
77,939	50 00
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FIRST BATTLE FOR CUBA IS WAGED IN THE HOUSE.

(Continued from page 1.)

the recognition of the Cuban Republic, "and I stand here to defend it."

Mr. Foraker said that while there were differences of opinion in the committee, all were agreed that the Cubans should have freedom and independence. He said the committee had differed from the President because it believed that the time for action had come. They had grave doubts as to the right to confer on the President the war-making power, which was contingent upon complying with the President's request.

After recognizing the right of the people of Cuba to be free, it was a presumption for the United States to establish a government for them, as the President proposed.

Mr. Foraker declared that if a people be free and independent, as announced by the majority resolution, they and they alone had the right to determine their form of government.

Mr. Foraker then took up the question as to whether the Cubans were entitled to recognition, reviewing some of the reasons for this act. The whole country and the whole world knew that for more than three years war had been in progress and in all that time Spain had been uniformly unsuccessful. Spain could never retain her lost sovereignty. All the world knew that bloody, cruel and destructive war was being waged on the island. Diplomacy and autonomy had alike failed to gain Spain's purpose on the island.

Following diplomacy, the Spaniards had resorted to the horrible scheme of concentration and starvation, thereby shocking the entire civilized world. Yet all these efforts of Spain had been in vain. While the insurgents were better equipped and more active than ever before, the Spanish army had dwindled from 250,000 to 60,000 active soldiers, and these were kept in garrisons, afraid to venture out over night lest old Gomez should capture and carry them off.

Senator Pettus introduced a bill declaring war against the Kingdom of Spain.

Mr. Foraker in his speech discussed at length the various branches of the Cuban Republic's Government showing that the financial, school, and postal systems were, in his opinion, most excellent in all respects.

He further maintained that the recognition of the Cuban Republic would secure to this country the assistance of Maximo Gomez and his splendid army. The insurgents themselves, with the advantages which they would have by recognition, would drive the Spaniards from the island.

Senator Elkins interrupted to ask what would happen if Gomez should take the island.

Mr. Foraker replied that the independence of the Cuban Republic in that event would be secured.

He further declared that he regarded anything short of recognition of independence of the Republic merely a conquest of territory.

In response to another inquiry by Mr. Elkins, Mr. Foraker said that if the United States should take Cuba by intermeddling we would become responsible for the Cuban bonds.

"Who holds these bonds?" somebody inquired.

"They are held," replied Mr. Foraker, "largely in Germany, largely in France and (this he said with significant emphasis, largely in the United States."

Mr. Foraker sair his only hesitancy had been between a declaration of war and the recognition of independence.

The Senate has adjourned.

SPAIN'S GUILT.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The report of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations on the Cuban situation was made by Senator Davis, chairman of that Committee, and was a very thorough review of the entire situation and a strong presentation of facts which has led the Committee to its conclusions. The report takes up the Maine disaster as the leading topic for consideration and plunges into that question in its first sentence, which is as follows:

"The destruction of the United States battleship Maine, of two of her officers and 264 of her crew in the harbor of Havana on the night of February 15, 1898, excited to an unprecedented degree the compassion and resentment of the American people."

Continuing, the report says: "Manifestations of that resentment were suspended, although the feeling was not allayed by the self-restraint of our people, who determined to hold their judgment in suspense concerning their ultimate action until an official investigation should disclose the cause of that great disaster and enable them by direct or circumstantial testimony to impute the responsibility therefor.

"That investigation has been made. It was conducted with judicial thoroughness and deliberation. The difficulty of demonstrating by conclusive proof the efficient personal cause of that sinister event was the usual one of exposing plotted and mysterious crimes. No such difficulty, however, obscures its official and responsible cause."

The Committee says that the explosion itself of the Maine was linked with a series of precedent transactions which cannot in reason be disconnected from it.

"With animus by Spain so plainly apparent that no one can even plausibly deny its existence, it is merely one reason for the conclusion to which the investigating mind must come in considering the entire subject of the relations of the United States with that Government. It is the opinion of your committee that the destruction of the Maine was compassed either by the official act of the Spanish authorities or was made possible by a negligence on their part so willing and gross as to be equivalent in culpability to positive criminal action.

"When property and life are destroyed by an act which the exercise of diligence by the person whose duty it is to use it should have prevented, the happening of such an event is sufficient proof that that diligence was not employed.

"The time of the explosion itself must have been calculated for the moment when the Maine should swing within the destruction radius of the mine."

Concluding this portion of its presentation, the Committee says:

"The duplicity, perfidy and cruelty of the Spanish character, as they always have been, are demonstrated still to continue by their manifestations during the present war in Cuba. All these circumstances, considered cumulatively, warrant the conclusion that the destruction of the Maine was compassed either by the official act of the Spanish authorities (and the uncertainment of the particular person is not material) or was made possible by a negligence on their part, so willing and gross as to be equivalent in culpability to positive criminal action."

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THE NICTHEROY PURCHASED.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 13.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says:

"Admission is made at the Navy Department that the Brazilian cruiser Nictheroy has been purchased, subject to an inspection by a naval committee to be appointed by Minister Bryan.

"The Nictheroy, which is equipped with a dynamite gun, will, naval authorities say, be available for siege duty provided she is still in good condition. The Nictheroy was built at Newport News five years ago, and sold to Brazil six months after her completion, being converted for that Government into a man-of-war. She is a steel vessel of 7,080 tons displacement, and her one screw propels her at the rate of nineteen knots an hour. Her engines and boilers are protected by coal, and her armament consists of one 15-inch pneumatic dynamite gun, one 4-inch quick firing gun, two 3.9-inch quick firers, eight 6-pounders, ten 1-pounders and four Howell torpedo tubes. By the terms of the contract under which she will be sold to this Government, she will be delivered at any point on the coast of the United States that the department may designate.

"There has been some talk in naval circles of holding the Nictheroy at Rio Janeiro until the arrival of the battleship Oregon and the gunboat Marietta at that point, so that they may shift a crew to her and convoy her to Key West. These vessels, however, will not reach Rio in less than twenty-four days, and if war were to be declared in the meantime and the Nictheroy had become the property of this Government, Brazil would be compelled to refuse to deliver her.

"If the Nictheroy should leave Rio and war should be declared a few days after her departure, the officials say, the Spanish Government might send the torpedo boat Temerario, which is still at Montevideo, after the American ship in order to seize her as contraband of war, and should she resist the Spaniard would make an effort to sink her. The department has determined, however, that it is to the interest of this Government to have the vessel delivered in America before the sale is confirmed, and by this means it is believed we cannot possibly suffer loss."

NO LETTERS TO PRIVATEERS.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The present policy of the State Department is in full accord with the precedents established by former administrations and the general granting of letters of marque to privateers will not be advocated in case of war with Spain," says the Washington correspondent of the Herald.

"While no authoritative statement can be obtained on the subject, it is certain the administration believes intervention in Cuba can be secured if Congress acts in accordance with the recommendations contained in the President's message, within the strict limits of international law, by reason of damages sustained by citizens of the United States in the Island of Cuba and by the United States itself in the loss of the Maine.

"The delegation to the President of the right to intervene would be in line with the powers granted in the cases of Algiers and Tripoli, and would carry, as incidental to it, the right to grant letters of marque and reprisal and to use the Government war vessels for purposes of reprisal, without giving Spain a just cause for a declaration of war and without constituting an act of war upon the part of the United States."

SPAIN SENDING ANOTHER FLEET.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 13.—A dispatch to the Herald from St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, says:

"The second Spanish torpedo flotilla is expected daily by the officers of the torpedo boats now in port. Portuguese war vessels are expected to arrive here within a very short time.

"The Governor of the Cape Verde Islands has arrived here from the capital, Porto Praya. It is said, on good authority, that he will remain here until he is officially advised that the differences between the United States and Spain have been satisfactorily settled. The name of the transport with the torpedo boats is the Ciudad de Cadiz."

TWO BIG LINERS FOR THE NAVY.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Navy Department has decided to buy the Trans-Atlantic liners St. Paul and St. Louis. The vessels at present belong to the American line and under the terms of the subsidy act are at the disposal of the Government in times of emergency.

The department has decided to purchase the Brazilian cruiser Nictheroy if she proves satisfactory to the board of inspection which will examine her. This cruiser rendered a fine account of herself in the Mello revolution in Brazil. There is also under consideration the purchase of another auxiliary cruiser from a list of three or four whose merits are known, the Yorktown of the old Dominion line being especially well regarded.

It is understood that Captain Sigsbee, the Maine's commander, will be assigned to the command of either the St. Louis or the St. Paul, but no orders to this effect have been issued and no official confirmation can be had. Captain Sigsbee was seen but said that he had not been consulted or advised on the matter.

POWERS CAN'T INTERVENE.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

LONDON, April 13.—The Spanish Premier, Senor Sagasta, in an interview this morning said, according to a special dispatch this morning said, according to a special dispatch from Madrid, that he thought the Powers could not do more than they have already done in the way of intervention.

The afternoon newspapers of this city unanimously express the opinion that both the United States and Spain are heading straight for war. There is also a disposition to blame President McKinley for his alleged indecision.

LEO APPEALS TO FRANCIS JOSEPH.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

LONDON, April 13.—A special dispatch from Rome announces that the Pope has again telegraphed to Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria begging him to use his influence with the other sovereigns in behalf of peace between the United States and Spain.

A VOICE FROM ST. PETERSBURG.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.—The semi-official Journal De St. Petersburg, contends that the concluding passage of President McKinley's message to Congress precludes the possibility of military action upon the part of the President of the United States, taking the ground that the passage referred to recognizes Spain's armistice and that the armistice "suspends hostilities, which is the object the United States had in view."

HARD FIGHTING EXPECTED.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

CHICAGO, April 13.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says:

"Spain's two cruisers, the Vizcaya and Almirante Oquendo, which recently arrived at Porto Rico from Havana, have sailed from Porto Rico. It is understood their destination is the Cape Verde Islands.

"In withdrawing the armored cruisers Vizcaya and Almirante Oquendo from Western waters, Spain has acted in a manner which is approved by naval experts when thinking of her interests. At the Cape Verde Islands they will join the armored cruisers Cristobal Colon and the Infanta Maria Teresa, which are en route to that place, and the first torpedo boat flotilla, which, it is officially stated, consists of the transport steamer Ciudad de Cadiz, the torpedo boat destroyers Furor, Terror and Pluton and the torpedo boats Ariete, Azor and Rayon.

"It is appreciated by the officials that the union of the four armored cruisers and the flotilla makes a formidable force, but it is, of course, impossible to prevent it at this time. It had been hoped by the officials that the American fleet would be able to catch and destroy the Vizcaya and Oquendo before they could join the Spanish fleet, and it is admitted that Spain acted with good judgment in directing them to proceed to the Cape Verde Islands.

"It is admitted by the authorities that Spain has at her disposal a force which will prevent the American navy from gaining an easy victory, and if war should break out some hard fighting may be expected."

NO NEWS COMES FROM CUBA.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

KEY WEST, April 13.—Agents of the Cuban insurgents are trying to communicate the probable action of Congress to their associates in the field. They may get news across the gulf by means of a boat from other parts. No vessels are leaving Key West for Havana, and none have arrived from there. Though cable messages are sent, no answers are received. Nothing has been received since Lee's departure from Havana on Saturday night.

THE CABLE INTERRUPTED.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The cable connection to Havana via Key West was interrupted at an early hour this morning. The cable officials in this city were at a loss to account for the happening. Messages were forwarded to Havana via Kingston, Jamaica, it being assumed that the lines between Kingston and Havana remain uninterrupted.

Later in the day the Havana cable via Key West became all right, and all messages could be transmitted in that way.

LEE DECLINES A RECEPTION.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—At 10 o'clock today a joint committee from the Union Veteran League and the Confederate Veteran Association of the District of Columbia called on Consul-General Lee at the Shoreham Hotel and invited him to attend a public reception to be given in his honor at an early day.

In response the General said he would rather not have a reception.

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1115 to 1123 WASHINGTON ST. OAKLAND CAL.

He said he thought it unwise to appear in so public a manner. To an appeal from an old comrade that he could afford to surrender once in his life, especially to his friends and admirers, the General finally consented to hold the matter in abeyance until 10:30 o'clock tomorrow when he would give the Committee his answer. Several members of the Committee afterwards expressed the opinion that the General should not appear in this public way at this time. His appearance, they said, might be misinterpreted and give rise to criticism. It is altogether probable that the reception will not be be held.

During the Committee's conference with General Lee, Senor Palma, the head of the Cuban Junta in New York, and Senor Quesada, its Washington representative, were introduced. The General shook hands with them in a formal way, but said nothing.

At noon General Lee visited the Navy Department at the invitation of the Strategic Board, with whom he consulted. He was with the Strategic Board until 1:15 o'clock. At the conclusion of the meeting it was stated by those present that General Lee and the members of the Board had gone over the entire question of offensive and defensive movements in the event of hostilities but no details of course were obtained.

HOW BRICE MADE HIS ESCAPE.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 13.—United States Consul Alexander C. Brice, who has just arrived here on the steamer Hermann from Matanzas, speaking of the steps that led to his departure from his post in Cuba, said:

"On April 5th I was notified by General Lee, who sent a special messenger with the dispatch, to be ready to leave Matanzas at a moment's notice, and that when I received the signal agreed upon I was to lose no time in getting away, and to be sure that I did not go by the way of Havana. He also instructed me to notify the consuls at Sagua, Cienfuegos and Santiago de Cuba to be ready to leave the country on short notice.

"The feeling against the Americans has been most bitter of late, and, just at the time I received General Lee's message, it was particularly so on account of the provisions that had arrived on the steamer Utstein. The captain was the worst scared man I ever saw.

"The Spaniards jeered and spat at the crew and with the utmost difficulty were restrained from doing them bodily harm. They came to me and I told them they had better stay on the steamer and get out of the harbor as soon as possible. They hurried the unloading of nearly 500 tons of supplies which the steamer had brought and sailed on Monday. I began at once to distribute the supplies among the starving reconcentrados and had already issued tickets to 5,000, which, with their families, represented about 25,000 people in the city alone. There are about 50,000 starving in the province.

"I kept on handing out the provisions as fast as I could, although I had received notice that the volunteers were going to kill me and drag me through the streets, and the governor, Francisco de Aramas, sent a messenger to my office, warning me to desist from issuing any further supplies and to lock up and go home. I did not follow his instructions but kept at work.

"Last Thursday evening about 5 o'clock, after I had finished my work and was sitting at home alone, I received a telegram from General Lee which read as follows:

"'Brice:—Funds for American citizens exhausted. 'LEE.'

"That was the signal agreed upon, and when I received the message I knew I must act quickly. It was Holy Thursday and there were no vehicles to be had on the streets. I hurried out afoot and, after a while, found Mr. Brinkerhoff and Mr. Delgado and notified them of the news. We got together and talked the matter over, and, after some discussion, decided that the only way we could get out of the city alive was to go by stealth. Mr. Brinkerhoff and myself went to the Governor's palace to get a gendarmes to vise our passports, and, when we told him we were going to leave, he asked how we were going to do it.

"I told him of our plans and to show what control the Governor had over the city, and what protection he could guarantee anyone, he answered, 'That's right. Slip out as quietly as you can.' We then began to pack up what effects we could gather together hurriedly and made our final arrangements.

"Luckily, the Jarlsberg happened to be in port taking on a cargo of sugar, and at the time I received General Lee's final warning she had gotten her clearance papers and was all ready to leave. I sent word out to the captain to wait for us, as it was our only chance of getting away. At 10 o'clock we left the city one by one and went two miles up the Yumuri river, where we loaded our baggage on a small boat and getting in ourselves, floated down the river and out into the bay.

"Here's where the funny part comes in. We had been told that there was only one steamer in the harbor and what do you suppose we did? Ran smack up against a Spanish steamer, the Saturnina, and had part of our baggage and ourselves on board before we found out our mistake.

"The captain was not on board and we only saw two sailors, but you can bet that we got off that ship without losing any time. We finally got safely aboard the Jarlsberg and at midnight steamed out of the harbor and then all breathed a sigh of relief. Had there been an inkling that we were going to leave, every one of us would have been corpses.

"I turned over all my papers to the British Consul, John J. Decosta, before leaving and also placed in his hands the authority to continue the distribution of the supplies I had been unable to dispose of. I brought the American flag that we used at the consulate, however."

Mr. Brice said that there were 350 Americans left behind in Matanzas and that their lives were in the greatest peril.

"I asked for a ship to come and take them away," he said, "but none was sent and God knows what will become of them now. Relief ought to be sent to them and at once. The day before I left, twenty-five of them, men and women, came to me and begged me for God's sake to take them out of the country. I told them I could do nothing for them, for I had spent all my money in helping the reconcentrados and had to borrow some to come away with."

SPAIN BUYING AMUNITION.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Information has reached here showing that the Spanish government is making extraordinary efforts to obtain all the munitions of war possible. She recently gave one of the most prominent English firms unlimited orders for all munitions of war it could deliver up to the first of May.

HOUSE COMMITTEE FAILS TO AGREE.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The House Committee on Foreign Affairs went into session at 10:20 o'clock this morning. Representatives Dinsmore, Clark, Williams and Berry of the Democrats were present.

It was expected that a final agreement would be reached and the Committee report to the House probably within two hours after the opening of to-day's session. Just before the full committee got together, the Democrats held a private meeting and decided on what they would stand out for. The Democratic members of both the Senate and House Committees were in close communication throughout the meeting. The Democratic members before going into the meeting expressed the opinion that there would be no change in their attitude of insisting upon immediate intervention and recognition of the Cuban insurgents. At 11:15 o'clock the Committee took a recess until 1 o'clock. The Republicans were agreed and the recess was taken to allow the Democrats to consult the leaders with the hope that unanimous action might be had.

Representative Dinsmore, the leading minority member of the committee, was deputied to get together a number of Representatives, Democrats and Populists and the silver men from the floor to consult with them as to their following the policy the minority may adopt.

Representative McMillan of Tennessee, Sayres of, Texas, Cochran and Dockery of Missouri, of the Democrats, Bell of Colorado of the Populists, and Hartman of Montana, of the Silver Republicans, were among those called. They immediately went into the meeting of the minority and began an earnest deliberation over the Democratic Cuban policy in the House.

There was much difference apparent in reconciling their views, and at 11:30 a minority member said the Democrats hoped to have an agreement early but intimated there was still trouble ahead. Representative Bailey of Texas, the floor leader of the Democrats, made a long and earnest appeal for united action on a strong party policy. Representative Shafroth of Colorado, Silver Republican, and other Democrats joined in the conference.

GEN. LEE TESTIFIES.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations did not begin business until 11 o'clock and the meeting was understood to be merely formal, as the essential work of preparing its report and formulating the resolutions to be presented had been practically completed yesterday.

There were some additions to the report on account of General Lee's testimony, but these were not material, as his statements did not add anything to the committee's real stock of information. It was felt, however, that his statement would be valuable in rounding out and completing the report and in supporting the committee's position. His opinions were in line with those of the majority of the committee and were highly valued.

The statement in General Lee's testimony which had an influence with the more radical pro-Cuban members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations was to the effect that the present Cuban government was a government on paper only. He said, however, that he had not real facts on the subject and that this was merely an opinion.

General Lee also said that it was not true that the lights in Havana went out on the night of the explosion.

CONCENTRATING THE TROOPS.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

CHICAGO, April 13.—The Twenty-fifth Infantry, commanded by Colonel Andrew Burt, arrived in Chicago today over the Great Western Road and left over the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, bound for Chickamauga.

MORE VESSELS FOR THE NAVY.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The coast survey steamers Patterson, McArthur and Gedney, and the Fish Commission steamer Albatross have been turned over to the Navy Department for service in case of need.

MINORITY IS DEFEATED.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Later it transpired that the House minority report was defeated by a vote of 150 to 191.

Thursday, April 14th

Thirty-third Anniversary of the

Assassination of ABRAHAM LINCOLN

We shall present to our customers a reprint of the New York Herald of the day following the sad event, giving a narrative of that eventful night in Washington.

COPY FREE! THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY.

KAHN BROS.

THREE RAILROAD MEN ARE KILLED IN A COLLISION

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., April 13.—Between Bourbon and Leesburg, Mo., today, two freight trains on the St. Louis and San Francisco met in head-end collision, killing Engineer Vurbreck, Fireman Pollock, and Head Brakeman James.

DIED SUDDENLY.

Mrs. J. Allen, who lives with her husband, eight miles south of Livermore, died suddenly at her home this morning. A child was born three weeks ago and for ten days after the child's birth, Mrs. Allen was treated by Dr. Bellamy of Livermore.

This morning Mrs. Allen suddenly complained of pains between the shoulders. Dr. Bellamy was summoned, but before he arrived, she was dead. As the physician had not seen her for two weeks he refused to sign a death certificate, so Coroner Baldwin will hold an inquest on the remains tomorrow.

THE FACTS OF THE HALSEY KILLING.

Rodgers' Examination Takes Place Before Judge Lawrence

The preliminary examination of Stacey Rodgers for the killing of Edward E. Halsey, was resumed this morning before Judge Lawrence in East Oakland.

Arthur Wilmott testified to having gone to Haines' house with Rodgers on the day of the shooting, when Halsey was killed.

Dr. Buteau described the wound that had been inflicted, and showed that its location and the course the bullet had taken, using Chief Deputy District Attorney Church as a subject.

The pistol with which the shooting had been done was introduced and was identified by Detective Hodgkins and Officer Curtiss.

The clothes of the murdered man were then introduced and identified by Haines, who also testified to the fact of Rodgers going to the house, of Halsey's going out to meet him at the door, and of Halsey's being shot, when he had nothing in his honds. Haines said that when Halsey was falling, he tumbled against him and threw (him) Halsey to the floor.

Louis Cardosa Is Dead.

The announcement this morning that Louis Cardoza was dead created a great deal of interest in police circles. Cardosa is better known as "Kid Lulu" and was one of the ring leaders of the "fish" and "sporting life" gangs when those gangs were in a more flourishing condition than they are at present.

Cardosa was born in San Francisco of Italian parents, 27 years ago and first became known to the police when he was fourteen years of age. At that time he was arrested in this city for petit larceny. Since then he has frequently been in trouble and was known as one of the most dangerous members of the "fish" gang. When the "fish" gang was broken up several years ago, "Kid Lulu" became a member of the "sporting life" gang.

He was one of the witnesses in the recent trial of Boulchly Perata, Barney Nolan, Bill Viers, and William Marsh, all members of the "sporting life" gang, for assaulting Mrs. Lizzie James.

Cardoza died this morning of consumption at his home at Third and Filbert streets.

F. Adams Insolvent.

F. Adams, the attorney, has gone into insolvency, his liabilities amounting to $2,660, the property exempt from execution being valued at $450.

Sentence Postponed.

Judge Ogden postponed the sentencing of William Marsh for one week. This is the sixth continuance in the matter.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—Black and tan foxhound. Apply Fred Jepsen, expressman, Thirteenth and Broadway.

WANTED—An apprentice to learn tailoring; must understand how to sew. Call at once at 506 Eighth st.

TO LET—A sunny, pleasant front room; suitable for gentleman; in private family; good locality; references exchanged. Inquire 1224 Franklin near Fifteenth.

GIRL wants situation to do general housework; wages $15 to $20; references if required. Call at 487 Twenty-fifth st.

WANTED—By a Swedish girl, a situation to do general housework in private family. Address M. S., box 5, this office.

FOR RENT—Fine modern two story eight room house just completed; three blocks to Broadway and local trains. Alden-Garfield Co., 902 Broadway.

FATHER GLORIA SUFFERS FROM HEART FAILURE.

While offering the sacrifice of the Mass, in the Catholic Church of St. Joseph, on Chestnut street near Seventh street, this morning, Rev. Father Gloria, the pastor, was stricken with heart failure, and fell insensible to the floor.

The body inclined backward in the fall, the head striking heavily on the edge of one of the altar steps, and a gash in the scalp, several inches long, was the result.

The fall rendered the clergyman unconscious, and as soon as assistance could be procured, the clergyman was removed to the pastoral residence which adjoins the church on the north, where he was attended by Doctors H. S. and W. W. Kergan. The scalp wound was sewed, restoratives were applied, and finally the priest regained consciousness. He was weak, however, but the physicians announced at last accounts that he was getting along in a very satisfactory manner.

The attack was due to over-work.

DIED.

HUMPHREY—In East Oakland, April 12, 1898, Mae E., formerly Mae Richmond of Sacramento, beloved wife of George W. Humphrey, sister of Mrs. Maude Murphy and Frank Williams of Sacramento, a native of Ohio, aged 22 years, 5 months and 6 days. (Sacramento papers please copy.)

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral TOMORROW (Thursday), at 1 o'clock P. M., from Asbury M. E. Church South, corner of Fifteenth and Clay streets. Interment, Mountain View Cemetery.

C. W. Kinsey, Dealer in Fine New and Second-Hand Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, Etc.

"Modern" furniture bought or exchanged. Auction sales on premises. Call and see us. 462-464 Thirteenth street.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Mary Corbett, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Mary Corbett, deceased, and for the issuance to Edward Cavanagh of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, April 13th, 1898.

emfwypydfi-fosirdlshrdlsrt

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.

By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

CALIFORNIA BANK.

Masonic Temple Building, Corner Twelfth and Washington Streets, Oakland.

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JOHN W. PHILLIPS.......Vice President
FRANK H. BROOKS..............Cashier

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To enjoy the day properly you must order your Sunday dinner from

L. C. BEEM,

New City Market,

S. E. Cor. 12th and Washington Sts.

TELEPHONE 256

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First National Bank of Oakland

Northeast corner Tenth and Broadway.

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BUSINESS PERSONALS

KLONDIKE — A company, at present building their own boat to go to Klondike have a few shares of stock left to dispose of; stockholders entitled to free transportation; cost of stock less than regular fare to Klondike. For particulars, inquire of Louis Jurgens, shoe dealer, 573 Broadway.

SOSPITA office 523 Seventeenth st.; office hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; agents wanted.

NOTICE—The Smith House, 836 Broadway, formerly the St. Paul, has changed hands, and is now being run by its owner, Mrs. Rufus Smith, as a first class lodging house; it has been thoroughly renovated and re-furnished; terms reasonable.

FURNITURE WANTED — We will give you more cash for your furniture and household goods than you can get anywhere. J. A. Munro & Co., 1517-19 Park st., Alameda, general auctioneers, Tel. red-423.

ATTORNEYS.

C. H. TEBBS, Attorney-at-Law, 1003½ Broadway, rooms 26-27.

HAROLD L. MARTIN and W. J. ROBINSON, Attorneys-at-Law, 921 Broadway, room 15.

BREARTY & WHITE, Attorneys-at-Law, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

BROOKS & HARGIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Parrott bldg., San Francisco. Telephone Jessie 601.

A. L. & P. C. BLACK—Attorneys-at-Law. Room No. 6, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.; with John Yule.

PHILIP M. WALSH, Attorney-at-Law, City Justices' Court building, S. E. corner Broadway and Eighth sts.

GEORGE W. LANGAN, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Livermore, Cal.; practices in all courts.

BEN F. WOOLNER, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law and Notary Public. 1003½ Broadway, rooms 7 and 8.

CLINTON G. DODGE, rooms 15 and 16, 906 Broadway.

FOX & GRAY, Attorneys-at-Law, Pacific Mutual building, entrance 6, fourth floor, San Francisco.

FRICK & GOODCELL, Attorneys-at-Law, Blake & Moffitt building, rooms 49-52.

GEORGE E. DE GOLIA, 967 Broadway, northeast corner of Ninth st., Oakland, room 2, telephone No. 88.

JOHNSON & SHAW, Law Office, 921 Broadway, rooms 2, 3 and 5.

MELVIN C. CHAPMAN, Attorney-at-Law, has removed to 905 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

SNOOK & CHURCH, Attorneys-at-Law, room 5, District Attorney's office, Court House.

NYE & KINSELL, Attorneys-at-Law, 861 Broadway.

R. M. FITZGERALD, Attorney-at-Law, 554½ Broadway, rooms 1 and 2, Oakland.

SAMUEL BELL McKEE JR., Attorney-at-Law, 957 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Half interest in placer mining claim situated on Bird creek, Turnagain arm, near Sunrise City, Cook's Inlet, Alaska; buyer to go with seller and work claim. For particulars apply or address Alaska, 103 South Park, San Francisco.

FOR SALE — Fine wardrobe of ladies' dresses. Inquire room 8, Brunswick Hotel.

KLONDIKE OUTFIT for sale at reasonable figure. Enquire at 586 Twentieth st.

SOME NEW CARPETS for sale cheap. 735 Telegraph ave.

TELEGRAPH AVE. Lot 60x140; will trade for cottage. King's 457 Ninth st., near Broadway; telephone blue 842.

A FULL LINE of Easter cards and unique Easter gifts may be had at the Woman's Industrial Exchange, 557 Twelfth st.

NOTICE—During our sale we will not buy any goods; every article offered must go; furniture and general household articles. 408 Eleventh st; telephone blue 852; H. Schellhaas' old store.

WANTED—A buyer for a lot of second hand furniture, garden tools, baby carriage, safety bicycle, store truck and three show cases; cheap for cash; must be sold. Call 825 San Pablo ave., corner Twenty-first st.

BARGAINS—Sofa, $1; baby carriage, $2.50; meat safe, $1.50; dish cupboard, $2; wash stand, $1; wheelbarrow, $1.50; chiffonier, $3.50; bed lounge in good order, $2.50; black walnut crib and spring mattress, $4; bedstead and woven wire mattress, $6; kitchen table, $1; safety bicycle, $5; bass drum, $5; store truck, $4; 3 show cases. 825 San Pablo ave. cor. Twenty-third st.

OAKLAND BICYCLE DEALERS

WOLFF AMERICAN high art cycles; first class repairing. Starratt Bros., 423 Twelfth st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—In Oakland, or on narrow gauge cars, lady's black lace scarf. Return to this office; reward.

LOST—Fox terrier, answering to name "Barney." Finder return to 1210 Harrison st. and receive suitable reward.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

COTTON BROS. & CO., bridge builders and general contractors, engineers and builders of all kinds of bridge work; pile driving and wharf building. 478½ Tenth st., Oakland; telephone 813.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT

TO LET—Sunny front rooms; can be arranged for housekeeping; references. 869 Washington.

THE QUESTION is so often asked, why is it that the Brunswick Hotel is always full. I will tell you why. First, my rooms are all nice and sunny; my house is kept scrupulously clean and well furnished, and I take only strictly respectable people. Mrs. M. Lamb, proprietress. Cor. Ninth and Washington.

ONLY $6—Large sunny front rooms on Broadway; suitable for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; in a select family rooming house. 618 Broadway.

IF YOU are thinking of moving and want a nice, sunny room, I shall have two suits vacant in a few days. Call and see me at the Brunswick Hotel. Mrs. M. Lamb, proprietress.

FURNISHED ROOM, with two beds, for rent; reasonable. 762 Eighteenth st.

FOR RENT—Large, handsome front bay window suit; first floor; sunny. Brunswick Hotel, cor. Ninth and Washington streets.

FOR RENT — Nicely furnished sunny rooms; can be arranged for light housekeeping, at 1260 Franklin st. near narrow gauge depot.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let; complete for housekeeping; three rooms and bath; $8. 1159 Seventh, Adeline station.

TO RENT—Sunny furnished room at 1131 Chestnut st.; suitable for dressmaker, stenographer or lady clerk; references required.

ELEGANTLY furnished rooms; moderate rent; central location. The Pleasanton, 1162 Washington st. near Fourteenth.

TRUNKS MOVED, 25c each. 424 Tenth st.

ROOMS WANTED.

FURNISHED ROOM wanted by gentleman, in private family; sociability of a home desired; must be first class and first class location; references. Address F. G., box 5, this office.

WANTED—Office rooms about 10x10, on first floor, for real estate and insurance business. Enquire 1018 Washington st., Clerks' Exchange.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

TO RENT—Four nice, sunny, unfurnished rooms; corner Tenth and Webster sts.; $8 for two rooms. Apply at French Bakery, cor. Tenth and Webster.

HALLS TO LET.

GRAND ARMY HALL to let. Apply to C. Jurgens, 1116 Broadway.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

FOR RENT — Two furnished cottages, with two bedroom suits and bath in each. Address 1465 Seventh st.

FOR SALE—Lodging house doing a fine business; rent $35, including water; owner going to the mines. Address B. B., box 1, this office.

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT—A two story seven room house; all latest improvements; situated in the most beautiful part of Fruitvale on Hyde st. near Belmont, between Fruitvale and Peralta aves. H. Boyer, Hyde st., Fruitvale.

FOR SALE—$800; four room modern cottage with bay window, bath, hot and cold water; six foot basement; brick foundation; ordered sold by non-resident owners; terms to suit; photograph and plan of interior arrangements sent free on application to R. J. Montgomery, 1112 Broadway, Oakland.

FOR SALE—Cottage, five rooms, lot 50x200, in Haywards; twenty cherry trees; value $1,500; will sell at $1,100; $500 cash, balance on time. W. P. Crane, box 75, Haywards, Cal.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A nearly new, nine room modern cottage; high basement; stationary washtubs; with lot 50x150 feet; sunny exposure; not far distant from local train and within one block of electric car line; price $4,000; a mortgage may be assumed; would take for the equity in the property unincumbered lots near Dwight way station, Berkeley. Albert Schmidt, 620 East Twelfth st., East Oakland.

OFFICE TO RENT.

SUNNY OFFICES and rooms to let, with or without board; reasonable rates. 1116 Broadway.

STORES FOR RENT.

STORE FOR RENT—Fine brick store and cement basement 25x100; reasonable rent; on Twelfth st. near Broadway. C. K. Marshall, 1118 Broadway.

MEDICAL.

A SURE, safe and speedy cure for all female diseases, from whatever cause; a home in confinement, with best possible care, with the privacy of a home and the conveniences of a hospital; those who are sick or discouraged should call on the doctor and state their case; they will find in her a true friend; all consultations free and absolutely confidential; a positive cure for the liquor, morphine and tobacco habit; every case guaranteed. Mrs. Dr. Gwyer, 236 Turk, San Francisco.

A BLESSING to ladies suffering from irregularities and diseases peculiar to their sex; latest improved method of treatment; never fails; perfectly harmless; free from any bad effects; never makes them sick to make them well; travelers helped immediately; prices to suit the times; home in confinement. Dr. and Mrs. Davies, 59 McAllister st., corner McAllister st.; consult free. French regulating pink pills, $2.

DR. C. C. O'DONNELL—Office and residence, 1206 Market st., San Francisco; office hours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M.; particular attention paid to diseases of women and children.

OCULISTS.

HAYWARD G. THOMAS, M. D.; office Central Bank building, Fourteenth and Broadway; hours 10 to 4.

HAIR DRESSERS.

THEATRICAL WIGS—Artistic wig making to order. Mrs. L. C. Marvin, 1159 Washington st.

FOR EXCHANGE.

WILL EXCHANGE San Francisco property for grocery store or restaurant. Address J. B., box 4, this office.

PHYSICIANS' DIRECTORY.

D. D. CROWLEY, M. D., surgeon; office Central block, 1062 Broadway, Oakland.

WANTED—MISCELLANOUS.

WANTED—Black and tan foxhound. Apply Fred Jepson, expressman, Thirteenth and Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED FEMALE.

CLERKS' EXCHANGE—1018 Washington st., Oakland, managed exclusively by Oakland citizens, invites ladies and gentlemen to investigate its facilities to obtain lucrative commercial situations.

COMPETENT SWEDISH GIRL wants a place to do general housework; is a good cook; first class references in Oakland. Call at 715 Jefferson st.

BEST OF PLACES furnished to girls of all nationalities. Germans and Scandinavians especially, at Mrs. Frank's Employment Office, 535 Eleventh bet. Washington and Clay. Tel. 3293 red.

DANISH GIRL wants place in private American family to do plain cooking and housework; Berkeley or Oakland. Please call at 522 Ninth st. near Washington.

WANTED—By a young lady, position at general housework, chamber work, dining room work, or care of children. Enquire or address Maggie Calkins, 840 Linden st.

A COMPETENT WOMAN wants work by the day, washing and ironing and house cleaning. Call at 870 Eighth st.

A RESPECTABLE Swedish woman with child wants a place to do housekeeping. Address 1835 Linden st.

A WOMAN wants situation to do general housework and plain cooking. 957½ Clay st.

SITUATION WANTED by a first class girl to do cooking and general housework; can give the best of references. Apply 515 Ninth st., Oakland.

MRS. CATTELL'S Reliable Employment Bureau; established many years; 525 Eighth st.; only referenced help sent out; German, Scandinavian and all nationalities on hand; male and female; telephone 5291 black.

PRIVATE Employment Office—Mrs. L. C. Marvin, removed to 1159 Washington st.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Experienced nurse between 30 and 40 for baby 14 months old; good home; wages $10. Apply Mrs. Ely, Chatwood st. near Santa Rosa ave.

POSITION WANTED by young lady as attendant in doctor or dentist's office; good references furnished. Address A. T. L., box 2, this office.

EMPLOYERS gladly pay the girls' office fees at the Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st., to get reliable help.

WANTED—Must have them; cash buyers for all kinds of household goods; make yourself at home; come and see us. H. Schellhaas' old store, 408 Eleventh st.

WANTED—Stenographer and bookkeeper, saleslady for crockery store, two salesladies for millinery store, three good seamstresses, five cooks, three second girls, ten girls for general housework; best homes in Oakland. Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st.

SITUATION WANTED by coachman; ten years' experience; thoroughly competent; A-1 horseman; good gardener; strictly sober; city and Eastern references; single. Address N. P. Nelson, 582 Albion st., Oakland.

WANTED—Fifteen or twenty salesladies. Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st., Oakland.

WANTED—A girl between 14 and 16 to assist with housework; no washing; wages from $5 to $7.50. Apply 228 Ninth street.

WANTED—Four good cooks, German or Swedish. Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st., Oakland.

WANTED—Ten girls at once; wages $15 to $20; no fees charged; the best homes in Oakland waiting. Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st.

HELP WANTED—Two cooks, restaurant, wages $30; two nurses, institution, $25; general housework, $25. Mrs. Cattell, 525 Eighth st.

SITUATIONS WANTED--MALE.

A STOUT YOUNG MAN, perfectly sound, excellent reputation, whose knowledge of gold mining covers the whole ground, wants some one to take him to Alaska. Address Chas. P. Morgan, 1836½ Seventh st., Oakland, Cal.

AN AMBITIOUS young man wants a position to care for yard and horse, for board and lodging, while attending school. Address A. E. Pearson, 119 Ninth st., San Francisco.

WANTED—Place for a coachman; Oakland references; you will get the best coachman, gardener, etc., at the Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st.

ALL KINDS of Japanese help furnished at short notice at 535 Eleventh st. Tel. 3293 red.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — Salesman syrup and wine, doorman furniture house, man for lunch counter, stableman, buggy washer, stationary engineer, young man for general merchandise store. Clerks' Exchange, 1018 Washington st.

WANTED—Men in Alameda and adjoining counties to act as private detectives under instructions; experience unnecessary. Address Universal Detective Agency, Indianapolis, Ind.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Two canvassers. Call at 8 A. M. at 510 Thirteenth st.

WANTED — General agent to establish agents; good salary. 1018 Washington st.

AGENTS WANTED on a book entitled "Vitalogy." Apply at 1152 Washington st., room 2. Prof. G. S. Dove.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN on pianos, furniture, merchandise, machinery, etc. King's, 457 Ninth st., near Broadway; telephone blue 842.

DENTISTS.

A SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting free; filling, 50c; crowns, $3.50; teeth without plates and bridgework a specialty.
PACIFIC DENTAL PARLORS,
18 Third Street.
Second door from Call building.

A FULL SET OF TEETH, $5; painless extracting; see our combination plate; thin as paper; warranted 10 years; teeth without plates; crown and bridge work our specialty; teeth implanted or transplanted; fillings, 50c; crowns, $3.50; all work painless and warranted. Chicago Dental Parlors, 24 Sixth st., S. F.

J. M. DUNN, D. D. S.—Dental parlors, 1103½ Broadway, rooms 14-16, Union National Bank building, Oakland, Cal.

ALAMEDA PROPERTIES.

$4,000—House and lot, Berkeley; house five rooms; lot cor., 160x145; with complete nursery; exchange for cottage.
$8,000—Ranch of 85 acres near Vacaville; 25 in fine choice fruit and 40 in hay, etc.; near school; exchange.
$2,000—House and lot; 4 rooms and bath; lot 35x150; near station; cash $200, balance easy terms.
$1,400—House and lot; six rooms; part cash.
$1,500—Lot, 50x150, on Morton st.; easy terms.
$1,000—Lot, 60x100, corner; part cash.
$250—Lot, 25x100; cheap; near station.
$1,500—Lot, 30x100; business lot.
Large meeting and dancing halls, stores; low rents.
Exchanges made for ranches, etc.
Good line of county property; sale and exchange
W. B. FITCH & CO.
Encinal Hall, Bay Station, Alameda.
Or P. KELLY, 461 Ninth Street, Oakland.

REAL ESTATE.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
WILLIAM J. DINGEE,
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901 BROADWAY, CORNER EIGHTH ST.
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OAKLAND.
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$2,500—A home on Hobart st. near Telegraph ave.; your choice of the handsome cottages erected by the late Capt. J. C. Wilson; they contain six large rooms and bath; lots are 30x100; cost $3,750 each; see them at once. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st., Oakland.

Offer Wanted—Fine large two story ten room house for sale, to be removed; a rare chance if you have the lot to put it on; can be moved a reasonable distance for $250; call at our office for particulars. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st., Oakland.

$15,000—A fine piece of San Pablo ave. business property (improved) to exchange for larger income property; west side of street, near Eighteenth; forty feet front with good two story building; rent $80 per month; will pay cash difference or assume mortgage. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st., Oakland.

$4,000—Reduced from $6,500; a delightful home, centrally located, on one of the best streets in East Oakland; large lot, stable, windmill, nice grounds; short distance to station; must be sold immediately; mortgage of $3,500 can remain. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st., Oakland.

$600—Fine large lots on Fruitvale ave., near East Fourteenth st.; just one-half their former value; easy terms; see these at once. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st., Oakland.

$10,000 to $15,000—Building lots on Oakland Heights, the coming residence portion of the city; lots on Vernon st., in the Adams property; in Linda Vista Terrace; elegant, sightly locations. WILLIAM J. DINGEE, 901 Broadway, corner Eighth st., Oakland.

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OAKLAND.
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REAL ESTATE and INVESTMENT CO.
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460-462 EIGHTH STREET,
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OAKLAND.
OAKLAND.

$3,000—A business property at a sacrifice; income $45 per month; two stores and flats above; this property is sold at a great sacrifice in order to make an immediate turn; any one looking for a small investment of business property should not fail to investigate this at once.

$400—Cheapest lot in Oakland; north side of Twenty-eighth street near Grove; street work complete; lot 25x140.

$2,200—Story and a half house in A-1 condition; with lot 50x80; property cost the present owner $3,300; must sell; located in East Oakland on principal street.

$500—Cottage of four rooms; stable; two blocks from electric road; lot 25x140; $50 cash, balance in monthly payments of $8 to $10 per month; located at Elmhurst.

For full particulars of the above, apply to

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OAKLAND.
OAKLAND.

OFFICIAL RECORDS.

TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1898.

DEEDS.

Apr. 4, 1898—Mary S. Smith to C. R. Yates, Okd, W Chestnut st 136 S W-18th st S 43 x W 118, $10.

Jan. 15, 1898—W. K. Foster to Maude A. W. Foster, E Okd, N E-17th st 75 W 20th av W 50 x N 140, being lots 8 and 9 blk 40, San Antonio, Gift.

May 11, 1897—Mountain View Cem'ty Assn to Benjamin White, Okd Tp, Lot 39 in plot 25, Mountain View Cemetery, $41.

Apr. 9, 1898—Helen M. Kinne to Geo. B. McFarland, Bkly, Lot 17 blk 1, Grove st Line tct; Lots 22 and 23 blk 1, of Same; Lot 68 blk 3, Same, $10.

May 30, 1897—Andrew K. Weir to A. W. Keech, Bkly, Lot 22 of sub Map of blk 1, Shattuck tct, $1500.

Mar. 17, 1898—H. C. Morris to Henry Romanger, Bklyn Tp, Lot 11 blk 10, Warner tct, $10.

May 30, 1897—Andrew K. & Rosa Weir to A. W. Keech, Ala, All int lot 1, Hastings tct, $2500.

Apr. 7, 1898—Felix & Delfina Marcuse to W. B. Birdsall, Ala, E Court st 105-9 S Lincoln av S 53 x E 117-6½, being lot 15 blk B, Sather and Robinson tct, $10.

Jan. 24, 1898—Michael C. Egan to Thos. R. Bassett, Okd, N 6th st 100 E Brush st E 25 x N 100 blk 70, OCD, $10.

Apr. 12, 1898—T. R., E. D., Elizth A., H. F., Carrie F., P. L., Bridget M., and Mary H. Bassett to W. F. Kroll, Okd, Same, $10.

Apr. 8, 1898—J. H. Sumner extr Est Dolly S. Webster to Calvin B. White, Okd, N Brown or 34th st 328-8 E San Pablo av E 48 N 140-8½ W 48 S 140-5 to beg, being ptn Cotter tct, $1125.

Mar. 21, 1898—Frank N. & Kathe E. Hill to T. J. Seufert, Okd, W Linden st 200 N 24th st W 132 x N 25, $1.

Mar. 25, 1898—Walter I. & Mary E. Tobin to W. H. Lowe, Bkly, SW Page and 6th sts S 50 x W 130 blk 46, Bkly L. & L. Assn tct, $10.

Jan. 20, 1898—A. & C. Leyton to M. A. Malline, Bklyn Tp, Re-record of 620 d 411, Lot 17 blk C, Moss tct, $10.

May 5, 1897—W. M. Axtell to M. T. Axtell, Bklyn Tp, E Bray av 305 N E-14th st N 41.02 E 150 S 41 E 149.86 S 82.38 W 293.30 to beg, being ptn Bray tct, Gift.

Sept. 8, 1897—Walter M. Axtell to Barbara M. Paul, Bklyn Tp, Same, $10.

Jan. 12, 1898—M. G. & M. V. G. Rubio to Delos Pratt, Bklyn Tp, Lots 20 and 21 in sub E. Fruitvale Terminal tct, $10.

Mar. 2, 1898—H. P., R. P., & Sarah R. Saxe to Augustus F. Graeter, Ala, The E ½ lot 22 of B. L. Jones' Survey of 1¼ acre lots on map of 40 acre lands adjoining the town of Ala, $5.

Apr. 12, 1898—Doris Heuer to Geo. F. Heuer, Ala, W St. Charles st 55 N Louisa st N 40 x W 140, $10.

Dec. 11, 1871—Board of Tide Land Commr's to F. C. Hafenrichter, Eden Tp, 1.03 acres beg at a pt 20 chs N and 10 chs W of a granite monument on S line Sec 28 Tp 2 S R 3 W 40 chs E of SW cor Sec 28 th E 3.58 NW 6.80 chs W 5.78 chs to beg, being lot 21 in Sec 28 Tp 2 S R 3 W, $28.

Mar. 6, 1873—Same to Ferdinand Von Leicht, Ala, 1.92 acres beg at a pt in San Leandro bay 20 chs S and 10 chs W of a granite monument at ¼ Sec cor bet Sec 17 and 18 in Tp 2, S R 3 W th N 6.37 chs to shore line San Leandro bay th SW 6.17 chs SW 2 chs SW 1.13 chs E 6.72 chs to beg, being lot 13 in Sec 18 of said Tp, $52.

Apr. 4, 1898—F. C. Hafenrichter to Eugenie Von Leicht, Eden Tp, Lot 7 in Sec 27 Tp 1 S R 4 W, contg 6.28 acres; Lot 21 in Sec 28 Tp 2 S R 3 W, contg 1.03 acres, Gift.

Apr. 12, 1898—Jane Stone to Peter Nicolson, Eden Tp, Beg at NE cor lds of Nicolson th NW 7.98 chs SW 30.3 SE 7.98 chs NE 30.3 chs to beg ptn plot 4, Leonard Stone Estate Ppty, $10.

Apr. 12, 1898—Same to Same, Eden Tp, 2 acres beg at pt on N line lds of Stenzel SW 12.90 chs from NE cor said lands th SW 3.475 chs NW 5.633 chs NE 3.08 chs SE 7.29 chs to beg, ptn Same, $10.

Apr. 12, 1898—Ella M. Tanson wf R. T. to Robert T. Tanson, Eden Tp, S Maud av 471-4 SW from NE Hayward av th SE 300 SW 105 NW 300 NE 105 to beg Town of San Leandro.

Same to Same, Eden Tp, beg at a pt on SE cor lds of Hulbert by deed of Oct 30, 77 th SE 36.9 SW 105 NW 36.9 NE 105 to beg, same, gift.

March 21, 98—Ellen F and Simon Foscalina to Ramona Vallenzuella, Murray Tp. E Jones Lane 254.7 N Junction av E 162.5 S 80.32 W 157.5 N 74.4 to beg, ptn Livermore Hts tract in Plot B, Ladd tract, Livermore, $5.

PROBATE.

5,007—April 11, 98—Est Jos Ladd, order confmg sale to Edward J Flanigan, all int of S ½ of NW ¼ and N ½ of SW ¼ Sec 9 Tp 2 S R 2 E, Murray Tp, $600.

April 11, 98—Est Margaret Raymond, termination of life estate and to Jos Raymond the following ppty: S Bay View av 50 W Chestnut st W 50 x S 141, blk 11, Warner tract, Bklyn Tp; also, lot 5 blk 11, same.

4,096—April 11, 98—Est Mary J Evoy, order confmg sale to John P Beckett, S 37th st 206.57 E Market st E 393.64 S 150.01 W 368.34 N 41.31 W 25 N 109.11 to beg, Okd Anx.

N 37th st 590.82 E Market st W 390.82 N 148 E 392.33 S 148.01 to beg, Okd Anx, $4,800.

MORTGAGES.

April 9, 98—W B Birdsall to Pacific Coast Loan Assn, Ala, lot 15 blk B, Sather & Robinson tract, 6 years, 8 per cent, $1,800.

April 12, 98—Peter Nicolson to Jane Stone, Eden Tp, 2 acres as in deed from Jane Stone, 5 years, 8 per cent, $500.

Sept 7, 97—M J and Harriet S Little to Catherine Carmichael, Bkly, lot 18 blk 3, McGee tract, 1 day, 8 per cent, $230.

March 31, 98—Mary Donavan to Robert Williams, Okd Anx, N 36th st 165.-747 W Market st W 100.454 N 128.24 E 100 S 137.82 to beg blk B, map of ppty of Mrs. E J Evoy, March 99, 12 per cent, $138.

DEEDS OF TRUST.

March 9, 98—Frank B and Virginia G Josephs to Isaac L Requa and W W Garthwaite trs Okd Bank of Svgs, Okd, S 8th st 100 W Fallon st W 25 x S 100 blk 134, $1,550.

April 12, 98—A and H Sparman to Same, Okd Anx, lot 20 blk B, Gaskill tract, $600.

April 8, 98—Geo H and Calista E Brown to H Sevening and J E Baker trs Alameda Savings Bank, Ala, S Railroad av 60.45 W 4th st W 30 x S 135 blk B, Haight tract, $1,000.

April 11, 98—Orville W and Harvey Townsend to M S Taylor and J F Buttick, trs for Richard Taylor, Ala, W College av 100 S Madison st S 50 x W 99, $1,700.

RELEASES.

April 11, 98—Oakland Loan & Invest Co to Jas Matthews, Bkly, 526 m 293, lot 7 blk D, Salinger tract, map 3, $150.

April 8, 98—Italian-Swiss M L Assn to Mary S Smith, Okd, 296 m 172, W Chestnut st 136 S 18th st S 80 x W 118 blk 597, $4,000.

April 8, 98—Maria L Baldwin to Same, Okd, 670 m 361, W Chestnut st 136 S W-18th st S 42 x W 118.

Same to Same, Okd, N 31st st 132.75 W Telegraph av W 50 x N 140 blk 2,036 Rowland tract, $1,400.

April 11, 98—Union Savings Bank to Mathias Petersen, Okd, 460 m 111, E Ettie st 34 N "A" st N 30 x E 100 blk 794, Watts tract, map 2, partial.

Marginal—August Schley to Mary Silven, E Okd, 562 m 417, SW E-16th st 125 NW 19th av NW 25 x SW 140 blk 27, San Antonio, $725.

Marginal—E B Thomson to Carrie W Badgley, wife W O, E Okd, 445 m 13, lots 5 and 6 blk 131. A map of ppty Brennan Estate, $2,150.

Marginal—August Schley to May E Roberts, Bklyn Tp, 549 m 405, lots 9, 10, and 11 Marion tract, $250.

MISCELLANEOUS PAPERS.

AGREEMENT.

Sept 28, 94—Felix Marcuse with Eliza B Ried, to convey S Pacific av 36 W Chestnut W 36 x S 110 blk 33 map of ppty in vicinity of Encinal Station owned by Columbus Bartlett, Ala, $2,750. $750 cash, remainder $22.50 per mo at 8 per cent. Assigned to H W Miller April 7, 98. Value received.

RELEASE OF TRUSTS.

June 3, 97—Nellie Gorden to John A Stanly, surviving trustee in Deed of Trust. Trust made by Catherine M Garcelon April 21, 91 to Stephen W Purington and John A Stanly and recorded in 419 d 431, all int as one of the beneficiaries named in said Deed of Trust as to following ppty.

Block 169 bded by Jackson, 13th, Madison and 12th sts, Okd.

E Jackson 120 N 13th N 80 x E 150, blk 196, Okd.

Block bnded by Jackson, Madison, 14th and 15th sts, Okd.

NW Madison and 15th sts N 88.6 x W 150, Okd.

W Madison 177 N 15th N 88.6 x W 150, Okd.

W Madison 210 S Lake S 90 x W 150 Okd.

NE Madison and 14th sts N 922 to a pt 100 S from S Lake st th E 300 to W Oak st th S 706 to a pt 216 N from N 14th st W 150 S 216 to N 14th st W 150 to beg, Okd.

E Oak st 200 N 13th N 184 E to shore Lake Merritt, th S to a pt that would be intersected by a line drawn from pt of beg E and at right angles with Oak st, th W to beg, Okd.

E Oak st 494 N 13th N 858 E to shore Lake Merritt, S to pt that would be intersected by a line drawn from pt of beg E and at right angles with Oak st, th W to beg, Okd.

N Lake st 525 E Jackson st N to shore Lake Merritt th E to a pt that would be intersected by N line Lake st if extended E and parallel with same, th W 335 to beg, Okd.

W Jackson st 660 N 13th st N 114 x W 175, Okd.

NE 12th and Filbert N 114.6 x E 100 blk 570, Okd.

Blocks 206 and 226, Okd.

Also Boat House Lot on Lake Merritt, Okd.

E Atherton st 75 N Bancroft Way N 75 x E 136.21, Bkly.

E Atherton st 150 N Bancroft Way N 200 x E 272.42, Bkly.

Also ppty in S F, $5,000.

June 4, 97—Mrs. F J Lovell to Same, same, $3,000.

June 5, 97—Willie M Brown to Same, same, $2,000.

June 7, 97—Stephen P Lunt to Same, same, $5,000.

June 7, 97—Nellie Lunt to Same, same, $1,000.

June 21, 97—S K Ballard to Same, same, $2,000.

June 3, 97—Minnie Dyer to Same, same, $5,000.

June 5, 97—Laura A Ballard to Same, same, $1,000.

June 3, 97—Jennie D Herman to Same, same, $1,000.

June 3, 97—E Cooper to Same, same, $1,000.

June 5, 97—Stella Everett to Same, same, $1,000.

June 3, 97—Ruth D Augur to Same, same, $1,000.

June 4, 97—Caroline T Everett to Same, same, $5,000.

June 8, 97—Almira Merritt to Same, Same, $3,000.

June 8, 97—Cora Merritt to Same, same, $—.

Aug 16, 97—J F Bould to Same, same, $1,923.

LIS PENDENS.

Apr. 11, 1898—Oakland Bank of Savings vs. Christina Higgins et al, to foreclose 538 m 277, S Fairview st 100 E Adeline E 50 x S 100, Bkly; SE Alcatraz and Stanford avs E 95.5 S 267.2 W 234.2 N 302 to beg, contg 1 acre, ptn plot 46, Ro V. & D. Peralta, Bkly, $4721.

15,041—Apr. 12, 1898—Adolph Breiling vs. M. E. Harris et al, to foreclose 478 m 7, Lot 131, Encinal Park tct, Ala, $1575.

15,042—Apr. 12, 1898—J. S. Kimball vs. T. R. Bassett et al, to foreclose P liens 399, N Lloyd av 75 E Bassett st E 100 x N 100, Bklyn Tp, $80.

15,045—Apr. 12, 1898—J. V. Embury vs. Jos. M. Howland et al, to foreclose P liens 446, Lot 2 of Becketts Addn to Okd, Okd Anx, $34.

15,039—Apr. 11, 1898—Hibernia S. & L. Socy vs. Jas. Walsh et al, to foreclose 536 m 264, Lot 38, Hirschfeld tct, Ala, $1250.

CERTIFICATE OF SALE.

14,447—Apr. 4, 1898—A. L. Whitney et al by comr to Oakland B. & L. Assn, Lots 19 and 20 blk 73, N addn to Bklyn, E Okd, $577.

14,596—Apr. 4, 1898—Est. Walter F. Dingley et al by comr to Bklyn Inv. & Ln Assn, Lot 7 blk 28, Estudillo tct, San Leandro, Eden Tp, $2931.

RELEASE OF ATTACHMENT.

Feb. 19, 1898—John Stewart to David F. Barry, from Justices Court, Okd Tp in P of Attachments 347, beg at a pt 240 N from N Alcatraz av and 608.3 E from E Shattuck av N 30 E 30 N 170 E 120 S 240 W to beg, Okd Anx; NW Alcatraz and Shattuck avs N 270.45 x W 320, Okd Anx, $29.

HOMESTEADS.

Apr. 12, 1898—Mrs. J. F. Hammer, declaration, SW Chester and 12th sts W 36-2½ S to NE cor lds of Roy S 82-3⅞ E 58-5 N 116-3 to beg, Okd, $5000.

ATTACHMENTS.

4695—Apr. 12, 1898—D. A. Curtin vs. J. E. Hesselbusch, lot 7 blk D, Harmon tct, Bkly, Lots 17 and 18 blk 5, Herzog tct, Bkly, $131. Writ from Justices Court, S. F.

Apr. 12, 1898—John Stewart vs. P. J. Keller, Ppty in name of Grace M. Kimball, N 7th 100 W Washington st W 50 x N 100 blk 75, Okd, $110. Writ issued from Justices Court, Okd Tp.

CERTIFICATE OF REDEMPTION.

Jan. 24, 1881—State of Cal. to Ferdinand Von Leicht, Lot 18 of Sec 18 Tp 2 S R 3 W, Eden Tp, $2.

BUILDERS CONTRACTS.

Apr. 12, 1898—Phoebe A. Hearst by atty (owner) with Charles & Walter Williams (contractors) architect F. S. Van Trees. To erect an engine house on beg on SW line Co road No. 1927 50 ft SE from SE line lds of Silva NW to SE line lds of Silva, th SW 50 SE 50 NE 50 to beg, ptn plot 49, Ro El Valle de San Jose, Mur'y Tp. Walls completed and ready for ceiling joists and rafters, $1295; roof work, tinning and tile work completed $1295; completed $1295; 36 days after completion, $1295; total $5180. Bonds $1295, Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland surety. Limit 60 working days; forfeit $25 per day. Plans and Spec. filed.

Apr. 11, 1898—D. Knabbe (owner) with D. McLeod and J. W

Oakland Tribune

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—at—

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—by the—

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WILLIAM E. DARGIE, President.

Delivered by Carrier

AT FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH.

OUR EASTERN OFFICE.

The Eastern Office of The Tribune is located at 230 Temple Court Building, New York City. Complete files of The Tribune may be found there. Visitors always welcome. E. KATZ, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS.

Macdonough—Anna Held.
Oakland—Black Serenaders.
Baldwin—"A Stranger in New York."
Columbia—"Shore Acres."
California—"Old Lavender."
Alcazar—"Strange Adventures of Miss Brown."
Morosco's—"Pavements of Paris."
Tivoli—"Sinbad the Sailor."
Orpheum—Vaudeville.
California Jockey Club, Oakland—Races tomorrow.

PICNICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.
April 17—West Oakland Lodge, No. 3, U. C. E. P.

UNION LABEL — TYPOGRAPHICAL — OAKLAND, NO. 36

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—Weather forecast: Cloudy tonight and Thursday; cooler tonight in all but extreme northern portions; northerly changing to westerly winds.

WEDNESDAY.....APRIL 13, 1898.

It may be paradoxical but it is true that the ice man gets a warm welcome nowadays.

The man who sells unstamped cigars generally finds that law jumping on him pretty hard.

Alameda county will not be short on one crop anyhow. The sugar beets are reported in splendid condition and five weeks earlier than usual.

Lillian Russell says that if there is war she will offer her services as nurse. What a lot of men would be on the sick list in that particular regiment.

Switzerland has followed in Germany's footsteps by prohibiting the importation of American fruit. How about retaliating by putting an embargo on Swiss cheese?

Oakland's old Guard stands ready to answer the call if wanted. The idea of a national reserve is a good one, for such an organization is one that no true-hearted American could refuse to join.

Irrigation boomers are having their inning now. Those who have heretofore decried the depending on creeks and ditches for moisture for their lands now realize that after all that system is a certainty, whereas figuring on rain is problematical.

Professor Giddings of Columbia University says that the six causes of poverty are, refusal to work, lack of employment, struggling to rise, unequal distribution, wrong public policy and sentimental charity. How about drunkenness, profligacy and so forth.

Los Angeles has not yet secured smooth sailing for her fiesta by any means. Although Col. Otis with the Los Angeles Times succeeded in getting the entertainment over the first breakers, it is liable yet to be wrecked in the undercurrent of discord that is running. One thing is certain—the fiesta this year is the last Los Angeles will have for many a day.

New York has dropped into line on the sugar beet proposition, a law having just gone into effect there appropriating $50,000 to pay bounties throughout the Empire State. It is understood that a substantial acreage will be at once planted out to the new crop, for the farmers there, as here, realize that they have now struck something that will yield permanent results.

Sharkey and Jeffries are matched at last and the question of the superiority of the rival gladiators will soon be known. There may not be much skill about the contest, but the meeting of two such mighty masses of muscle will attract world-wide attention. Bull fight, dog fight, or man fight—it doesn't matter which it is, the spirit which governs these contests is about the same.

The Standard Oil Trust by absorbing the Puente Company, has put an end to the fight that has been going on in Southern California. While "oil has been poured on troubled waters" at the same time the buyers down that way would have been only too glad if the storm had continued. Prices have already been advanced 5 per cent and it is understood a total raise of 20 per cent is figured on.

The enormous success which has attended the Orpheum in San Francisco since it was devoted solely to vaudeville is brought forcibly to mind by the announcement that a structure costing $250,000 is to be erected on the site of the present edifice. Half a dozen years ago when the place was headquarters for cheap light opera companies, it was as much as it could do to make both ends meet, but at last oil was struck with first-class variety entertainments and the place has been literally coining money ever since. As a matter of fact the vaudeville houses all over the country are the principal money-makers now, for the fancies of theater-goers have changed very notably during the past ten years. A variety artist in those days was considered among the dregs of the profession and was lucky to earn $25 a week. Nowadays the stars of the "legitimate" are deserting it for the vaudeville stage, where salaries of $400 a week are by no means uncommon.

THE EVENING PAPER HAS THE FLOOR.

The rush of Eastern news and the great general interest taken in the impending Spanish crisis is once more calling attention to the vast superiority of the evening paper as a news medium to that of the morning journals. Especially is this true of the Pacific Coast. To the West, where we would be handicapped on a time proposition, there is absolutely no news center save Hawaii and even when the islands have a cable service, they are not likely to often cut much of a figure in that regard. On the other hand, we have the whole world East of us at our fingers' ends from a news standpoint especially so as regards Europe where their day has passed into night before our afternoon papers have gone to press.

Take the present war talk for instance. When the morning papers are issued, the business day has only just started in the European capitals, so outside of any great early morning catastrophe or happening—which, by the way, is a very unusual occurrence—they can present no news except that of the day before. All during our day, though, and while the afternoon papers are being prepared for their readers, dispatches are pouring in over the press wires telling exactly what is going on in the busy hum of diplomatic and business circles until finally by 2 o'clock the foreign news ceases, for it is 10 o'clock P. M. there and their day is done. For two hours more, though, the afternoon papers continue to gather in the news of the day in the Eastern, Central and home States. All the doings of Congress are recorded up to the hour of adjournment, for with the four hours time advantage Oakland possesses over Washington, every occurrence and detail can be gathered in before the moment comes when it is customary to go to press.

The telegraphic columns of the Tribune have shown this condition of affairs very forcibly during the past few weeks. Owing to the splendid news service of the Associated Press and the other advantage referred to, we have been able to present to our readers substantially every item regarding the Spanish crisis that has appeared in the morning papers the following day, thus giving a clear gain of sixteen hours in the presentation of the news. It has been well said that the afternoon paper contains the news of to-day, and the morning paper the news of yesterday.

Judge De Haven of the United States District Court handed down a very important decision yesterday on Chinese issues when he ordered the deportation of a Mongolian who had entered the county with the credentials of a merchant, but who was found working as a laborer on a shrimp ranch. It has been a matter of common knowledge for a long time past that the exclusion act was being evaded by the wholesale through these merchants' certificates. A fairly good wardrobe and the proper credentials was all that was necessary to effect a landing, after which the pseudo merchant was at once transformed to a coolie again. Yesterday's decree, though, will put an effectual quietus on this sort of business in the future, provided, of course, that the vigilance of our inspectors is properly continued after the landing of the Celestials.

The stand taken by the Nevadans in barring out our cattle is without doubt not founded as much on the proposition that our animals are diseased as the sagebrushers are anxious to have us believe. The real reason is that they realize that the California stockmen are going to have a hard time of it this summer and that their herds will die off by the thousands unless they can get pasture and water, all of which will be very much to the interest of the Nevadans, for they would then be called on to furnish our principal meat supplies. It is a case of money versus morality, and that is about all.

U. S. Grant, Jr., is making a tour of the State in the interests of his Senatorial canvass. While as the son of his illustrious father he is receiving cordial welcomes wherever he goes, at the same time there is an absolute lack of that personal enthusiasm that it would take to swing things his way at the fall elections. As for the practical politicians, they look on his canvass very suspiciously and receive his overtures very guardedly, so it is evident he is making but little headway with them.

The whalers imprisoned in the Arctic are now officially declared to be in no danger of starvation and the relief expedition that went up there a couple of months ago with such a flourish of trumpets will have made its journey in vain. There has been too much going off half-cocked on this Arctic famine business anyhow, as witness the much ado about nothing that occurred in connection with the Klondike. As for the Point Barrow matter, everything indeed was "very like a whale."

The Blythe case is making its last step up the ladder. The attempt to delay final disposition of the proceedings in the United States Supreme Court has been frustrated, and on the second Monday in October it will be considered by the justices. There is no doubt as to what their decision will be and then as the case will have been disposed of in the courts of last resource, in both the State and National Government, the claimants will have to retire from the ring.

Nature has probably been so unkind to California this year because she has been so lavish to the eastern and central parts of the country. The crops there are said to be unusually bounteous, so the market as a whole will not be affected. We get the worst of it out here, but then we should not complain too much, because last year the handicap was altogether in our favor.

The rebels in the Philippine Islands are taking advantage of the fresh complications Spain has got into and are said to be having things their own way. Spain cannot, of course, at the present time send more ships and men to quell them, so our efforts in behalf of Cuba may obtain freedom for them as well.

If it be true that Consul-General Lee is conveying to Washington positive information that the Maine was placed over a mine and that he has known all along the exact condition of affairs in that regard, why didn't he so inform the naval Board of Inquiry when it was sitting at Havana and give the administration an opportunity to act intelligently on the subject?

Wonder what old General Gomez thinks of all this?

A FEW FACTS FOR FASHION FOLLOWERS.

There are very many blouses, plastrons, corselets and boleros worn. These are braided in guipure, with embroidery and black Irish point over color. The braided blouse admits of several effects, and worn with seperate underbodies of colored silk is a very useful addition to one's wardrobe. These blouses are found in all sorts of combinations—in lace and velvet, guipure, and vest jetted, spangled and embroidered with steel. In short, anything and everything, more or less transparent, that will show a pretty lining.

Here are some very pretty house gowns, suitable for other times and other occasions than those mentioned in a previous letter. These may be worn when a negligee is permissible and an afternoon siesta desirable. A very elegant one is made of violet satin, the whole length, from neck to bottom of skirt, sun plaited. Each and every one of these plaits is finished with a tiny edge of guipure. The large sailor collar is also of guipure. The waist line is clearly defined and trimly held in by violet sash ribbon, tied with a large bow and long ends hanging in front. This is all very fine, of course, and in consequence very expensive. Equally pretty and much more practical is the same model in cashmere—one of the new shades, peau de gazelle, for instance—though to our mind that is a trifle indefinite; and pink, blue, white or lavender, and their various shades, is much more satisfactory. Any one of these, with narrow butter lace trimming all the sun plaits and a large collar of the same, with satin belt ribbon to match, is very dainty. A collar and cuffs of embroidered batiste and a large naval bow and ends of lawn has a certain air of elegant simplicity, which cheap lace sometimes lacks. The guipure edge is all right with this, or a narrow satin ribbon binding.

A BECOMING NEGLIGEE.

A very elegant material is of pink grace taffeta. It is about four yards wide, and is trimmed with four deep ruffles of black Chantilly lace edged with a narrow one at the top. Two rows of pencil velvet, finished with a large bow on the left side, with several loops and ends, and a smaller one on the right, is a pretty finish. The dainty sack is of pink polka-dot taffeta, a very Frenchy affair, with no such things as buttons or hooks anywhere, except, perhaps, the tiniest little hook and loop at the throat. It stops short at the waist, back and sides, with ends loosely tied and hanging in front. The sides are bias, and fit into the figure as well as the regular bodice, which is carefully boned. It is trimmed all around with black Chantilly lace three or four inches deep. A large sailor collor, trimmed with the same lace and insertion, completes the toilet. This same model is equally satisfactory in fine French pin-dot flannels, in blue or pink, and even flannelette is not to be despised. The effect is just the same, and the French model can be reproduced at a trifling cost.

For a tall, slight figure, a pretty house gown is of white delaine, made with a round body and shirred several inches below the waist. For the collar and sleeves any heavy cream-white lace in a decided pattern is better than the Valenciennes. A wide white-satin ribbon is worn around the waist and tied with a bow and ends in front.

La jupe soleil, or sun-plaited skirt, made of cashmere, makes a very graceful matinee skirt, and in white is especially adapted for a variety of pretty sacks more or less elaborate and negligee.

Taffeta skirts in plain colors or black are most serviceable made with accordion-plaited or gathered ruffles, with a corded edge; as the lace, while very dainty, is, of course, very perishable, and for much wear is not practical, as it requires constant mending and renewing. A very substantial skirt is of olive-green taffeta, trimmed with accordion plaiting in points. A sensible as well as comfortable sack to wear with this is French flannel, red, with a pin dot. This is made with three plaits back and front, hanging loose from the yoke.

For a bath robe, or something to take the place of the heavy blankets they roll one up in after a Turkish bath, there is nothing better than eiderdown flannel. A very pretty one is baby blue, with the collar, sleeves and front bound with blue ribbon. The long cord and tassel is always an effective finish, in spite of the fact that they are rather clumsy owing to the thickness of the material, but, strange to say, nearly always becoming.

DETAILS OF FASHION.

The very high flaring collars on coats and capes, while a necessary precaution to keep out the cold, is not always becoming. This is particularly the case with Persian lamb when the complexion is not up to the standard. Little shirrings of white or colored chiffon, inside the points as far as the turnover shows, will soften up things tremendously, and simply can't help being becoming. These little turnovers of cerise chiffon, or chinchilla and white or Persian lamb look particularly well. In browns, greens and blacks they will, of course, do longer service.

New four-in-hand ties are of two-inch double-faced satin made, tied and fastened in back with hooks. The ends are usualy cut bias and edged with quite a deep plaiting of chiffon. In white, black and colors and tartan plaids they offer as many varieties as the masculine four-in-hand, and make a good change off with the lawn and muslins and liberty silk ties.

It generally takes about two seasons to bring a popular fashion up to its limit of favor, and sashes may be said to have taken a fair start this summer. There is no end to the styles, and no limit in elegance or prices. The old Roman sash, with fringed ends, is with us again, and nearly everybody has an old one somewhere that was much treasured in early youthful days. Take it out and have it cleaned, if necessary and wear it with white house gowns. A rather startling sash is made of the new velvet and satin striped ribbon in three shades of geranium red. It is about five inches wide, and is made with two loops at the waist, and the bias ends are edged with very deep plisses of mousseline de sole to match the ribbon. Another is of plain, the royal Stuart pattern, trimmed on the ends with plaitings of black mousseline.

CITIZENS ARE PLEADING FOR A. J. LUCKHARDT

This morning was the time fixed by Judge Ellsworth for sentencing M. A. L. Luckhardt, the self confessed burglar, who was arrested at the instigation of Travers & Leet, whose establishment the man entered. The court, however, did not hand down the expected decision, but continued the matter one week. Behind this action of the Judge there is a story worthy of public interest.

Ever since the day of Luckhardt's arrest there has been an abundance of public sentiment centering about the case of this unfortunate man who was driven by utter destitution and want to purloin for the purpose of shielding a wife and two small children from the verge of starvation and death. Luckhardt was once a man of repute as a chemical assayist, and he had borne a clear character until on this fateful evening he was seized with the desire to steal, kill or die for the sake of preserving his family. He is a man known by scores of friends, and they all attest his integrity.

Akin with this phase of the subject lies the fact of Luckhardt's critical physical condition. For two years he has shown symptoms of acute consumption, and since his confinement in the County Jail he has grown steadily worse. His friends claim it would be extremely cruel to force a man to a speedy death by committing him to prison and cutting off medical aid.

The result of these facts has been to arouse many prominent men of Oakland to appeal in behalf of Luckhardt and to bring powerful influence to bear upon Judge Ellsworth to be as lenient as the bounds of law will permit in deciding upon the man's fate.

Dr. C. M. Fisher has addressed the following letter:

"I have made a careful examination of M. A. L. Luckhardt, confined in the Alameda County Jail, and find him suffering from chronic pulmonary tuberculosis."

A petition urging the court's clemency has been signed by the following prominent citizens: C. L. Maxwell, Louis Simonsen, Dr. A. H. Pratt, Clark Wise, Isaac L. Requa, W. F. Herrick, Christ Barker, Thomas Prather, W. C. Palmanteer, Dr. C. N. Lane, E. R. Dille, Robert F. Coyle, A. W. Prautch, George P. King, Wallace Clark and Burt C. Lund. This instrument will be presented to Judge Ellsworth.

Not only this, but the following letter from Travers & Leet, who caused the arrest, has been transmitted in behalf of Luckhard:

"Regarding the case of M. A. L. Luckhardt, who has recently pleaded guilty to a charge of burglary preferred by us, we would say that it has come to our knowledge that he is suffering from consumption, and that at the time of his offense his family was in destitute circumstances. We would respectfully ask that in passing judgment on the said Mr. Luckhardt these facts be borne in mind by you and given due consideration."

This matter will be vigorously pressed until the date arrives for the sentence. Mrs. Luckhardt is working night and day in behalf of her husband.

How He Proposed.

"For some time," observed Mr. Markham, "I have been beset by the idea of proposing to you."

Miss Greatorex smiled.

"And why have you not?"

"I have been at times half afraid that you might accept," replied the candid young man. "At others," he added—thoughtfully removing an almost invisible dust speck from his sleeve—"I have been much perturbed by the possibility—O, certainly, the possibility—that you might refuse."

"It would be disagreeable to be refused," remarked the lady impersonally.

"That," the gentleman considered, "depends. If I were sure I wanted to marry you, it would unquestionably be disagreeable to be refused."

"And you are not sure?"

"No; very far, indeed, from being so. At times I think I should much enjoy the role of Mr. Greatorex, so to speak."

"But not always?"

"O, dear, no—not nearly always."

"You are not sure whether you are in love with me or no?" remarked the young lady.

Mr. Markham readjusted his back to the mantlepiece and said in a low voice, looking down at the very adjacent brown, bent head:

"I admit I am disappointed."

She looked up very quickly.

"Bitterly, I had no idea that you could be stupid—it is evidently possible."

From the motion of Miss Greatorex's head—as they would say in the old books—he implied a note of interrogation.

"It is stupid not to have grasped the question. I have for a long time known that I was in love with you."

"Ever since that luncheon?"

"Perhaps not quite so long as that. But certainly ever since, almost ever since, Lady Greatorex left the room."

The young lady laughed.

"Was my mother such an instance of George Eliot's malign prophet standing behind her daughter and threatening what she will be?"

"I merely meant that the presence of a chaperone is incompatible with sentiment."

"I," observed the young woman, "do not mind admitting that I am getting confused. You now assert that for more than 20 minutes you have adored me." (Mr. Markham's shoulders appeared to deprecate the exaggeration of this rhetoric), "and a moment ago you seemed to doubt your love."

"Not at all. That is why I lately called you stupid. I am sure that I am in love; but I am very uncertain as to whether I would like to marry the beloved object."

Miss Greatorex laughed.

"I admit it sounds, perhaps, improper. I merely meant that marriage as the necessary denouement of being what is called in love seems to me quite a doubtful expedient.

"When there is no question of being in love," he continued, relaxing himself by a short walk to the other end of the room and back, "I think marriage not a bad arrangement. It is then merely a form of business partnership and now that it has ceased to be insoluble has no speciaal terrors. But you and I have nothing to gain by that. I am exceedingly well off, so are you. I do not need to marry for position, nor do you. We neither of us need to demand blood like Hamlet's aunt. In fine, as they say in the Arabian Nights,' you have nothing to gain by me, and I have no material need of anything which you can supply to me. Markham is just as fine a place as Greatorex Abby, and not a bit finer. When I speak of being in love it is purely a personal sensation; I should like it to become chronic. I realy enjoy being in love. But if we got married!"

"You cannot anticipate your love standing a crucial test?"

"I honestly admit that I have my doubts. We live in a straightforward age; let me make a clean breast of them."

"You mean that you would dislike the duty of being permanently in love with me," said the young lady, who perhaps found his remarks becoming too general, "though as a temporary sentimental excursion you have not hitherto found it disagreeable?"

"What I find fault with is," he declared, without very directly replying to her question, "that unless one were to marry you, one could not do several things one would like. For instance, I would like very much to take you to India."

"When?" inquired the young lady, with somewhat startling definiteness.

"Not," he replied, "till, say October. India in the middle of the season you would not enjoy a bit. But realy I fear (unless we do get married), the trip is impossible. All the same I should like to explain the Taj to you, and Shah Alim's mosque at Ahmedabad—O, and the Golden Gates at San Francisco; it is tiresome that I cannot take you there without marrying you."

"You could take mama as well, and Aunt Adeliza, perhaps."

"That would be different. A superior plan for those to whom it commends itself, but personally I should not like it so much."

Miss Greatorex laughed. Mr. Markham left his sequestered seat and took one beside her on the sofa.

"What I should really like would be for you to come and stay just in our present capacity at Markham, say, for a year. You would walk with me, row with me, fish with me, hunt with me; I would read to you my favorite bits of my fovorite authors and you should retaliate with yours. I can imagine nothing so delightful. I have already had you to stay at Markham, but then Lady Greatorex and Sir Marmaduke came, too, and my sister came down to do hostess. We were never alone except now and then for a quarter of an hour after an hour of mutual endeavoring."

"Thank you," interjected, with some asperity, the lady.

"What I should like would be to have you thus for a time all to myself. You would find me much nicer than you imagine. I have much more 'to' me, as the Yankees say, than you would think."

"Well," added the lady, "on one condition, I will come. Do not look frightened. I don't mean to insist on a 'prior engagement.' You need not promise to marry me. But I will come for a whole year to Markham if—if I may bring Lord Mendip with me."

"Lord Mendip!" Mr. Markham released what he had been holding, and laid it back in the young lady's lap with something of the air wherewith one puts down upon the counter again an article that one has been fingering in a salesroom when one discovers it is marked "Sold." He resumed his position on the hearthrug, but without again accommodating his back to the mantel-piece. "It was," he remarked presently, "very nice of you to inform me of your engagement in that way. You can do things when you try, very gracefully. A more awkward woman might have told me flatly half an hour ago."

"I was going to tell you just now. But you begged me to wait, as you wished to finish your delightful conversation. I concluded that you thought you were shinning. After all, you do not affect to ignore your reputation as a conversationalist."

"I am sure," he said, after the briefest possible pause, "you will be extremely happy. That is certainly my wish—that you may be as happy as you deserve, and, I take it, Lord Mendip is not more than 80?"

"Scarcely so much," declared the young lady, with admirable temper. "He is but 74."

"And he is a peer. It is better than anything I could have offered you."

There was a slight sound behind her. "Here," remarked the young man, looking over her head to the suddenly opened door, "comes Lord Mendip himself, to receive my congratulations in person."

Miss Greatorex leaped to her feet.

"Don't, for heavens sake, don't!" she cried, in a smothered voice. "It was a lie. I did it to see if I could shake you at all."

Lord Mendip ambled forward with a keen old look in his faded eyes, and a much "cocked" expression about his half deaf old ears.

"Congratulations, eh? Whom am I to congratulate? I think I heard something about congratulations in person."

"Yes, Lord Mendip, I want yours." Mr. Markham sighed heavily. "I have just proposed to Miss Greatorex and she has been good enough to accept me."

"Lord! how int'restin'," cried the old gentleman. "I rec'lect your father was my fag at Eton—I'm talkin', yer know, of the year thirty-nine. By Jove, your'e a lucky chap, Markham, and I do congratulate you."

Mr. Markham received these felicitations with some emotion, and sighed again not less heavily.—Black and White.

Now

Is the time when you should take a Spring Medicine to purify your blood, give you good appetite, sound sleep, steady nerves and perfect digestion. That scrofulous taint, that skin trouble, that liver difficulty, that bilious tendency, that tired feeling, are all cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Give this medicine a fair trial and you will realize its positive merit. It is not what we say, but what the people who are cured say, which proves that

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best Spring Medicine. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

Martin Glenn, San Francisco.....27
Annie King, San Francisco.....34
Charles Searle White, Pleasanton....22
Harriet E. Strong, Woodland.....26
John Baptiste Des Morais, Oakland..22
Sarah L. Berry.....23
Henry Meyer, Elmhurst.....28
Annie Hamilton, Elmhurst.....21
Owen Wesley Albert, San Francisco..28
Rosie Solomon, San Francisco.....18

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

MOORE FLED TO PENNSYLVANIA.

Several Stories Now Circulated Concerning His Sudden Disappearance.

Frank D. Moore, a young man who has been engaged as a clerk in this city for some time, has disappeared and several stories are told to account for the disappearance. It is alleged that he fled after a spirited interview which a young lady forced upon him at his place of business, the substance of which was that they had loved not wisely but too well. The young woman in the case, is Miss Myra Miller whose residence was formerly at 571 Tenth street, but who now resides in San Francisco.

Moore's friends on the other hand say that the young man has gone to Pennsylvania, because of ill health.

Before going, however, Moore did no inform his employers as to his intention of quitting their service.

GLADIATORS IN THE SQUARE RING.

McCormick and Lavigne Will Struggle for a Decision Tonight.

There will be another boxing bout at the Oakland Athletic Club, which will attract a large attendance. There is a number of interesting events outlined and among them will be a go between McCormick and Lavigne.

The entertainments of this club have always been successful and it is expected that the programme for tonight will form no exception to the rule.

PLEASED WITH M'KINLEY.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Statistics from Las Villas, obtained by a Herald correspondent show there are throughout the province of Santa Clara 1,600 insurgents. In this number there are twenty-six important chiefs.

They operate in bands of 150 and 200 men, with thirty and forty horses. The Spanish troops operate in small groups, save in the Siguanea hills of Cartegena and La Reforma, where larger columns go.

There are throughout the province fifty-two sugar plantations, from which there have been produced 803,289 bags of sugar. The grinding continues with all regularity, except in the sugar plantation of Canamabo, which was set on fire recently.

El Pais says that President McKinley's message, with its pacific and conciliatory tone, according to the extract transmitted to the insular Cabinet by its representatives, proves the falsehood of information given out by the sensational press of the United States regarding the attitude of Mr. McKinley.

The paper expresses no surprise, because it says that it could never expect that he would forget the traditions and sound principles accepted by all statesmen who succeeded the great founder of the Republic—George Washington. It offers congratulations to its readers because it declares the contingency of a conflict is now remote and alarm has disappeared.

The trial of the five men of the English sloop Arrow, which was taken to Santa Cruz del Sur by the Spanish gunboat Depente for having been found in a prohibited place, and having some provisions and munitions for the rebels, has been suspended.

Silver Spoons Free.

One pound good coffee 15c. silver plated spoons with every package; 8-inch bar Castile soap 5c; sardines in oil six boxes for 25c. H. L. Conklin, 977 Washington st.

Pianos.

Pianos and musical instruments at sacrifice prices on account of removal to San Francisco, May 1st. Clark, Wise & Co., 1108 Broadway.

Notice of Reduction.

On and after April 7, 1898, the price of Welsbach Gas Lights will be $1.50. Very respectfully, Gas Consumers' Association. ELMER REED, Mgr.

The physicians send all their patients to Theo. Gier Co., 513-515 Fourteenth street, for pure wines and liquors for medicinal purposes

Money Back

If goods are not as we represent them. Positively the best goods at lowest prices. 405 Eleventh st., H. Schellhaas' old store.

There is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plaster.

A rendezvous for gentlemen—a place for fine liquors.

Landregan's 912 Broadway

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Frank Brown, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the probate of the will of Frank Brown, deceased, and for the issuance to Caroline Brown of letters testamentary thereon, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 25th day of April, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition and proving said will, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated, April 13th, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.

AMUSEMENTS

Macdonough Theatre
One Night—WEDNESDAY, APR. 13
ANNA HELD
And her clever company
Prices—$1, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seats now on sale

OAKLAND THEATRE
Week Commencing April 11th
"Black Serenaders"
—IN—
"Hot Times in the Old Town"
The richest Musical Farce ever written
PRICES—10, 20, 25 and 30c.

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CALIFORNIA JOCKEY CLUB.
CALIFORNIA JOCKEY CLUB.
Winter Meeting, 1897-98, Beginning Monday, April 4th to April 16th inclusive.
OAKLAND RACE TRACK
Racing Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.
Five or More Races Each Day.
Races start at 2:15 P. M. Sharp.
Ferryboats leave San Francisco at 12 M. and 12:30, 1, 1:30, 2, 2:30 and 3 P. M., connecting with trains stopping at the entrance to the track. Buy your Ferry tickets to Shellmound.
Returning trains leave the track at 4:15 and 4:45 P. M. and immediately after the last race.
THOMAS H. WILLIAMS, Jr. President
R. B. MILROY, Secretary

ELMHURST RECREATION PARK
Sunday, April 17th, 2 P. M. Sharp
Two Mile Tandem Handicap
FOR AMATEURS
First Race of the kind ever run
Baseball! Baseball!
Bay City Wheelmen vs. Cal. Cycling Club
Music by Second Artillery Band
Round Trip Tickets including Admission 30c Gate Admission 15c
TAKE HAYWARDS ELECTRIC CARS
Bicycle Races and Baseball Every Sunday

To Chicago in 3½ Days
To New York in 4½ Days
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Through Pullman and Tourist Sleeping Cars daily.
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General Agent, Pacific Coast
No. 2 Montgomery Street
(Palace Hotel)
Or Agent S. P. Co. San Francisco, Cal.

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THE OVERLAND LIMITED
Double Drawing Room and Tourist Sleepers, Composite, Buffet, Smoking and Library Cars.
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Steamship tickets to all points in Europe.
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OAKLAND TO CHICAGO
Leave Oakland at 5:00 P. M.
MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.
Carries first-class passengers only, but without extra charge.
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Pullman Palace Drawing Room Sleepers, 3½ days to Chicago, 4½ days to New York.
THE ATLANTIC EXPRESS,
Leaving daily at 5:00 P. M., carries both Pullman Palace and Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars, and all classes of tickets are honored. Meals at Harvey's famous dining rooms. The shortest crossing of the desert, and a country that interests by its varied and beautiful scenery. No line offers so many inducements to the traveling public as the GREAT SANTA FE ROUTE.
Trains leave and arrive at Oakland Pier. Ticket Office
1118 BROADWAY, - - Oakland
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J. J. WARNER, Passenger Agent

—THE—
Oakland Water Front Co.
Offers for sale or lease, upon liberal terms, sites suitable for manufacturing or other commercial enterprises, fronting upon the Oakland harbor. Rail facilities of the Southern Pacific Company adjacent.
The construction of this harbor by the United States Board of Engineers (now near completion) will furnish facilities sufficient to accommodate any shipping which may enter the Golden Gate.
The advantages attendant upon private ownership and control of water frontage, permitting the erection of permanent structures directly upon ship channel, freedom from wharf and dock charges, economy in handling of raw and manufactured material, facility for inland distribution, etc., are obvious. No other proposition presenting like and equal advantages has heretofore been offered or is attainable in the Bay of San Francisco.
Full particulars and detail information may be obtained of the undersigned.
E. C. SESSIONS, Agt.
1118 Broadway, Oakland.

Office Furniture and Fixtures
C. F. WEBER & CO.
300 to 306 Post St., cr. Stockton

MORE SPEED FOR THE LOCAL FERRY TRAINS.

Double Tracking Parts of the Road Here and in Berkeley.

Twenty Minute Service Soon to Be Put Into Operation.

CHANGES AT THIRTEENTH AVE.

Improvements Which Will Greatly Add to the Present Service.

For some time past there have been rumors in circulation to the effect that before long the Southern Pacific Railroad Company proposed to give the cities in this vicinity a twenty minute service between this side of the bay and San Francisco.

The rumors have in a measure been pronounced well founded by the company though no statement has been made as to the time when the increased accommodation will go into effect.

This uncertainty has been occasioned by repeated delays, which have been experienced in the building of the steel ferry-boat which is now on the ways of the Union Iron Works, and the further fact that it has not yet been determined whether the proposed innovation will be confined to the morning and evening hours or be continued throughout the day.

Despite these facts, the company is making arrangements to accommodate the increased demand upon its accommodations when the new boat shall be put on the run.

This increase in the number of ferries between this city and San Francisco will necessitate the addition of one train more to the trains which are now in use on the broad gauge line, as also an increase in the speed of the trains in certain places. It will also compel the increase of storage tracks and switches at Thirteenth and Twenty-third avenues, as well as the double tracking of the road at places where now but a single track is employed.

These changes are now and have been in progress for some time.

The most advanced of the improvements are under way in the vicinity of Thirteenth avenue.

From a point slightly west of Twelfth avenue, a new track shoots out of the network of tracks and switches at that place and makes a bee-line westwardly through the company's property, and in one place runs through a section which is still fenced in until it again comes close up to the track which is now used by the broad gauge local. It then parallels that track until the trestle across the estuary is reached.

This track, for the first half of the distance, is almost as straight as the crow's flight, but in the other half the narrowness of the right of way compels it to conform to the line of the original track.

This new track will be used by the trains running west, while the old track will accommodate the trains going east, as at present. There will be two tracks on the trestle, but they will be so close together that it will not be necessary to increase the width of the structure, the parallel rails of each track being only a few inches apart.

This stretch of rail will give a double track for nearly the entire broad gauge local system, save as to that part between Twenty-third avenue and Fruitvale, and will obviate the necessity of going on a siding to await the coming of a train from an opposite direction.

In Berkeley similar improvements are being made, the aim being to put another track on Shattuck avenue from Ashby avenue to Channing way.

The track-laying at Twelfth avenue has led to a number of other changes in that vicinity, among them being the demolition of a roundhouse which formerly stood there and the removal of the freight depot from a point east of Twelfth avenue to a point on the west of that thoroughfare. This change has just been completed, and a long, high platform is being built on either side.

This platform is so much larger than the one which was around the freight depot where it formerly stood that some people imagine that the business to be done by the company will be greatly in excess of that which was formerly done at the point.

The roundhouse which was demolished, it is understood, is to be re-erected at Fruitvale.

MINISTERS MEET AT PLEASANTON.

A Remarkable Increase in the Number of Young Christians.

The Oakland Presbytery held a session in Pleasanton yesterday evening. Rev. E. S. Chapman delivered an address. It was shown that 1,327 new Sunday school classes were formed last year in the State, with an attendance of 50,000. There were thirty-eight new churches organized.

Among those attending the sessions are the Rev. R. S. Symonton, the Rev. E. S Fish, the Rev. E. L. Burnett, the Rev. J. E. Anderson, the Rev. James Curry, the Rev. R. H. Robertson, the Rev. G. W. Lyons, the Rev. R. Logan, the Rev. E. E. Clark, the Rev. B. W. Perry, the Rev. S. S. Palmer, the Rev. James Hunter, the Rev. R. C. Stone, the Rev. F. J. Akers, the Rev. H. D. Brasefield, Harry Hilliard, George McConnell, C. K. Clark, W W. Erier, Philip Bovel, R. O. Baldwin, F. A. Anthony, W. F. Curtis, C. E. Cornell, H. Morrison and James Bickerscoff.

BALANCE IN ST. ANDREW'S TREASURY.

Annual Reports Show a Most Encouraging Condition of Affairs.

New Officers Elected to Conduct the Church Business for Next Year.

The annual parish meeting of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church was held Tuesday night, a large number of parishioners being present. The meeting began with the service of evening prayer in the church by the Rector, afterwards adjourning to the school room for the transaction of business. Reports were read from the Young Ladies Guild, the Ladies' Aid Society, and the Parish Guild, showing these societies to be in a prosperous condition. The report of the Sunday school shows it to be in a very flourishing condition in every respect. The report of the treasurer of the Parish was specially encouraging, showing that all bills had been paid, including some carried over from last year, so that there is not a cent of floating indebtness, and a small balance to begin the new year, a satisfactory condition not known for many years past.

The Rector, Rev. Mr. Hulme, in his opening remarks expressed himself as encouraged by the year's work, and referred to some pressing needs,—specially to the necessity of painting the outside of the church building. Refreshments were served during recess which tended greatly to promote the sociability of the evening. The following gentlemen were elected by ballot to be vestrymen and directors for the ensuing year: George W. Reed, D. S. Moulton, H. W. Yolland, Milton Wilder, W. A. M. Van Bokkelen, James E. Riley, George A. Hall, Edward A. Rogers, Howard Waite, and Edward S. Lishman. The Rector, being ex-officio vestryman, director, and presiding officer.

A most satisfactory meeting was held and the desire is general to make the present year one of the best the Parish has had. The new vestry met immediately when the Rector appointed Mr. Van Bokkelen Senior Warden, and the meeting elected D. S. Moulton Junior Warden and Treasurer, and James E. Riley clerk and Secretary.

To Investigate Wine Matters.

At the meeting of the State Board of Trade yesterday, G. A. Wetmore, a prominent wine manufacturer, explained to the Board that difficulties existed between the wine-growers and wine-dealers of this State. He said he believed that matters could not be settled without the intervention of a third party and asked the board to act in the case. A committee composed of General N. P. Chipman, W. H. Mills and Colonel J. P. Irish will investigate the matter.

A Letter From the Arctic.

Mrs. W. P. Porter of Alameda, wife of Captain Porter of the whaler Jessie H. Freeman, now ice-bound in the Arctic has received a letter from her husband. It states that the whalers expect to be able to live till supplies reach them in July. The letter was brought by George A. Tilton, third mate of the Belvedere who made a perilous trip from Point Barrow to civilization a few days ago.

Infant's Strange Death.

Coroner Baldwin has been called upon to investigate the death of the infant child of a Mr. Johnson of Lorin. The child was two weeks old and had not been attended by a physician.

Boy Injured.

Walter Collins, a boy of 16, was treated at the Receiving Hospital for two severed fingers caused by a falling seat in the Seventh street local.

WESLAR

..THE..

OPTICIAN

Has associated himself with OSGOOD BROS. where those requiring his services can find him at any time from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

His prices are much more reasonable than those in vogue at other places and his work is reliable.

THOROUGH EXAMINATION FREE.

GEO. WESLAR

OPTICIAN

with

OSGOOD

The Drug Cutter

7th & Broadway

HARRY MORSE AGAIN AFTER SUPT. MILLER.

Calls Attention to the Condition of Oak Street.

The following communication from Harry N. Morse was sent to the Board of Public Works today:

"Oakland, April 13, 1898.

"To the Board of Public Works,

"Gentlemen:—There is not a more pleasing exercise of the mind than gratitude. It is accompanied with such an inward satisfaction, that the duty is sufficiently rewarded by the performance. It is not like the practice of many other virtues, difficult and painful, but attended with so much pleasure, that were there no positive command which enjoined it, nor any recompense laid up for it hereafter, a generous mind would indulge in it for the natural gratification that accompanies it.'

"If all this be true, who is there then, that would undertake to describe what must have been the exuberant feeling of grateful satisfaction, that filled the breast of your very efficient and astute Superintendent of Streets when he gazed upon the petitions presented to your honorable board by the various organizations of our boodle ridden and sorrowing city, respectfully requesting your honorable board to grant permission to your very efficient Superintendent of Streets to retain his official head upon his official shoulders. And too, what a peculiar sensation of awe must have crept down the spinal columns of the individual members of your honorable board, when these ponderous petitions commenced to flow in from the leisurely moving, aristocratic Board of Trade, and the Merchants' Exchange people, composed as it is of the bon-ton of our Athenian city. The Good Roads Association too, the athletic men of our town who ride on bicycles over our macadamized thoroughfares, darting hither and thither in their desperate efforts to dodge the little holes in our big streets and the big holes in our little streets, add their little protest against the removal of so efficient an officer. How very thankful the cyclers of Oakland must feel toward your able Superintendent of Streets, as they occasionally bound high up into the air upon encountering a ridge from four to six inches high, left on the street by some innocent looking contractor, and that too with the full consent and knowledge of your efficient and obliging Superintendent of Streets. (See Miller's letter to your honorable board of the 21st ultimo.)

"How these same Good Roads cyclers must bless our distinguished street official when they let loose into the azure sky, a volume of swear words, as they suddenly drop into a depression left on that same street with the full knowledge and consent of the efficient individual whose retention in office they so earnestly desire. Indeed all of our local Associations the members of the Good Roads organization ought to feel particularly proud and thankful, and I notice that they do—for the very scientific and skillful manner in which the 'very best, most honest, able, and efficient Superintendent of Street it has been the good fortune of Oakland to possess.' (See Good Roads Association petition for the retention of Miller)—manages to keep the streets and highways of our city smooth and level? But gentlemen of the Board of Public Works, in noticing these petitions now before you, you must take into consideration the fact that your official servant, the Superintendent of Streets, is a very smooth and plausible person. If I am not mistaken, and I shall apologize to your honorable body if I am.—I have heard it said that your efficient Superintendent of Streets has managed to become a member of, or take prominent part in the proceedings of each and every one of the organizations whose generous petitions for his non-decapitation lie upon the official table of your honorable board. And yet, gentlemen of the Board of Public Works, notwithstanding all this laudation of your Superintendent, I am sorry to say that within the last seven days some bloated corporation, or else some insignificant individual, neither of them having the fear of the law, or your Superintendent of Streets, in their mind, have dug several large holes on the north side of Oak street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, and in refilling the same have not complied with Section One of Ordinance 1,702, and which ordinance your Superintendent of Streets claims to have been a creation of his versatile brain. In fact, gentlemen, the persons who undertook to replace the dirt into the trenches have not complied with the law in that respect at all. On the contrary, ridges several inches high have been left on the street and at the place above named, to the great detriment of the traveling public generally and the Good Roads Association—or that part of them who cycle, particularly. It would not be departing from the truth to say that it would puzzle the most expert cycler in the above named Association to ride over the ridges heretofore named, without running great risk of breaking his valuable neck, or at least dislocating his vertebra. Between the railway tracks, at the crossing of Thirteenth street and Broadway there is a hole in the street big enough to drop a good sized child into. I presume your able and honest, but nonobserving Superintendent of Streets is jolted each and every day of his life by driving into that same hole, but then he would not notice a little thing like that. The railway company would fix it no doubt if Mr. Miller would notify them of it. It is a disgrace to our city, if not to the Superindent of Streets. Therefore, by reason of this neglect of duty on the part of your very efficient, but forgetful Superintendent of Streets, I most respectfully suggest that it would be a matter of sound public policy to depose this negligent official and fill the responsible position now held by him, by a more observing, if less scientific man.

"Yours respectfully,

"HARRY N. MORSE."

DEATH OF DR. SAM. M. SARGENT.

For a Long Time He Was a Resident of This City.

Dr. Samuel M. Sargent of Santa Cruz, brother of Mrs. R. B. Bothwell of this city, died on Sunday night.

Dr. Sargent was a native of Southern Ohio, where at Kenyon College he was educated, and at Trinity Medical College, Hartford, Connecticut, graduated in medicine. Thence he went to Paris and practiced two years in the hospitals of that city, returning to Cleveland, Ohio, where he practiced as a physician for over thirty years.

In 1889 he married at Oakland, and it was at that time that Dr. and Mrs. Sargent went to Santa Cruz, where they have since resided, and during those nine years the doctor has gained the admiration and respect of all who knew him.

LOOKS LIKE A FOUL MURDER.

The body of an unknown man was found in the bay near Point Pinole yesterday afternoon. The body was found by some boys who were playing upon the beach and was removed to the morgue at Martinez.

There were a number of bruises about the head, and it is believed that the man may have met with foul play.

The body was that of a man about 60 years of age and a trifle over five feet in height. He wore a gray coat and vest, dark trousers and white shirt.

The body had evidently been in the water two or three weeks.

PROF. SHIELDS NOW AN EPISCOPALIAN.

The Petition Signer Leaves His Presbyterian Brethren.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

WILMINGTON, Del., April 13.—Bishop Coleman was notified today by letter from Bishop Potter of New York that Professor Charles Shields of the Princeton Theological Seminary has been received into the Episcopal church and was recently confirmed by Bishop Potter.

Professor Shields is the man who joined with Grover Cleveland in signing a petition for a liquor license for Princeton Inn. He was once a moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church. His action in signing the petition for a license for Princeton Inn caused much adverse criticism. At a meeting of the New York Synod of the United Presbyterian church, held in Jersey City October 21st last, the committee on reform created a sensation by its reference to Professor Shields' course. Its report read:

"Words fail us to express our sorrow and amazement. We enter emphatic protest against the appearance of this monster (liquor) under the sanction of its professors of American Protestant institutions of education."

Professor Shields, on October 25th, authorized the statement that "in consequence of the unjust, unconstitutional and defamatory action" of certain Presbyteries and Synods involving his good name, he had decided for his own personal protection, to separate himself from the Presbyterian church.

POLICE PICKINGS.

Judge Allen this morning found Geo. F. Townsend guilty of petit larceny. Townsend worked for H. Moors, the Eleventh street oyster man, and he was arrested for failing to turn over $10 which he collected from E. Lehnhardt, the candy manufacturer.

The case of John Gray for drunkenness and battery, went over till tomorrow, Gray having promised to go to sea.

R. Lempke, charged by a Mrs. Hyden with vagrancy, was acquitted.

Con Fitzgerald and J. Lynch, charged with stealing chickens, demanded jury trials. Their cases were set for May 10th.

The trial of D. P. Clark, charged with selling polls on the races, went over till Friday.

Wm. Kane, arrested by Officers Scanlan and Stahl for drunkenness and vulgar language, will be sentenced on the former charge and tried on the latter tomorrow.

G. West and his wife, charged by Joe Flandin with disturbing the peace, were acquitted.

TOWED TO PORT BADLY WRECKED BY THE GALES.

Bark Willscott Has a Perilous Experience at Sea.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—At 7 o'clock last night the steamer Arcata, bound in from Coos Bay, sighted the British bark Willscott, under jury rig, ten miles off Duxbury reef.

The tug Reliance was immediately dispatched to aid the vessel and succeeded in towing her into port this morning. The Willscott's anchor was dropped off Meiggs' wharf, where the ship now lies, a sorry sight to mariners.

The Willscott is seventy-one days out from Hioga for Puget Sound, but she was unable to reach her destination.

She was sighted by the British ship Conway in the latter part of February. The Conway reported a vessel in sore distress about 1,800 miles west of San Francisco, but owing to extremely heavy weather no assistance could be rendered the ship in trouble. The Willscott is about as badly damaged as she could be without being rendered a total wreck.

She was struck by a hurricane on February 13th and completely dismantled, jury masts were supplied, but the wreckage of rigging and spars trailed over her battered sides when she passed the bar this morning.

BASEBALL IN THE NORTHWEST.

Some of the Features of the New Pacific League.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

TACOMA, Wash., April 13.—The Pacific Northwest Baseball League was organized here yesterday, with Tacoma, Portland, Seattle and Spokane on the list. The salary limit was fixed at $800 and each club will put up forfeit to play out the season. The constitution adopted is practically that which governed in 1895. There will be no guarantee, two teams dividing the general admission and the home club taking the grand stand receipts. Eighty-four games will be played, the season opening May 18th. The election of officers was postponed for a week.

A SWEET VOICED SINGER TO WED.

Prospective Marriage of Ethel Adam and W. J. Spencer.

The announcement of prospective nuptials under most auspicious circumstances is now made, and as a consequence the marriage of W. J. Spencer and Miss Minnie Jansen, the soubrette, whose stage name is Miss Ethel Adams, will be the result.

Mr. Spencer is a well known business man, being the proprietor of the Wonder Millinery store on San Pablo avenue, and also the Mother Millinery Company.

His bride is a charming actress and vocalist, and only recently appeared in the soubrette role in "Peck's Bad Boy" at the Oakland, where she charmed everybody by her graceful manners and excellent singing.

Mr. Spencer is the uncle of C. I. Spencer, the lessee and proprietor of the Oakland Theater.

The date of the marriage is yet to be announced.

HARRY THOMAS UNABLE TO APPEAR IN COURT.

This was the morning fixed for the pleading of Harry W. Thomas, indicted on a charge of subordination of perjury. Attorney Nusbaumer appeared for the defendant and asked for a week's continuance on the ground that Harry is confined to his home with serious illness. Dr. Church was present to substantiate this statement, and by consent of counsel, Judge Ellsworth laid the case over until next Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

ESLABE APPEARS IN COURT WITH COUNSEL.

The Murderer Enters a Plea of Not Guilty This Morning.

To the surprise of court and counsel Joaquin Eslabe, the self-confessed murderer of William Gates, the tamale man, appeared in court today and entered a plea of "not guilty." He was true to his word and had by his side Attorney White to guard his interests.

The usual sullen and cold countenance was supplanted by a smile this morning, and he evinced feelings of hope as he pleasantly nodded to friends in the lobby. The case was set for trial on May 3d.

ANNA HELD AT THE MACDONOUGH.

The Great Parisian Favorite Appears Here Tonight.

Miss Anna Held, the great Parisian dancer and singer and beauty, will appear at the Macdonough Theater this evening, and the house will be packed to witness her performance, the same as the houses have been packed to see and hear her in all parts of the country. She is accompanied with a company all of the members of which are capable in many lines of work.

Miss Held travels in a special car. There is probably no apartment in this country that excels in beauty those in the interior of this traveling mansion. It was built some few years ago for Lily Langtry by Fred Gebhardt and cost, at what was considered a "marked-down" price, just $37,000. In the course of time it passed out of the hands of the actress and was bought by the magician Herrmann. While owned by him it journeyed all over the country. It was a source of no little pride to the wizard, and when he finally breathed his last it was in one of the downy beds of this coach. After Herrmann's death the car was idle for some time. Theatrical people are proverbially superstitious and no one cared to risk seeing the ghost of the dead magician. Then the season was not good and few felt able to pay out the money asked for the car. At last Manager Ziegfeld purchased it for Anna Held, had it newly fitted out and consigned it to the road.

IN THE COURTS TODAY

Lydia R. Butler's estate has been appraised at $1,792.50.

Martha M. White has commenced action in divorce against James A. White.

W. H. Knight has petitioned for letters of administration on the estate of Margaret Kearns and Theodore Jacobson, deceased.

Rev. George E. Swan has petitioned for the guardianship of Ruth Merrill a minor.

Susan Martin has submitted an amended complaint in her action against the Southern Pacific Company for $50,000.

Cornelia Willoughby has filed complaint in foreclosure against Helen M. De Lanza.

THE WOMEN'S CONGRESS.

It Will Be Opened in San Francisco Next Month.

The Women's Congress of the Pacific Coast will be opened in San Francisco on the 2nd of May and will be continued for four days. There is a large membership in Oakland. The Executive Board of the Congress is composed of Mrs. Lloyd Baldwin, Mrs. G. W. Bunnell, and Mrs. Ada Van Pelt.

The subject to be discussed at the Congress is in reference to the trend of American social life. After the four days' session in San Francisco, sessions of two days each will be held in Stockton and San Jose.

A LENGTHY TRIAL IS IN STORE FOR RODGERS.

William P. Rodgers was arraigned before Judge Ellsworth to-day and pleaded not guilty to the charge of assault with intent to murder. He was represented by M. C. Chapman.

Mr. Chapman stated to the court that the case would require eight days for trial, that witnesses would be summoned from Nevada and requested that it be set at a late date. The court appointed May 24th for the initiation of the trial, upon the defense agreeing to waive the sixty day right of trial.

BLOODY RIOTS IN PORTO RICO.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Advices to the Herald from Porto Rico are to the effect that the populace is still excited over the election, which resulted in a Liberal majority of twenty-five. On Tuesday the Governor issued a proclamation against disorder. Four newspapers charge fraud in the elections.

One hundred and fifty persons throughout the island have been arrested. Three were killed and twenty-six injured in riots in Cayey and elsewhere. Senor Juan Ramos has gone to Spain to represent the Liberal cause in the Cortes.

The people are aggravated by the probability of rebellion. If military authority was restricted and more scope given to autonomy, internal peace would be assured.

The Log Cabin Lunch Parlor

Has attained a peculiar excellence in service, cuisine and quality. It is more than a mere restaurant. 1151 Broadway bet. Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets.

From constant use in my business, I can fully and unreservedly recommend "the Yost" typewriter for the rapidity and accuracy of its work. John Goss, President Oakland Law School.

Do not suffer from sick headache a moment longer. It is not necessary. Carter's Little Liver Pills will cure you. Dose, one little pill. Small price. Small dose. Small Pill.

William J. Dingee

901 BROADWAY

Cor. Eighth Street, OAKLAND

FIRST SPECIAL

Auction Sale

—OF THE—

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Oakland REAL ESTATE

SATURDAY

April 23d, 1898

At Salesroom, at 2 P. M.

This Immense Sale Comprises

COTTAGES, HOUSES, BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

At Your Own Figures!

HOUSE TO BE REMOVED—Sold only on account of non-residence of owners. Residence of the late Capt. J. C. Wilson on Hobart street, near Grove; nine rooms; billiard room and all modern improvements; will cost to remove about $250. Also choice lots on Hobart and Delger streets. Also three modern six room cottages, cost $2,200 to build; lots 30x100; very desirable; easy terms.

FINE BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE PROPERTY on Webster and Sixth streets. Six valuable lots, five of which are improved; two modern eight room houses directly at station of broad and narrow gauge local trains; must be sold; make money by purchasing some of this desirable property.

FREDERICK OR NINETEENTH STREET, near Telegraph. Good eight room house; modern; lot 40x100; owner away; positive instructions to sell; very easy terms; now rented to good tenant; see this without fail.

THIRTEENTH AVENUE BUSINESS PROPERTY. Right at Brooklyn station; large cottage of five rooms; extra well built; heavy brick foundation, etc.; lot 30-4x75; street paved with bitumen; good tenant; stores on this property will pay well; an investment worth investigation; terms, $250 cash, balance mortgage.

THIRD AVENUE RESIDENCE. An elegant house at your own price; former residence of W. A. Powning, Esq.; story and half house; nine rooms; two porcelain baths and every convenience; large lot 50x180; stable for ten horses, carriage house, windmill, etc.; Third avenue near East Twelfth street; $500 cash.

FILBERT STREET BUILDING. Lot 40x...; just north of Eighteenth street; new houses on adjoining lots; easy terms.

Examine the Properties in this

GRAND AUCTION SALE

and come prepared to buy at your own figures—SECURE CATALOGUES

Saturday, April 23d, 1898

Salesrooms, 2 O'clock.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE

901 Broadway, cor. 8th St., Oakland

EASTON, ELDRIDGE & CO., San Francisco.

Gold Medal Award

For Highest Merit—

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"KIMBALL CRACKER"

NONE BETTER;

And Many Other Varieties Made by

The Oakland Baking Co.,

E. B. Kimball, Manager
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HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

How a man is handicapped whose stomach and liver are deranged. He shrinks from tasks that delight the healthy.

THE BITTERS RENEWS FUNCTIONAL REGULARITY —AND— Dispels the Gloom —OF— INVALIDS

DO YOU NEED ANY

FIRE INSURANCE

—IF SO TRY—

H. F. GORDON'S AGENCY,

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Best of Home, Foreign and Eastern Cos. Low Rates, Prompt Settlement of Losses. Up to Date Policy Forms.

THE PIONEER FRENCH BAKERY

M. & J. LONGE, Proprietors.

N. E. Corner Tenth and Webster Streets, OAKLAND, CAL.

First quality French bread delivered to all parts of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda. Loaves made to order for camping parties. French rolls made to order.

NOTICE

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

Crockery and Glassware will be Sold by

A. H. ACKERMAN

Cor. 14th & Washington Sts.

Commencing Saturday, April 9th

At 40c on the $1

COOK & CO.

Late of 123 Kearny St., S. F.

Bicycle Racing Popular at the Elmhurst Veledrome.

Springtime Sports of Every Character Now Booming.

NEWS OF THE ATHLETIC CLUBS.

A Big Pool Tournament Being Played by Members of the Acme.

Following will be found a record of the principal events in the world of sports for the week:

THE UMPIRE.

Lon Agnew, the clever local fighter, wants to meet Phil Green, who was robbed out of the decision at the Reliance Club by Referee Cerani, last week. Green proved himself a surprise, and was too much for his opponent, Charlie Tye, but Agnew is confident that he can take the wind out of the new bruiser's sails.

If Green shows up as he did with Tye, and Agnew is in his usual trim, the contest would be an interesting one, and the club securing it would have a great drawing card.

* * *

Next month Tom Sharkey and Jim Jeffries will face each other in the roped arena, and I have already said that I believed Jeffries would win. He has every advantage of the sailor, and should give that fighter the drubbing he so richly deserves.

* * *

The Terrill-Martin bicycle race at Elmhurst Saturday was attended by less than 100 people. Had the race taken place on Sunday it would have been attended by not less than 1,000 people. The affair was brought off under the direction of the League of American Wheelmen, and the California Associated Cycling Clubs was ignored. Otherwise the results, from a financial standpoint, would have been different. Racing under the L. A. W. is a dead letter in the West. It would be interesting to know what Caspar Whitney, who takes such a keen delight in criticizing coast athletics, would have to say to this.

* * *

The comparative tests of the chain-driven and the chainless or gear-driven bicycle of the present have been discussed at length by all classes, and practical treatises published by eminent professors of mechanical reputation from our colleges, and is still the subject of discussions and arguments between the rival manufacturers and to such an extent that the would-be buyer of an up-to-date, in-the-swim bicycle becomes so confused that he does not know his own mind and is almost afraid to trust the advice of the expert bicyclist to whom he has always gone heretofore when in doubt. When he meets his bicycle riding neighbor he naturally brings the conversation around to that point, and the consequence is that a somewhat heated debate follows. Being an interested listener to several of these debates, some of which are full of good, sound reasoning, we have tried to bring forward some of the most interesting and important items in regard to the relative merits of the two types in question. We find that the mechanic in particular is interested in the bevel gear as a means of transmitting the power applied to the crank. It appeals to his inclinations rather than to his judgment in the matter, being a more convenient means as regards the ease and signtliness of inclosing the wearing elements, thus protecting them from the well known conditions of wear and tear of the ordinary open chain-driven type. On the other hand, he knows how difficult it is to make a perfect bevel gear, and the expensive special machinery required. And also that if the gears are not absolutely perfect, the rattling, vibratory sensation experienced is annoying, to say the least. In order to avoid this the gear must have a perfect rolling motion, must be absolute as to pitch and depth of tooth, etc., and the alignment must at all times be perfect. It will appear from this view of the subject that in case of accident it must go to the factory to be repaired, as the repair man will not be able to keep the expensive machinery necessary for such work. A plea for the chain-driven wheel, that it can be more easily repaired, as well as its lower first cost, meeting as it does the requirements of the majority of riders who use it more in the line of a necessity than a luxury, makes it apparent to our mind that the manufacturer will still continue to make his profits from the chain wheel, and the chainless will have the patronage of the four hundred only, until such time as it can be put on the market at a lower figure than the now current price of the present chain-driven wheel.

While, however, the sprocket and chain bicycle will still be the favorite among those who have to look at the economical side of the question, the chainless will certainly appeal strongly to those who want a bicycle for pleasure or to those who can well afford it for the purpose of going and coming from their business, inasmuch as it is readily cared for and the liability of smearing or tearing the clothing is reduced to a minimum. — Cycling Gazette.

* * *

Since the big Burns handicap for $10,000 was decided at the Oakland track Saturday, everybody is telling how easy it was to pick Satsuma as the winner. Everybody seems to have been "on" Satsuma, but those who are doing the most bragging about their judgment seem to have the least money since the race. As a matter of fact, the majority of track followers had their money on the Burns & Waterhouse stable. THE UMPIRE.

ACME AFFAIRS.

The pool tournament at the Acme Club has attracted more attention than any event which has taken place at the club rooms for some time. The games are played during the afternoon and evening, and keep the tables constantly engaged. The scores will be published when a series of games has been played by all the entries.

The handball players are practicing for the handball tournament which will open next Monday. The players are all in excellent trim and a lively contest is expected. The club numbers a great many good players who take a very active interest in the game. Handball is rapidly becoming the principal in-door exercise of all clubs having facilities for playing the game. A great many of the players will play their games in the afternoon while others will be played in the evening thus having the preliminary skirmishes through to the finals.

The swimming tank in the club is being well patronized these hot days.

A number of the wheelmen ran over to Camp Taylor Sunday under the leadership of Captain Shedd, Rossman, Nelson, Bedburg, and several others being of the party. The club runs during these pleasant days have been very successful and attract good crowds.

The next entertainment at the Acme will be an amateur event strictly and will consist of a tournament of Acme boxers against the members of other clubs for trophies. The entertainment should attract as it will be to for the glory of the sport.

RACING ITEMS.

Dick Clawson rode four winners and one second at the Oakland track yesterday, his mounts being Canace, Banewor, Newsgatherer, Watomba, and Oddson.

Handicapper Brooks announces the following weights for the Palace Hotel handicap, purse $2,000, to be decided April 16th. The race is for all ages. Entrance $10; $40 additional for horses not declared at time of closing entries the day preceding the race. The California Jockey Club to guarantee the value of the stakes to be $2,000, of which $250 to second and $150 to third horse. Weights to be announced three days prior to the race. Winners of other than a selling purse, after the weights are announced, to carry five pounds extra. One mile and a furlong.

Senator Bland 123, The Roman 123, Fleur de Lis 120, Ruinart 118, Buck Massie 116, Ostler Joe 115, Scarborough 112, Buckwa 110, Howard Mann 110, Installator 110, Imp. Tripping 110, Judge Denny 110, Traverser 107, Vinctor 107, Colonel Wheeler 107, Loch Ness 107, St. Lee 105, Junius 105, Argentina 103, St. Faverdale 103, Lincoln II. 102, Fonsovannah 100, Salvation 100, Candelaria 100, Winstock 99, San Venado 98, Yankee Doodle 97, Wheel of Fortune 97, Souffle 96, Summer Time 95, Scarf Pin 95, Bitter Root 94, Cromwell 90, Marcel 90, The Dragon 90, Roeber 90, Foremost 90, Crescendo 90, Sam Tate 90, Gallant 90, Marplot 88, St. Catatine 85, Mamie G. 85, La Goleta 85, King William 85, Chartreuse 85, Official 85, Inuendo 80, Morana 80.

BASEBALL.

Baseball, as it is played by the California League, has caught the public, as is demonstrated by the large crowds of people that attend every game played at Recreation Park, Eighth and Harrison streets, San Francisco.

Last Sunday the Fresno team met its second defeat at the hands of San Francisco by one run. It was an exciting game, and the result was in doubt until the last man was out. Score, 5 to 4.

The Oakland Team went to Stockton and was defeated by a score of 9 to 7.

Little Lou Hardie was the star of the day, making a home run, a two bagging and a single.

The umpiring of Chase was very ragged. He does not seem to be able to distinguish the difference between a ball and a strike, and he does not even know the rules of the game.

Tip O'Neill, after having three balls and no strikes, changed his batting position from the left side to the right side of the plate. The ball had not been delivered by the pitcher and was not pitched until the next batter took his place at the bat. The pitcher was looking at the base runner on second and attempted to deliver the ball, but on looking around was nonplussed and made a balk before he could control himself. The umpire should have advanced the base runner, but instead, to please the audience, he called O'Neill out.

The game was a very exciting and interesting one, as the Stocktons were ahead first, then the Oaklands and finally Stockton.

On next Sunday the San Jose team and the San Francisco team will cross bats at Recreation Park at 2:15 o'clock. If the boys play as good ball in the future as they have up to date it is only a question of time until they have all of the patronage in San Francisco.

The Oakland team of the Pacific States League,—composed of San Francisco men and other players, none of them residents of Oakland, is still alive, although they are losing their players, one at a time. Youngey Johnson is going East this week, and Josh Riley will probably go before the end of the month.

The Oakland Team goes to Sacramento next Saturday and to Fresno on Sunday.

BOXING.

On the evening of May 6, 1898, at the Mechanics' Pavilion, San Francisco, big Jim Jeffries and Tom Sharkey will don the mittens for a twenty round go. After much controversy the National Athletic Club has secured the match, and the fighters will receive 65 per cent of the receipts.

This match was quietly made in a back room of the Baldwin Hotel, and the sporting people of the world are much enthused over the agreement.

The match promises to be the greatest that has been fought in years, both men being young, muscular and energetic.

Jeffries will do all his training at the Reliance Club in Oakland, while Sharkey will train at Vallejo until a short time before the meeting, when he will remove to Seal Rock House, near Ocean Beach.

The coming contest is certainly a big step to deciding who is to be the world's heavy-weight champion.

The following is a comparative measurement of the two men:

Sharkey.		Jeffries.
5 feet 8¼ inches..	Height	6 feet 1 inch
178 pounds.....	Weight	205 pounds
17 inches.....	Neck	17½ inches
16½ inches.....	Biceps	16 inches
13½ inches.....	Forearm	13½ inches
48 inches.....	Chest	43½ inches
32 inches.....	Waist	35 inches
22 inches.....	Thigh	26 inches
17½ inches.....	Calf	17¼ inches

Lon Agnew of this city has challenged Phil Green, who fought Charlie Tye at the Reliance Club last week, to a contest for $100 and the best purse offered.

BICYCLE NOTES.

Next Sunday a two mile tandem handicap will be run at Elmhurst, and as this is the first race of the kind ever attempted, and is sure of a great entry list, there will be a race that will keep the talent guessing. Nearly every club about the bay will have a team entered, and some two or three. As the men are all in good condition for the relay they will doubtless make very fast time, and that is what the public demands.

The playing of the teams in the Cycle Baseball League has attracted a great deal of attention of late, and there are a great many people who would rather see these games than those of the professional leagues. Sunday the Bay City Wheelmen and California Cycling Club teams will meet on the Elmhurst field, and promise an interesting game. The Bay Cities are third in the race for the pennant, while the Californias are second, and this, being their final game, will be a contest worth seeing.

George Fuller, the young giant of the Olympic Wheelmen, is looked upon by judges of racing men as the most likely man to beat his fast club-mate Wing at his own game, and should the ex-champion Kenna fail to lower his colors, an effort will be made to bring these two riders together. Wing is very anxious to meet Fuller, saying he would ride against him for fun, money or marbles, and as George is not at all backward there will be little trouble in perfecting arrangements when the proper time comes.

Vincent A. Dodd, vice president of the Encinal Cyclers of Alameda, has taken up his residence in Sacramento and will in the future sport the colors of the Capital City Wheelmen.

A. T. Smith of the Encinals is looked upon as the coming rider of Alameda county, and should he win his race with Deacon on the 24th will be matched with Wing, the champion of the coast.

Efforts are being made to match Wing and Kenna for a middle distance paced race. Should this race take place it will by long odds outshine any event ever run in the State, and there are a great many people who would have their money down on the speedy Olympian.

Kenna's voluntary apology and application to be allowed to ride under C. A. C. C. rules is quite a victory for the association in its strife against the L. A. W. That racing under L. A. W. control is dead on this coast was fully proven Saturday, when Martin met Terrill under sanction of the above named body, in the presence of less than a hundred people. If the people would not attend a week day meet to see such men as these ride, what would they do when local talent alone furnished the sport? Had this race taken place on Sunday there would have been thousands there to witness it.

The League of American Wheelmen, at its last national assembly, refused to sanction Sunday racing, yet the representatives of this body who compete in the world's championships will ride on the 4th and 11th of September, both dates being Sunday, and at the same time carry L. A. W. credentials. There must be a screw loose somewhere.

It has been suggested that the Track Racing Committee of the C. A. C. C. could do a great deal of good by sending a copy of the track rules to each racing man in the association. Scarcely a race takes place but that some one who should know better commits a breach that spoils either the race or the chances of some likely contestant, as in the race Sunday, when Rosenheim of the Reliance deliberately fell back a lap and paced a club mate who might have won. Both Rosenheim and the man who accepted his pace were promptly disqualified by Referee Chester S. Myrick. The man who had been paced won the race, but could not take the prize, and as both said they did not know it was wrong, and there are few riders that know anything about the rules, it is to be hoped that the committee will act upon Mr. Myrick's suggestion.

The performances of H. M. Platt and P. F. Valentine in the ten mile road race of the Reliance Club over the San Leandro course Sunday were remarkable. Both riders are novices. Platt, with a seven minute handicap, finished first, and Valentine, with a 2:30 minute handicap, finished second. Platt's time was 32:10 and Valentine's 27:48.

C. H. S.

The C. H. S. baseball team again demonstrated that it is worthy of some comment. The players went to Stockton last Saturday to play a game with the Stockton High School, but when the time for the game was called the Stockton team failed to put in an appearance, so the game was given to the Oakland boys by default.

The boys feel somewhat put out over the game, as they had to take the trip to Stockton for nothing, and they say they would rather have played the game than take it by default.

This is the third successive victory the boys have won in the last three weeks and when it comes to the finals they say that the other teams will have to hustle to beat them out.

Y. M. C. A.

The protested game of basket-ball between the Athens and Business Men was given to the Business Men of San Francisco at a meeting last week.

There will be a tennis tournament in the near future for the championship of the Y. M. C. A. There will be doubles and singles.

In the doubles, Kerr and Phelan will play Brock and Hunter.

The Swimming Club will be formed again in a week or so, and a night will be named so that the boys can get their suits ready for a plunge at the Piedmont Baths. The date has not been set as yet, but a meeting will be called next week to fix the time.

LOCAL SPORTS IN FRESNO.

Jeffries and D. W. Van Court Put Up Some Good Contests.

Some Oakland sports were in Fresno Saturday evening and gave great satisfaction. The Expositor says:

"Emory Donohoo and De Witt Van Court gave an exhibition in scientific boxing. The affair was a very clever one, and was one of the most enjoyed of the evening.

"The 6-round contest between Broad and Abbott resulted in a draw. When the six rounds had been fought, the announcement was made that three more rounds would follow. At the conclusion of the sixth round the boys were made to fight to the ninth. The match was then declared a draw by Mr. Van Court, who acted as referee.

"The four-round exhibition between James J. Jeffries and his brother Jake concluded the evening's entertainment. They made a good showing, giants both of them. More slugging was indulged in than the crowd had looked for, and Jake was floored by a good stiff punch over the heart.

"Jeffries, his brother and Van Court are still in town, the guests of Mr. Benham. They are at the Grand Central."

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Priest of Oakland are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Place at Santa Cruz.

G. R. Warrent, formerly of Winters, has purchased the Fruitvale drug store.

Steward Tobin and wife of the Receiving Hospital have returned from a week's sojourn in Watsonville, where they went to recuperate.

Mrs. McHugh and Miss Ada McHugh of Oakland were the guests of Mrs. W. C. Moran of Lorin yesterday.

R. S. Bothwell of Oakland arrived at Santa Cruz yesterday to attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, Dr. S. M. Sargent.

Harry J. L. Atwood and Miss Hattie M. Henshaw were married April 2d at Kearney, Nebraska. Mr. Atwood is well known in Alameda, having attended the public schools. He was at one time captain of the Alameda Temperance Cadets.

Mrs. T. D. Lewis of Berkeley is visiting her father, Mr. Henry Keller, of Concord.

Green Majors is in Tuolumne county, where he is visiting at the Ribbon Rock mine on business. He will remain there about two weeks.

The December class of '98, Alameda High School, is to give a cotillion at Encinal Hall next Monday evening.

Ex-Congressman Charles A. Sumner is to lecture before the Unitarian Club of Alameda this evening upon Reminiscences of a Trip to England. There will also be a musical programme.

Last evening there was an organ recital at the Church of the Advent. A silver collection was taken at the door. The vested choir, and Mrs. Harry B. Wood, M. G. A. Hall and Mrs. Blake-Alverson sang; Mrs. V. Marshall Law, organist, and W. E. Higgins, fluetest, rendered selections.

Miss Maud C. Russell and Sidney D. W. Allen were made matrimonial partners at Christ Church, Alameda, last evening. The bride's parents reside at 1428 Broadway and the groom's at 462 Santa Clara avenue. Their honeymoon trip will include Portland, Oregon.

Mrs. C. T. Mills, of Mills College, has just returned from a week's visit to her cousin, Dr. C. S. Nichols at Pomona.

SUIT AGAINST A CANNING FIRM.

Oakland Company Is Asked to Pay Five Thousand Dollars.

The San Jose Mercury says:

"J. A. De Simas has brought suit in department 2 of the Superior Court against the Oakland Preserving Company, which maintains a fruit packing, canning and preserving establishment at Milpitas, to recover damages in the sum of $5,000 for the alleged flowing of waste and decayed vegetable matter and waste water upon the lands of the plaintiff. The complaint alleges that by reason of the foul odors arising from the same plaintiff's health has become greatly impaired and he has been rendered unable to perform physical labor. Frank P. Dreischmeyer is counsel for plaintiff."

Car Men Will Picnic.

The employes of the Oakland, San Leandro and Haywards Electric Railroad will give their third annual complimentary picnic at San Lorenzo grove on the 5th of next month. The following committees have been named to manage the affair: Executive—L. J. Toffelmier, C. H. Carroll, F. B. Vose, literary—A. C. Malone, F. B. Vose, F. D. Hoyt, H. B. Arlett and A. L. Stuart; recreation—H. B. Arlett, T. E. Sawyer, P. Barbin, Fred Peru and M. E. Allen; programme—F. T. Putnam, G. R. Hughes and R. M. Brand; refreshments—F. E. Givens, G. W. Graves, W. H. Park, W. F. Krueger and G. E. Halliday; finance—C. H. Carroll, F. B. Vose and L. J. Toffelmier; transportation—T. R. Brooks, A. M. Hinman, A. Lamareaux, I. Toffelmier, W. B. Zimmerman, J. H. Kluepfer, G. W. Graves and W. F. Krueger; floor—A. C. Malone, I. Toffelmier, F. Peru, G. R. Hughes, C. F. Kluepfer, F. B. Vose, F. T. Putnam, L. J. Toffelmier and C. H. Carroll.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

May Be Protested.

It is claimed that a big protest will be filed against the proposed removal of the gore building bounded by Seventh, West and Market streets. The matter is now pending in the City Council. The removal will be made to abolish the dangerous curve in the railroad tracks at that point.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Extra Bloodread,

All sizes, must be sold. See them at the old store of H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

SEARING'S FRUITS.

For the best fruits, the freshest and the best variety, go to Searing's, 465 Twelfth.

Champlin's Spring Opening

It has always been our aim to build up and make a permanent feature of our business, the reputation for being the undoubted leaders of styles in footwear.

Everything the market affords that is new and correct we aim to secure as early as possible, and although the season is but commenced, we are able to show a full line of the latest novelties in high class modern footwear for the spring of 1898.

Changes have been many, and it is generally conceded by critical buyers that the new things for '98 in shoes, are far beyond anything heretofore attempted in this line.

We invite inspection at this time feeling confident that later on, when the need is there, we will have a share of your esteemed trade.

J. L. CHAMPLIN & CO.

THE OLD RELIABLE SHOE HOUSE

Cor. Fourteenth and Broadway,

OAKLAND, CAL.

Ever Drink Coffee?

Americans' Best

THAT'S THE Coffee

BRACER FOR ALL DAY

LOWEST PRICES IN AMERICA

10, 15, 25, 30, 35, 40

CENTS PER POUND

HANDSOME PRESENTS FREE

Salad Dishes, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Pitchers, Vases and Fancy Dishes of every description. One with every purchase.

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All Work Guaranteed.

Filled with Gold for.....75c up
" " Silver for....25c up
Bridge Work, per tooth, $4 up
Gold Crowns, 22 K.....$4 up
Plates for.....$5 up
Cleaning Teeth.....50c up
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I make a flexible dental plate, which is but little known by the public, and less known by other dentists. It has an advantage over other rubber plates, being lighter and thinner. It will pay you to examine this process. Consultation Free.

Open Saturday evenings until 9. Sundays 9 to 12.

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Cooking School.

Teacher questioning.
Pupils answering in unison.

Q. What is the cheapest fuel?
A. GAS.
Q. Why is gas the cheapest fuel?
A. Because at $1.60 per thousand gas is cheaper than coal at $8.00 per ton.
Q. What other recommendations has Gas over Coal?
A. Cleanliness, readiness. No soot. No smoke. No ashes. Fire ready in a moment.
Q. What recommendations has Gas over Gasoline.
A. Safety. No explosions. No offensive odors.
Q. Where are Gas Stoves obtainable?
A. From the Gas Company.
Q. What is the Cost?
A. $12.00 placed. No after cost for repairs.

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Pure Milk Procured from Rich Food and Healthy Cows. Delivered Twice a Day. NORTH TEMESCAL.

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He is unsurpassed in the rapid cure of

FEMALE DISEASES

and all weaknesses and disorders of Men

Private Diseases

Quickly cured. Recent cases in a few hours.

Call or write, Dr. HALL'S Medical Institute, 855 Broadway, near Seventh Street, Oakland, Cal.

Cures guaranteed. Hours 10 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 8. Museum of Anatomy open daily. Free to men.

Dr. T. D. Hall's Re-Invigorator stops all Losses in 24 hours. Cures Nervous Debility, Wasting Away, Emissions, Impotency, Losses and all weaknesses arising from errors of youth and excesses; $2 per bottle. 3 bottles for $5 guaranteed to cure.

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THE PROBLEM SOLVED.

THE NEW MEDICAL DISCOVERY TESTED.

Results of the Test in Various Forms of Dyspepsia.

Chronic indigestion or dyspepsia, while a very common trouble, has for some time been looked upon by able physicians as a serious thing, and that no time should be lost in treating it properly at the start, because recent researches have shown that the most serious, fatal and incurable diseases have their origin in simple dyspepsia or indigestion.

Diabetes is simply one form of indigestion, the sugar and starchy food not being assimilated by the digestive organs. In Bright's disease the albumen is not properly assimilated.

While consumption and dyspepsia are twin diseases, and it is beyond question that dyspepsia makes a fertile soil for the seeds of consumption.

But the trouble has been TO FIND A REMEDY THAT COULD BE DEPENDED UPON TO CURE DYSPEPSIA, as it is notoriously obstinate and difficult to cure.

This has been the question which has puzzled physicians and dyspeptics alike, until the question was solved three years ago by the appearance of a new dyspepsia cure in the medical world known as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which it was claimed was as a certain, reliable cure for every form of stomach trouble.

Physicians, however, would not accept such statements without first giving the new remedy many tests and carefully observing results.

For three years the remedy has been thoroughly tested in every section of the country and with surprising and satisfactory results.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can be honestly claimed to be a specific, a radical lasting cure for indigestion in the various forms of acid dyspepsia or sour stomach, gas or wind on stomach, too much bile, undue fullness or pressure after eating and similar symptoms resulting from disordered digestion. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets were not placed before the public until this three years' trial left no doubt as to their value and they have recently been placed on sale at all druggists at the nominal price of 50 cents per package.

No extravagant claims are made for the remedy. It will not cure rheumatism, pneumonia, typhoid fever nor anything but just what it is claimed to cure and that is every form of stomach trouble.

No dieting is necessary, good wholesome food and plenty of it and you may rest assured that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will DIGEST IT.

Druggists claim for it that it is a pleasure to recommend it to dyspeptics, because it gives such universal satisfaction.

Little book on stomach diseases sent free by addressing Stuart Comany, Marshall, Michigan.

MARTIN CASE IS TERMINATED BY A NON-SUIT.

The suit of Susan A. Martin and her three children against the Southern Pacific Company to recover $50,000 for the killing of Joseph Martin, husband and father, was terminated in Judge Ogden's court this morning by the granting of a non-suit which was yesterday moved by the defense. As a last resort the plaintiff secured a stay of proceedings of thirty days in order to appeal for a new trial.

This point was argue' by the respective sides during the entire day yesterday, and at 10 o'clock this morning the court handed down its decision. Said the judge:

"There can be no doubt in this action that you have made out a case of negligence on the part of the defendant. No bell was rung and this was in violation of the law of the State, but our Supreme Court has decreed that any one who voluntarily places himself in the face of death even by reason of the negligence of another is not entitled to recovery. It is purely a case of contributory negligence.

"I believe it to be the duty of a judge to analyze every bit of evidence in the case at bar and also every case quoted and I glean from these cases that the plaintiff must stop, look and listen. If he looks he is presumed to have seen, and if he listens, he is presumed to have heard, and then if he drives on, by his action he is presumed to have done it voluntarily and therefore is not entitled to recovery.

"The man was sitting four and a half feet above the bed of a box car and could easily have seen it, notwithstanding the grade. However, waiving such calculation, by the recent decisions of court, it was his duty to raise himself so that he could see and observe the approaching cars. If we assume the train's speed to be forty miles and the team's eight miles per hour, the train must have been 270 feet away and without negligence the accident could not have occurred."

The court then quoted a decision in point, but was interrupted by Attorney Brown, who asked:

"Is your honor prepared to hold that in no event could a man recover from a railroad, if injured while crossing its track?"

"I am holding nothing," replied the judge, "I am merely quoting to you the law of the State as formulated in the decisions of the Supreme Court."

Concluding his remarks the judge said: "A motion for non-suit will be granted."

Attorney A. A. Moore has been representing the railroad, while Attorneys Vogelsang and Brown have prosecuted the case.

M'INTOSH AND HAYMOND MAY BE DISBARRED

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—After an investigation into the charges against Attorneys Benjamin McIntosh and Edgar B. Haymond, recently found guilty by Judge Cook of unprofessional conduct in connection with the Hoff murder case, the Bar Association of this city has appointed a committee to take the necessary steps to secure the disbarment of the two attorneys by the Supreme Court.

It is alleged that during the trial of Albert Hoff, whom McIntosh and Haymond represented, they attempted to dispose of an alleged confession of their client for $2,000 to certain newspapers of this city.

INSPECT THE BLIND HOME.

The Institution Visited by Several Well Known Senators.

Unexpectedly today the Senatorial Committee on State Public Institutions made a call at the Industrial Home for the Adult Blind at Temescal.

It called to make an inspection of the premises, the home, the equipment and the manner in which the institution is conducted.

The Senators who called were J. H. Dickinson, John J. Boyce, W. F. Frisk, C. M. Simpson and E. W. Chapman.

They were received by Colonel Hays, the Superintendent, and Secretary Haven, and given all the information which the experience of those gentlemen and the books of the institution could advance. Everything was inspected, and every detail of the management which the committee desired information upon was gone into and satisfactorily elucidated.

The fact that the manufacturing department of the Home is a cause of losing money was very thoroughly looked into. It was shown that the loss was occasioned by the fact that the Home in the making of brooms was compelled to compete with Chinese and buy broomcorn at contract prices when the product could be purchased more reasonably at private sales. It was also shown that none of the private broom makers in San Francisco are making money at this time.

The Senators were very anxious to get at a thorough understanding of the case, and thereby showed a great deal of interest in the institution. They asked, however, for no suggestions as to the changes in the institution which Colonel Hays would like to make, and for that reason no suggestions were made.

LYNN IS BEING EXAMINED FOR SANITY.

John Lynn was to-day examined on a charge of insanity at the Receiving Hospital. Drs. Rabe and Barber conducted the examination. After a score of witnesses were heard, the matter was postponed until 11 o'clock to-morrow.

BERKELEY NEWS.

BERKELEY, April 12.—Four cases of typhoid fever have been reported to Health Officer Rowell. Three of these were caused by the use of well water.

The Trustees are considering the erection of a jail at West Berkeley.

The U. C. baseball team will meet the San Jose team this afternoon at Recreation Park in San Francisco.

Professor George C. Edwards and Professor L. Dupont Syle will attend the Marin county teachers' institute at San Rafael, May 3rd and 4th. Professor Edwards will speak on the subject, "How can more time be economized in the Primary, Grammar, and High School?"

Professor Wickson of the Agricultural Department of the University, is attending fruit growers' conventions in Los Angeles and Riverside. He will return April 17th. The programme of farmers' institutes will be concluded this month.

A chorus has been organized by the senior class of the University for the purpose of singing college songs at the Alumni re-union commencement day.

The California Art Club meets tonight at the residence of Mrs. Kierulff on Shattuck avenue. Water-color painting and keramics will be the subjects under discussion. Mrs. Kimball Easton and Miss Hanscom will lead the discussion. E. R. Dickson will contribute musical numbers.

The sophomore class of the University will hold its class social at Stiles' Hall Friday evening.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FLOUR AND MILLSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Family extras, $5.25@5.35; bakers' extras, $5@5.10 per bbl.

MILLSTUFFS—Prices in sacks are as follows, usual discount to the trade: Graham flour, $2 per 100 lbs; rye flour, $2.75 per 100; rice flour, $6; cornmeal, $2.50; extra cream cornmeal, $3.25; oatmeal, $4; oat groats, $4.25; hominy, $3.25@3.50; buckwheat flour, $4@4.25; cracked wheat, $3.75; farina, $4.75; whole wheat flour, $3.25; rolled oats (barrels), $5.80@6.20; in sacks, $5.60@6; pearl barley, $4.75; split peas, $4.25; green peas, $4.50 per 100 lbs.

HAY AND FEEDSTUFFS.

BRAN—$20@21 per ton.

MIDDLINGS—$23@25.50 per ton.

FEEDSTUFFS—Rolled barley, $30@31 per ton; oilcake meal at the mill, $28.50@29.50; jobbing, $30; cocoanut cake, $21.50@22.50; cottonseed meal, $28@30 per ton; cornmeal, $24; cracked corn, $24@25.

HAY—(Ex-car in round lots)—Wheat, $21@25; wheat and oat, $20@24; oat, $18@21; barley, $18@21; compressed wheat, $20@22; compressed oat, $18@21; alfalfa, $14@16; stock, $13@14; clover, $14@15.

STRAW—40@50c per bale.

BEANS AND SEEDS.

BEANS—Bayos, $2.80@2.95; small whites, $1.50@1.60; large whites, $1.50@1.60; pinks, $2.50@2.65; reds, $2.25; blackeye, $2.80@2.90; butters, $1.40@1.60; limas, $2.35@3.40; pea, $1.50@1.65; red kidneys, $2@2.25 per ctl.

SEEDS—Brown Mustard, $2@3 per ctl; yellow mustard, $3@3.15; flax, $2.35; canary seed, 2¼@2¾c per lb; alfalfa, 3@6c; rape, 2¼@2¾c; hemp, 2¾@3c; timothy, 5@5¼c.

DRIED PEAS—Niles, $1.60@1.85; green, $1.75@2 per ctl.

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Early rose, 30@35; river reds, 60@80c; river burbanks, 50@60c per sack; Oregon burbanks, 55@85c; Petaluma burbanks, 65@85c; sweet potatoes, 75c@$1.10 for Merced; new potatoes, 1@2c per lb.

ONIONS—Choice, $2.50; common, $1.75@2.25 per ctl; cut onions, 50c@$1.25 per sack.

VEGETABLES—Asparagus, $2 for fancy, $1.25@1.75 per box for No. 1, 75c@$1 for No. 2; rhubarb, 25@75c per box; Alameda green peas, 2@2¼c; dried peppers, 6@9c per lb; dried okra, 12½c; cabbage, 65@75c per ctl; carrots, 25@60c per sack; garlic, 8@10c per lb; cucumbers, 40@75c per dozen.

EVAPORATED VEGETABLES—Potatoes, sliced, raw, 12c per lb in lots of 25 lbs; sliced dessicated, 16@18c; granulated raw, 13c; onions, 60c; carrots, old, 13c; new, 18c; cabbage, 30c; sweet potatoes, 30c; turnips, 25c; string beans, 30c; tomatoes, 50c.

POULTRY AND GAME.

POULTRY—Live turkeys, 11@12c for gobblers and 12@13c for hens; dressed turkeys, 12@15c per lb; geese, per pair, $1.25@1.50; goslings, $2@2.50; ducks, $4@5 for old and $6@8 for young; hens, $4@5; roosters, young, $7.50@8.50; roosters, old, $3.50@4; fryers, $6.50@7; broilers, $5.50@6.50 for large, $3@4.50 for small; pigeons, $1.75@2 per dozen for young and $1.25@1.50 for old.

GAME—Nominal.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

BUTTER—Creamery—Fancy creameries, 18½@19c; seconds, 16½@17½c.

Dairy—Choice to fancy, 17@13c; second grades, 14@16c per lb.

Eastern Butter—Imitation creamery, 16@16½c; ladle packed, 15@16c per lb.

CHEESE—Choice mild new, 9@10c; common to good, 7½@8½c; Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 10@11c; Western, 11@12c; Eastern, 12½@12¾c per lb.

EGGS—Ranch eggs, 13@14½c per dozen; store eggs, 12@13c; Eastern to arrive, 12½@13½c.

DECIDUOUS AND CITRUS FRUITS.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS—Strawberries, 60@75c per drawer for large and 75c@$1 for small berries; apples, 40@50c per box for common, 75c@$1 for good to choice and $1.25@1.40 for fancy.

CITRUS FRUITS—Navel oranges, $1.25@2.50; seedlings, 50c@$1; lemons, 50@75c for common and $1.25@2 for good to choice; Mexican limes, $4; California limes, in small boxes, 40@50c; bananas, $1.25@2 per bunch; pineapples, $3@4 per dozen.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, ETC.

DRIED FRUITS—Prunes, carload lots, 3¾@4¼c for 40-50's, 3¼@3¾c for 50-60's, 2¾@3¼c for 60-70's, 2¼@2¾c for 70-80's, 1¾@2¼c for 80-90's, 1¼@1¾c for 90-100's; peaches, 3@5c; fancy, 6½@6c; peeled, 10@12½c; apricots, 5@6½c for royals and 7@8c for good to fancy moorparks; evaporated apples, 6½@7c; sun dried, 4@5c; black figs in sacks, 2@2½c; plums, 4½@4¾c for pitted and 1@1½c for unpitted; bleached plums, 5@5½c; nectarines, 4@5c for prime to fancy; pears, 2½@4½c for quarters and 3@5½c for halves, according to color, etc.

RAISINS—1½@2c for two crown, 3c for three crown, 3½c for four crown, 4½c for seedless sultanas, 2¾c for seedless muscatels and $1@1.10 for London layers; dried grapes, 2½c.

NUTS—Chestnuts, 8c per lb; walnuts, 3@4c for hardshell and 4@6c for softshell; almonds, 3@4c for hardshell, 6@7c for softshell and 7@8c for paper-shell; peanuts, 4@5½c for Eastern and 4½c for California; pecans, 6½@8c; filberts, 8½@10c; Brazil nuts, 8@9c per lb; cocoanuts, $4.50@5 per 100.

HONEY—Comb, 9@10c for bright and 6@7c for lower grades; water white extracted, 5½@6c; light amber extracted, 4¾@5½c per lb.

BEESWAX—24@26c per lb.

PROVISIONS.

CURED MEATS—Bacon, 8¼c per lb for heavy, 9¾c for light medium, 10¾c for light, 11c for extra light and 12½c for sugar cured; Eastern sugar cured hams, 10½@11c; California hams, 10c; mess beef, $9 per bbl; extra mess beef, $10; family beef, $11@12; salt pork, $9; extra prime pork, $10; extra clear, $18; mess, $16; smoked beef, 11@12c per lb.

LARD—Eastern tierces quoted at 5½c per lb for compound and 7c for pure; pails, 7¾c; California tierces, 5½c per lb for compound and 6½c for pure; half barrels, 6¾c; 10 lb tins, 7½c; 5 lb tins, 8c.

COTTOLENE—Tierces, 5⅞@6½c; packages, less than 300 lbs—1 lb pails, 60 in a case, 8⅝c; 3 lb pails, 20 in a case, 8⅜c; 5 lb pails, 12 in a case, 8¼c; 10 lb pails, 6 in a case, 8¼c; 50 lb tins, 1 or 2 in a case, 7⅝c; wooden buckets, 20 lbs net, 7⅞c; fancy tubs, 80 lbs net, 7⅝c; half barrels, about 110 lbs, 7⅝c per lb.

HIDES, TALLOW, WOOL AND HOPS.

HIDES AND SKINS—Heavy salted steers, 10c; medium, 9c; light, 9c; cowhides, 9c; stags, 6c; salted kip, 9c; calf, 10c; dry hides, 16@16½c; culls and brands, 13@13½c; dry kip and veal, 16@16½c; dry calf, 18@20c; culls, 15@17c; goatskins, 30@37½c each; kids, 5@10c; deerskins, good summer, 25@30c per lb, medium, 20c; winter, 10c; sheepskins, shearings, 20@30c each; short wool, 40@70c each; medium, 70@90c; long wools, 90c@$1.30 each.

TALLOW—No. 1 rendered, 3@3½c per lb; No. 2, 2@2½c; refined, 5c; grease, 2c.

WOOL—Fall clip—San Joaquin, defective, 7@9c; southern mountain, 9@11c; free northern, 12@13c; northern, defective, 9@11c per lb.

HOPS—1896 crop, 2@6c for poor to fair and 8@10c for good; 1897 crop, 11@14c per lb.

SAN FRANCISCO MEAT MARKET.

BEEF—First quality, 6½@7c; second quality, 5½@6c; third quality, 4@5c per lb.

VEAL—Large, 6@6½c; small, 7@7½c per lb.

MUTTON—Wethers, 9c; ewes, 8½@9c per lb.

LAMB—Spring, 9@10c per lb.

PORK—Live hogs, 3¾@3⅞c for large and 4c for medium; stock hogs, 2¾@3c; dressed hogs, 5½@6½c.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BAGS—Calcutta grain bags, nominal; wool bags, nominal; San Quentin, $5.30.

COAL—Wellington, $8 per ton; new Wellington, $8; Southfield Wellington, $7.50; Seattle, $6; Bryant, $6; "Coos Bay, $5.50; Wallsend, $7.50; Scotch, $10; Cumberland, $10.25 in bulk and $11.50 in sacks; Pennsylvania anthracite egg, $14; Cannel, $10 per ton; Rock Springs, Castle Gate and Pleasant Valley, $9; coke, $12 per ton in bulk and $14 in sacks.

SUGAR—The Western Sugar Refinery quotes terms net cash: Cube crushed and fine crushed, 6⅞c; powdered, 6⅜c; dry granulated, 5⅝c; confectioners' A, 5⅝c; magnolia A, 5⅜c; extra C, 5¼c; golden C, 5⅛c per lb; half bbls ⅛c more than bbls, 5c; candy granulated, 5⅞c; California A, and boxes ½c more.

Loans on Pianos

At lowest rates; advances made on furniture and pianos in Oakland or Alameda, with or without removal; no commission; deal direct; no delays. J. Noonan, 1017 to 1023 Mission street, above Sixth, San Francisco. Telephone south 14.

Money Wanted.

All our goods must be sacrificed. See the magnificent display at the old store of H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

The Theo. Gier Co. are the sole agents of the renowned Eagle Brand of liqueurs and cordials.

Allen's Press Clipping Bureau,

510 Montgomery street, S. F. Established 1888. Furnishes newspaper clippings and information on all topics, business and personal.

Parlor Chairs,

Bed sofas, lounges, couches, at the old store of H. Schellhaas, 408 Eleventh st.

James E. Pepper, a celebrated whisky, on sale by E. F. Thayer, 464 Eighth street.

"My Cake is Dough." Did not use Sperry's Flour.

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Notice to Voters.

REGISTRATION.

Office of the County Clerk of Alameda County, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that all citizens whose names are not now on the Great Register of Alameda county are requested to register in order to be entitled to vote at the next general election in November, 1898.

That owing to failure of the Governor to approve the act unanimously passed by both branches of the last Legislature providing assistance for Clerk it is necessary to begin registration at an early date in order to satisfactorily attend to registration.

That voters who have since the date of the last general election taken up their residence in Alameda county, and those who since that date have removed from precinct in which their name appears on Great Register, must make affidavit in order to have their names placed on Register of precinct in which they now reside.

That it is NOT necessary for voters who registered for the general election of 1896 and whose names appear on the Great Register of 1896 to again make affidavit for registration UNLESS SINCE THE DATE OF LAST REGISTRATION THEY HAVE CHANGED THEIR PLACE OF RESIDENCE.

That registration will continue to and including August 9th, 1898, after which it will cease.

Attention is called to the provisions of Section 1093, which provides that those "who shall have been a resident of the State ONE YEAR next preceding the election, and of the county in which they claim their vote NINETY DAYS, and in the election precinct THIRTY days" are entitled to registration.

Further notice is hereby given that affidavit for registration or transfer may be sworn to before any Deputy County Clerk in the different towns and precincts of the county, or before any Deputy County Assessor, without charge.

Affidavits can also be sworn to before any Justice of the Peace or Notary Public.

Notice is given that after the filing of affidavits, OTHER THAN FOR THE PURPOSES OF TRANSFER, when names are ENTERED on Great Register, postal cards will be sent giving date of entry. If postal is not received, voters should ascertain the reason why.

The office of the County Clerk in the Hall of Records will be, until further notice, open for registration from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. of each day.

Dated April 4, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN,
County Clerk.

(Seal)

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oakland Iron Works will be held at the company's office, on Second street, near Jefferson, Oakland, Cal., for the election of officers to act for the ensuing year, and until their successors are elected; also for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, on Thursday evening, April 14th, 1898, at 8 o'clock P. M.

C. S. BOOTH, President.
E. B. NORTON, Secretary.

RAILROADS

Southern Pacific Company

Trains Are Due to Arrive and Leave —at— OAKLAND SIXTEENTH STREET STATION.

Leave.	From January 1, 1898.	Arrive.
7:34 a	Benicia, Suisun, Sacramento	10:14 a
7:34 a	Marysville, Oroville and Redding via Woodland	5:14 p
7:34 a	Vacaville and Rumsey	8:04 p
8:04 a	Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, Santa Rosa, Martinez and San Ramon	5:45 p
8:37 a	Atlantic Express, Ogden and East	8:04 p
9:36 a	New Orleans Express, Raymond, Fresno, Santa Barbara and Los Angeles, El Paso, New Orleans and the East	6:03 p
9:36 a	Vallejo, Martinez, Fresno	11:45 a
2:01 p	Martinez and way stations	7:14 p
4:34 p	Vallejo, Napa, Calistoga, El Verano, Santa Rosa, Martinez and San Ramon	8:44 a
4:38 p	Benicia, Winters, Woodland, Knight's Landing, Marysville, Oroville and Sacramento	10:14 a
5:09 p	Los Angeles Express, Lathrop, Modesto, Merced, Fresno, Bakersfield, Santa Barbara and Los Angeles	7:04 a
5:09 p	Santa Fe Route, Atlantic Express for Mojave and East	6:03 p
£6:09 p	"Sunset Limited," Los Angeles, El Paso, St. Louis, Chicago and East	°9:39 a
£6:09 p	European Mail, Ogden and East	9:09 a
£6:09 p	"Sunset Limited Annex," El Paso, New Orleans and East	°9:39 a
‡5:30 p	Vallejo	†7:36 p
5:30 p	Oregon Express, Sacramento, Marysville, Redding, Portland, Puget Sound and East	7:36 a

NILES ROUTE.
First Street Near Broadway.

*6:36 a	Via Seventh St., Niles, San Jose and way stations	*8:06 a
9:10 a	Niles, San Jose, Stockton, Sacramento, Marysville and Red Bluff	3:37 p
....	Livermore, San Jose and way stations	‡9:45 a
*9:10 a	Peters, Milton and Oakdale	*6:39 p
1:36 p	Niles, San Jose and way stations	‡8:36 a
2:36 p	Livermore, Mendota, Hanford and Visalia	3:37 p
5:09 p	Niles, San Jose, Tracy and Stockton	6:39 p
6:40 p	Haywards, Niles and San Jose	7:07 a

A for morning. P for afternoon.
†Saturdays only.
‡Sundays only.
*Sundays excepted.
£Mondays and Thursdays.
°Wednesdays and Saturdays.

The PEOPLE'S EXPRESS COMPANY, the only transfer who will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Office, 412-418 Ninth street. Tel. 326.

Local and through tickets sold and information given by

J. H. WRIGHT, agent, 16th st. station.
M. E. DE CORA, agent, 7th and Bdwy.
T. H. GOODMAN, gen. pass. agent.

Sunset Limited

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY'S

Finest Train in the World

RUNS BETWEEN

SAN FRANCISCO

ST. LOUIS & CHICAGO

Through Los Angeles, El Paso, Fort Worth, Little Rock and St. Louis on this Schedule:

Lv. San Francisco. 5.30 p.m. Thursday
Lv. Los Angeles. 10.30 a.m. Friday
Ar. St. Louis. 7.30 a.m. Monday
Ar. Chicago. 4.00 p.m. Monday

3 Days Between California and the Great Lakes

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SAN FRANCISCO and NEW ORLEANS

Over the famous SUNSET ROUTE in connection with Sunset Limited between San Francisco and El Paso

Lv. San Francisco. 5.30 p.m. Thursday
Lv. Los Angeles. 10.30 a.m. Friday
Lv. El Paso. 2.50 p.m. Saturday
Ar. New Orleans. 7.55 a.m. Monday

Direct connection in New Orleans with Limited Trains for Atlanta, Raleigh, Washington, New York, Memphis, Chattanooga, Cincinnati, Pittsburg and other cities.

The same superb and incomparable service is enjoyed by SUNSET LIMITED ANNEX that has made SUNSET LIMITED the most famous of trains.

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DISPATCH FAST STEAMERS

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From Spear-street Wharf, at 10 A. M.

EVERY 5 DAYS

FARE | $12 First Class | $8 Second Class | including berth & meals

"STATE OF CALIFORNIA" sails Apr. 3, 13, 23; May 3

"COLUMBIA" sails ...... Apr. 8, 18, 28; May 8

THROUGH TICKETS TO

ALASKA

And points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and the East.

E. C. WARD, General Agent,
630 Market street.

GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Supt's.

CALIFORNIA RAILWAY

—TO—

Leona Heights and Mills College

TRAINS LEAVE TIDAL CANAL BRIDGE, ALAMEDA.

8:00, 9:00, *9:30, 10:00, *10:30, 11:00, *11:30 a. m.; 12:00, *12:30, 1:00, *1:30, 2:00, *2:30, 3:00, *3:30, 4:00, *4:30, 5:00, *5:30, 6:00, *6:30, 7:00, *7:30, 8:00, 9:00, 10:00 p. m.

TRAINS LEAVE LEONA HEIGHTS.

7:35, 8:30, *9:00, 9:30, *10:00, 10:30, *11:00, *11:30 a. m.; *12:00, 12:30, *1:00, 1:30, *2:00, 2:30, *3:00, 3:30, *4:00, 4:30, *5:00, 5:30, *6:00, 6:30, *7:00, 7:30, 8:30 9:30 p. m.

*Sundays only.

Passengers from Oakland and Alameda take Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway cars to Tidal Canal bridge. Allow twenty-five minutes from Eleventh and Broadway and fifteen minutes from Thirteenth avenue and East Twelfth street. Round Trip Tickets from any point in Alameda or Oakland can be purchased of Alameda, Oakland and Piedmont Electric Railway conductors.

Fare, 25 cents round trip.

B. H. FISHER, Supt.

Masonic Temple, Twelfth and Washington streets, Oakland.

CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FRANK C. JORDAN

(Present Incumbent)

Candidate for re-election to the office of

COUNTY CLERK

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

W. S. HARLOW

Announces himself a Candidate —for—

SHERIFF

Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

LEGAL.

Notice of Application by Religious Corporation for Leave to Mortgage Real Property.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the application of the trustees of "The First Methodist Episcopal Church of Oakland," a religious corporation, for leave to borrow money and execute and deliver promissory note and mortgage.

On reading and filing the petition of the Board of Trustees of "The First Methodist Episcopal Church of Oakland" (a religious corporation) for an order empowering the said corporation to borrow money and to mortgage its real property situate, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the point of intersection of the southern line of Fourteenth street with the eastern line of Clay street, and running thence southerly along the said eastern line of Clay street one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet, thence at a right angle easterly one hundred (100) feet, thence at a right angle northerly one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to the said southern line of Fourteenth street, thence westerly along the said southern line of Fourteenth street one hundred (100) feet to the eastern line of Clay street and the point of commencement; being lots number four (4), five (5) six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and a portion of lot No. twenty-eight (28), all in block No. 189, as said lots and block are laid down and delineated on Kellersberger's Map of Oakland on file and of record in the office of the County Recorder of the county of Alameda, State of California, together with the improvements thereon;

And on motion of Johnson & Shaw, attorneys on behalf of said corporation;

It is ordered, that said petition be presented for hearing before this Court, at the Court-room thereof, in Department No. 2 of said Court, in the Court House in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, on Monday, the 18th day of April, A. D. 1898, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. of that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and the time and place of hearing the same be given by the publication of a copy of this order at least four times before said day in the "Oakland Tribune," a daily newspaper of general circulation, printed, published and circulated in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda.

W. E. GREENE, Judge.

Dated Oakland, Cal., April 12th, 1898.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF SALE.

Pursuant to an order of the Superior Court, duly given and made April 8, 1898, in the matter of G. Zelich, in insolvency, the undersigned, assignee of said insolvent, will, on Thursday, April 14th, 1898, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon of said day, at the premises, No. 472 Seventh street, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, upon fall of the hammer, all the personal property connected with or contained in the "Universal Restaurant," and the business theretofore conducted at No. 472 Seventh street, Oakland, Cal., said property including the furniture, utensils and personal property used in the carrying on of said business at said place, and consisting of one counter, one small safe, ten dining room tables, thirteen tablecloths, fifty chairs, fifteen stools, a lot of dishes, platters, cups, knives, forks, spoons and glassware, one writing desk, one ice chest, one large mirror, six small mirrors, one bureau, three pictures and one cooking range, with hood, chopping block and cooking utensils, and all personal property connected with said business, together with the good will thereof and an unexpired lease on said premises.

Said property will be offered as a whole, but, if no satisfactory bid be made therefor, it will then be offered in lots.

Dated April 8, 1898.

JOHN STEWART,
Assignee in re G. Zelich, in Insolvency.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

PACIFIC COAST MANUFACTURING AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California. Location of property, near Shell Mound, Alameda county, California.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 12th day of March, 1898, an assessment (No. 4) of twenty-eight cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin to the Secretary, at the office of the company, No. 530 California street, room 60, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the eighteenth day of April, 1898, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction; and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Thursday, the 5th day of May, 1898, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors.

F. G. BEATTY, Secretary.

Office, 530 California street, room 60, San Francisco, California.

PROBATE NOTICE.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Gertrude Goldberg, deceased.

Notice of time set for proving will, etc., and application for letters of administration with will annexed.

Notice is hereby given, that a petition for the allowing and recording and for the probate of the will of Gertrude Goldberg, deceased, and for the issuance to A. Ruef, Esq., of letters of administration with the will annexed of the said estate, has been filed in this Court, and that Monday, the 18th day of April, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court-room of Department No. 4 of said Court, at the Court House in the city of Oakland, in the county of Alameda, has been set for the hearing of said petition, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same, and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Dated, April 4th, 1898.

FRANK C. JORDAN, Clerk.

By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

A. RUEF, Esq., Att'y for Petitioner, San Francisco, Cal.

A PUBLIC HEARING to consider advisability of changing pier-head lines of Oakland Harbor, California, will be had at Flood Building, Fourth and Market streets, San Francisco, California, at 10 o'clock A. M., April 18, 1898. Interested parties are invited to be present. CHAS. R. SUTER, Col., Engineers.

AN INNOVATION!

MERCHANTS' LUNCH served daily —IN—

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"Pete," the favorite chef, late of the *Athenian Club*, in charge.

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LEGAL.

Order on Petition for Leave to Sell Real Estate.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

In the matter of Elizabeth Severance, Harriet La Vaughn Severance and Helen Severance, minors.

Helen H. Severance, guardian of the persons and estates of Elizabeth Severance, Harriet Le Vaughn Severance and Helen Severance, minors, having filed herein a duly verified petition praying for an order of this Court authorizing, empowering and directing the said guardian to sell the following described real property of the said minors, to-wit:

Beginning at a post marked "H3 and H4" on the east line of the Pala Rancho, said post being S. 49° 30' E. 57.56 chains from a gate post, being the N. W. corner of Higuera tract; thence N. 39° 33' E. 20.25 chains to a stake in corner of fence; thence S. 48° 37' W., 0. 24½ chains to a 3x3 redwood monument marked "S1" and thence N 39° 33' E. parallel and 16 feet southeasterly from the N. W. line of the Martin Higuera tract, distant 21.20 chains to monument "S2"; thence S. 49° 30' E. 19 147-1000 chains to a 3x3 redwood monument; thence S. 39° 30' W. 41 365-1000 chains to monument "H4 and H5" in the east line of the Pala Rancho; thence N 40° 30' W. 19.54 chains to place of beginning, containing eighty (80) acres, being part of lot No. 4 of the Higuera partition in accordance with map filed in case of "Higuera vs. Higuera," No. 9,017, in the Superior Court of the county of Santa Clara, State of California, magnetic variation 16° 30' E. Courses true.

Also all of lot 4 of the partition of Higuera Rancho so called and shown by the final decree in the suit of David Higuera et al. vs. Pedro Higuera et al., No. 9,017, brought in the Superior Court of said county of Santa Clara, a certified copy of which decree is on record in the office of the County Recorder of said county of Santa Clara and the records thereof, in Book 5 of Miscellaneous, page 225, to which records and decree reference is hereby made for more particular description.

It is hereby ordered, that all persons interested in the said estate of the said minors appear before this Court, at its Court-room in Department No. 4 thereof, in the Court House in the city of Oakland, in said county of Alameda, on the 2nd day of May, 1898, at the hour of 10 A. M. of said day, and then and there to show cause if any they have why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted and the aforesaid real property sold. For all further particulars reference is hereby made to the petition now on file herein.

Done in open Court this 1st day of April, 1898.

JOHN ELLSWORTH,
Judge of said Superior Court.

RIGBY & RIGBY, 130 Sansome St., San Francisco, Attorneys for said Guardian.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

The UNION SAVINGS BANK (a corporation), Plaintiff vs. JAMES WARNER ET AL., Defendants.	No. 14,215.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, of the State of California, on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1898, in the above entitled action, wherein the Union Savings Bank (a corporation), the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against James Warner, Irwin J. Truman and C. Osgood Hooker, co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of Truman, Hooker & Co., Henry Grundel, J. Francis Smith, A. S. Armuth and A. Wellheimer, defendants, on the 14th day of March, A. D. 1898, for the sum of ten thousand dollars, in United States gold coin, besides interest, taxes and insurance paid, costs and counsel fees; and wherein defendant and cross-complainant Henry Grundel obtained a judgment for the sum of three hundred and twenty-three and 06-100 dollars, in United States gold coin, besides interest and costs, which said judgment and decree was, on the 19th day of March, A. D. 1898, recorded in Judgment Book 33 of said Court, at page 312, I am commanded to sell all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwesterly corner of Central avenue or Twelfth street, and Oak street, and running thence westerly along the southerly line of Central avenue one hundred and fifty (150) feet; thence at right angles southerly one hundred (100) feet; thence at right angles easterly one hundred and fifty (150) feet to the westerly line of Oak street, and thence northerly along the last mentioned line one hundred (100) feet to the point of beginning, being lots numbers twelve (12) to eighteen (18) inclusive, in block number one hundred and sixty-five (165), according to Kellersberger's Map of the City of Oakland, on file in the office of the County Recorder of the county of Alameda. Together with the tenements, improvements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereon.

Public notice is hereby given that on

THURSDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1898,

At ten o'clock A. M. of that day, in front of the Broadway entrance of the Court House of the county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy said judgments, with interest and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for gold coin of the United States.

Oakland, March 22d, 1898.

W. S. HARLOW,
A Commissioner appointed by said Superior Cour..

A. A. MOORE, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SUMMONS.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California.

WILLIAM J. DINGEE and WILLIAM G. HENSHAW, Plaintiffs, vs. HUGH McGLYNN and JOHN DOE, Defendants.	

Action brought in the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California, and the complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said county of Alameda.

Metcalf & Metcalf, attorneys for plaintiff.

The people of the State of California send greeting to Hugh McGlynn and John Doe, defendants.

You are hereby directed to appear and answer the complaint in an action entitled as above, brought against you in the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California, within ten days after the service on you of this summons —if served within this county; or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that unless you appear and answer as above required, the said plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the complaint, as arising upon contract, or they will apply to the Court for any other relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of the county of Alameda, State of California, this 31st day of July, A. D. 1897.

(Seal) FRANK C. JORDAN,
Clerk.

By F. D. ADAMS, Deputy Clerk.

LEGAL

NOTICE.

State and County Taxes for the Year 1897.

STATE AND COUNTY TAXES FOR the year 1897.

To all taxpayers in the county of Alameda, State of California.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Tax Collector of the county of Alameda, State of California, is in receipt of the assessment book of said county of Alameda, and that in accordance with the provisions of Section 3746 of the Political Code of the State of California.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment book for State and county taxes for the year 1897, on all property within the county of Alameda, has been received by me, and that the taxes as shown by said assessment book are now due and payable at my office in the Court House of said county of Alameda, in the city of Oakland, county of Alameda, State of California, every day (except legal holidays) during office hours, after the second Monday in October, 1897, and as follows:

The taxes on all personal property secured by real property, and one-half of the taxes on all real property in the said county of Alameda, will be due and payable on the

SECOND MONDAY IN OCTOBER IN THE YEAR 1897.

At my office in the Court House of said Alameda county, situated in the city of Oakland, in said county, every day (not a legal holiday) during office hours as fixed by law, and will be delinquent on the

LAST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER, 1897.

At 6 o'clock P. M. of said day, and that unless paid prior thereto, fifteen per cent will be added to the amount thereof, and that if said one-half be not paid before the last Monday in April, 1898, five per cent will be added thereto.

And notice is further given that the remaining one-half of the taxes on all real property in said Alameda county for the year 1897 will be payable to the undersigned, Tax Collector of said Alameda county, as aforesaid, at the office of the Tax Collector, as aforesaid, on and after the first Monday in January, 1898, and will be delinquent on the

LAST MONDAY IN APRIL, 1898,

At 6 o'clock P. M. of said day, and that unless paid prior thereto, five per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

Notice is hereby further given that all taxes may be paid at the time the first installment, as herein provided, is due and payable.

And notice is hereby further given that in accordance with said Section 3746 of the Political Code of the State of California, and after the second Monday in October, 1897, all the taxes, whether first or second installment, before delinquency thereof, or, if delinquent, together with the percentage added thereto as is above set for may be paid to me at my office, as aforesaid, at any time during business hours as aforesaid, and after said

SECOND MONDAY IN OCTOBER, 1897.

And upon such full payment being made, full receipts for the taxes, both first and second installments, will be given in accordance with law.

Dated at Oakland, California, this 11th day of October, 1897.

JAMES B. BARBER,

Tax Collector of the county of Alameda State of California.

ASSESSOR'S

Notice to Taxpayers!

ALSO POLL TAX NOTICE.

Oakland, March 7th, 1898.

All Persons, Firms, Companies, Corporations and Associations are required to deliver at the Assessor's office, at the Court House, City of Oakland, County of Alameda, on or before March 21st, 1898, a statement under oath, of all the property, both real and personal, owned or claimed by him, her or them, or in their possession or held in trust for others, at 12 o'clock meridian on the

First Monday of March, 1898,

In accordance with Sec. 3629, Political Code.

Every person who refuses or neglects to furnish the statement as provided for in Section 3629, Political Code, becomes liable to a fine of one hundred dollars and the value fixed by the Assessor on their property must not be reduced by the Board of Equalization.

All persons owning real estate that has been assessed in the wrong name or errors have appeared on their tax bills, are requested to call at the Assessor's office or notify the Assessor by mail on or before March 21st, 1898, so that the proper corrections may be made on the assessment roll for the year 1898.

Assessment blanks may be obtained at the Assessor's office, room one, Court House, or from any Deputy Assessor.

Poll Tax Must Be Paid on Demand.

Notice is hereby given that the State Poll Tax of two dollars for the year 1898 is now due and payable at my office. Room one, Court House, or to a Deputy Assessor.

Sec. 3839 of the Political Code reads as follows:

Every male inhabitant of the State over twenty-one and under sixty years of age, except paupers, insane persons and Indians, must annually pay a Poll Tax of two dollars, provided the same be paid between the

First Monday in March and the First Monday in July,

then it shall be three dollars.

Sec. 3846 of the Political Code makes it the duty of the Assessor to "demand Poll Tax of every person liable therefor, and on the neglect or refusal of such person to pay, he must collect by seizure and sale of any personal property owned by such person."

Under Sections 429 to 435 every person who refuses to give his own name or the name of any person in his employ, or who in any manner obstructs the Assessor or any of his deputies in the collection of the State Poll Tax, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and liable to a fine of $500 or imprisonment in the County Jail, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Only those persons under twenty-one or over sixty years of age are exempt. Poll tax must be paid on demand.

HENRY P. DALTON,

Assessor of Alameda County,

Oakland, California.

Order to Show Cause.

In the Superior Court of the county of Alameda.

In the matter of F. W. Corder, an insolvent debtor.

Upon reading and filing the amended petition of Jas. P. Taylor, Kullman, Salz & Co. (a corporation), N. P. Peterson & Co. (a copartnership), Henry Cowell & Co. and Wm. Storm, and good cause appearing therefor:

It is ordered that F. W. Corder be and appear before this Court, at the Court-room thereof, in Department 2, county of Alameda, on the 25th day of April, 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, then and there to show cause, if any he can, why he should not be adjudged an insolvent debtor, and his estate be made for the surrender of his creditors in the manner required by insolvent debtors.

And it is further ordered, that until the further order of this Court the said F. W. Corder be and he is hereby forbidden to transfer any property, and is enjoined from collecting or receiving any debts, and the debtors of the said F. W. Corder are hereby forbidden to pay any debt to said F. W. Corder, or to deliver to him any property belonging to him, or to any person, firm or corporation for his use.

Dated Jan. 20th, 1898.

W. E. GREENE,
Judge of the Superior Court.

BREARTY & WHITE, Att'ys for Creditors, 1004 Broadway, Oakland, Cal

SELLING THE PRESENT CITY HALL PLAZA.

Plan to Get Money for a New Public Structure.

Councilman Pringle Talks on the Important Subject.

OPPOSITION OF J. F. W. SOHST.

The Advantages Which Would Result From the Change.

At the meeting of the directors of the Merchants' Exchange last night, there were present Directors Brown, Sohst, Gard, Sinclair, Cushing, Wixson, Champlin, Muhr, Arper, Schleuter, Coward and Witcher.

The chair was occupied by President Arper.

Councilman Pringle was present for the purpose of addressing the Exchange on the question of selling the City Hall property and when called upon by the chair, stated that he had attended the meeting simply to ascertain the views of members of the Exchange on the question, rather than to express views of his own.

The principal opposition, he said, to the move to dispose of the present City Hall park appeared to be the idea of the prospective consolidation of Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda.

"I do not," he said, "believe that there are any reasonable prospects of an early consolidation. There is strong opposition to consolidation in Alameda and some in Berkeley, and it will be delayed some time. If anyone is in favor of consolidation, I am the man.

"All we can do, however, will not bring about consolidation for some time, and we can't sit down and wait with the present City Hall. It has not room enough for present needs, and its condition is not fit for those needs. We have no library, but a small building almost ready to tumble down, as is the City Hall, and not large enough. We should go on whether consolidation comes in one year or ten years.

"Let us lay aside consolidation and see the result if we did build. If we build a new City Hall now it will do for the city and county government. Some say it will be paid for by the city alone, but it would be the same if consolidation was effected. The part of the county left out will need buildings, and it is said we will have to pay half of the cost of their buildings. This is not the case, but we only have to pay half of the value of the present buildings. This will not be much, for the present buildings are of little value.

"We couldn't use the present county building for a City Hall, as it is not large enough for a consolidated government, and is not in condition for such use. The buildings could be used any way for police and justice courts and city jail. These would be necessary as it has proved in San Francisco, where they have a very large City Hall and have to erect special buildings for these purposes. Then the others could be used for school purposes, a library, or a hospital. This matter is easily gotten around.

"These questions are not sufficient to cause us to lay aside one of the most important questions which has ever come before the city. If we sell the present site it will be taxed and the money added to the city's revenues. The new site purchased would increase the value of surrounding property, which would also add to the revenue off the bonds. It has been asked what the present property is of value to others it is to the city. I say it has reached the height of its value as long as it is used in its present capacity. It will never increase as a city hall site, but it would if some one chose to erect big buildings. The new site would soon increase to the value of the present site.

"There is another method to be pursued regarding this matter. An issue of bonds could be made for the purchase of a new site and the erection of buildings. Then long time leases could be made of the present property for sufficient to pay interest on the bonds and create a sinking fund to pay o ffthe bonds. It has been asked what would become of the buildings after the lease had expired. A clause could be put in the lease giving the city an option to purchase the buildings whenever it was desired to end the lease.

"We could sell the present property for sufficient to buy the new site and have enough left over to erect a building which would be a credit to the city."

By way of reply, J. F. W. Sohst said that he had been instructed at the last meeting of the Exchange to prepare arguments in opposition to Mr. Pringle's views concerning the selling of the City Hall site and of buying a new site on which to erect a new City Hall, with the proceeds of the sale.

"To begin with," he said, "the gentleman in his address to the Council reviewing last year's work, says that a matter of great importance before that body is the selling of the City Hall site and the building of a new City Hall. Last January the City Council appointed a committee to inquire into the advisability of selling the City Hall property, said committee consisting of Messrs. Pringle, Rowe, and Henneberry. The committee met and was unanimous in recommending the project, and remarks were made to rush the matter through and not have it talked to death like the park proposition.

"The Board of Trade took exception to those proceedings and passed a resolution asking the Council to refrain from further action, giving as a good reason (which ought to have been sufficient) the consolidation of a city and county government. No attention was paid by the Council committee to this resolution. They met again on the 28th of January. The same gentlemen were present and also Mayor Thomas, Engineer Clement and City Attorney Dow. They were again unanimous in their opinion. No reference was made about the Board of Trade resolution. This seemed strange to the general public that no notice was taken by the officials of a communication coming from an organized body of professional and business men to the number of four hundred.

"Then the Merchants' Exchange, an organization of one hundred and forty business firms, merchants and manufacturers, passed a similar resolution. This also met with the same fate. No attention was paid to either resolution by the honorable City Council, of which Mr. Pringle was the presiding officer.

"Mr. Pringle says the City Hall is a disgrace to the city. The tax-payers don't think so. They think it will do them a year or two until consolidation shall have taken place. The City Prison seems to be the part of the building which is entirely inadequate for the present needs of the city; so say the officials, and it is called all kinds of pet names and has been advertised all over the country as Oakland's black hole. If it is really as bad as it was claimed (of which the public is in doubt) why not then carry out the plans of the architect which were accepted by the Council. For temporary relief, this Exchange adopted a report some months ago advising the City Council that if the unfortunates are in need of more sun and air, have them taken out into the yard and make them break rock like in former days, and they will be less trouble to the Board of Health, and after their terms expire they will not be in a hurry to get back, and instead of the prison being inadequate, inside of two months there will be any amount of vacant cells.

"The members of the Exchange are not in favor of parading prisoners in the chain-gang in our streets, cleaning the streets, but they are in favor of their breaking rock in the enclosed prison yard.

"If the gentleman is still of the opinion that the people of Oakland want a new City Hall, he is not versed with public sentiment, for nine out of ten are opposed to it. They are tired of being tax-ridden.

"It is laughable to business men for an official to advocate the building of a new City Hospital, when the county already has such a hospital on Franklin and Fifth streets.

"How does Mr. Pringle answer this question: providing he buys a new site, a whole block for instance, and erects a building thereon for a City Hall, a modern one, as he terms it. If the city and county consolidates, which everyone knows must come in the near future, what use would the building and ground be to the municipality?

"Has Mr. Pringle ever seen or heard of the resolutions referred to? Why has he never paid any attention to them? Has he ever read the reports brought in the Board of Trade and Exchange joint meetings and its adoption by the respective organizations?

"The city of Oakland is a corporation like any other corporation. If Mr. Pringle was engaged, for instance, by the railroad syndicate, would he advise it to build an office in Alameda, Berkeley, and two in Oakland, one say on Fifth and the other on Fourteenth street? The two latter ones are already built. I will say 'no' for him, for I know he would not give them such advice. He would tell the syndicate that it did not need any office in the first-named places, and the two blocks on Fifth afford ample space for the requirements of all their buildings, and the office on Fourteenth street he would advise them to close altogether, and he would tell them not to buy a new site or build a new office because that would be money thrown away, unless they were under obligations to a large number of people whom they wanted to supply with an office.

"You can have four assessors instead of one, four treasurers, four auditors, four boards of equalization, four hospitals. In order that you may not be looked upon as miserly, you must have four ambulances, four sets of hospital nurses in four places and deputies in all the different-named departments to pay for valuable services rendered at elections and otherwise. Your buildings must not be a disgrace, but attractive and of modern architecture.

"The directors of the syndicate would say to him: 'Mr. Pringle, we are not in politics. We have no friends to reward, and are not in the habit of putting up buildings for which we have no use. We are strictly business men.' And this is what our Exchange has acted upon for the last three months, a strictly business principle. In this spirit the resolution was offered to the City Council, asking them not to erect a new City Hall.

"Would an individual or a corporation expend half a million for a building which they intended to use only two or three years? If consolidation does come, the new City Hall could not be used for a court-house unless another block of land should be bought opposite it for the Hall of Records, which must stand apart from the Court house. Further, what should be done with our present Hall of Records? It is a fire-proof building. The county could not sell the two plazas, for they were given by the original owners to the city of Oakland for public squares, and by their consent and the consent of the city of Oakland, by an act of the Legislature, they were given to the county with the provision that it could not part with them. Is Mr. Pringle ready to advocate the throwing away of this valuable property with the buildings thereon? What does the gentleman mean when he says he wants to buy property less valuable than business property, when, at the same time, he intends to pay $200,000 for such a site? The Council advertised for a block 200x300 feet. This is a conundrum to business men.

"The business men of Oakland want the Chinese wall which surrounds them raised. If they send their goods into Berkeley they are required to pay a license tax. The same burden meets them in Alameda. Unless they carry on branch stores in those places at a great expense, they are barred out. A lot of rock, brick, and iron piled up for a new City Hall will not bring the relief looked for or expansion of business. This is the purpose for which the Exchange is organized—to bring trade to our people, the merchants and manufacturers; and we claim the right of our city authorities to assist us, and not draw us deeper into the mire by putting consolidation further in the future.

"If Mr. Pringle thinks that by expending half a million dollars in a new City Hall it will help to raise the disgrace heaped upon us by the old building and bring people and increased business, he is mistaken.

"The trouble lies in the fact that it cost two and one-half per cent more on a hundred dollars in interest and taxes to carry on business in Oakland, Berkeley and Alameda than in San Francisco. That has kept the Fulton Iron Works and the Fuller Paint and Oil Works away, and not the price of land; and it will continue to keep other institutions away also. For it counts up when it comes to a plant costing $10,000, $100,000, $500,000, or $1,000,000. Two and one-half per cent means $250 on the first, $2,500 on the second, $12,500 on the third, and $25,000 on the last-named plant of a million, yearly.

"This is the one reason why the people keep their money out of Oakland, and it is not the fault of the old or a new City Hall."

Councilman Pringle said by way of reply to Mr. Sohst that the proposed sale of the City Hall was before a special committee of the Council, and that when the report of that committee was made, there would be sufficient time in which to consider the action of certain commercial bodies on the subject.

Chairman Arper took the floor at the suggestion of Mr. Witcher, and Vice-President Brown presided during the interim. He endorsed the views of Mr. Pringle, but doubted that all the money which would be obtained through the sale would be applied to the purpose intended. He stated that citizens had no confidence in the present majority of the Council.

Mr. Witcher also endorsed Mr. Pringle's views, and at the same time asked the Councilman several questions as to the value of the pieces of property in question.

Mr. Pringle replied that from $600,000 to $700,000 was the value of the present site, while the old Dietz corner on Twelfth and Webster could be secured for $150,000, and the Exposition block for a little over $100,000, which would leave about $500,000 for the new building. Mr. Witcher held that this would construct a building of credit to the city.

The committee on the question of the closing of places of business on holidays reported that it had not found business men unanimous on the subject.

A telegram from Congressman Hilborn was read setting forth the prospect of a favorable report by the Congressional Committee on Public Lands and Buildings for a Federal building for this city.

Warm Weather Waists

During this hot weather what more comfortable garment could a woman wear than a light "summery" shirt waist, and how "good she is to look upon" when attired in one.

We show many novel effects in Crepes, Madras and Percale. The patterns are all new, embracing stripes, fancy checks, Scotch plaids and figured designs in the latest fashionable colorings.

These waists are made with the blouse front and one pointed yoke, attached link cuffs.

We also sell these goods by the yard.

LADIES' SAILORS AND WALKING HATS

M. J. KELLER CO.

1105-1109 Broadway.

Bay Conference Officers.

The Bay Conference held a session in Haywards yesterday evening and elected the following officers: Moderator, R. H. Chamberlain; scribe, Rev. J. R. Knodell; registrar and treasurer, Rev. George B. Hatch; chairman of committee on missions, Rev. George E. Hatch; chairman of committee on lay preachers, Rev. George Mooar; chairman of nominating committee, Rev. W. Frear; delegates to the National Convention of Congregational Churches, which meets in Portland July 7th—Rev. G. E. Hatch, Rev. W. W. Scudder and Rev. R. H. Chamberlain.

Blanding's Successor.

S. F. Daniels has been named to succeed C. F. Blanding as assignee of Mrs. Sarah T. Ingalls. A petition for his appointment has been presented to Judge Greene.

NOBLE WORDS BY PRESIDENT D. E. COLLINS.

Addresses Graduates at the Oakland Y. M. C. A.

Thirty Young Men Are Given Certificates of Ability.

REPORT OF SECRETARY JACKS.

All Branches of the Institution Are Shown to Be in Progressive Condition.

The evening educational department of the Y. M. C. A. held its commencement exercises at the association's auditorium last evening and thirty certificates were presented to the young students.

Secretary Noel Jacks acted as chairman of the evening. The first number on the programme was a piano solo by Alec Pulcifer, a member of the Y. M. C. A., and a skillful pianist, who was warmly applauded.

O. N. Le Noir, a clever young baritone, then followed with a solo, Mattei's "Golden Land," which was well received.

The Knickerbocker male quartette of San Francisco gave "Sally in Our Alley" which won a very ready recall. As a recall they sang "My Little Girl," and in response to a second encore, "The Old Woman Who Lived in a Shoe" was sung as a glee.

Howard Atwater, a student in the elocution class, recited the instigation scene between Cassius and Brutus.

He is a young man of easy stage presence and fine rich voice. His thorough and careful training was easily discernable in his gestures and modulations.

Mrs. Lottie B. Porterfield of San Diego gave a soprano solo, "Spring Tide." She has a very pleasing voice, with its sweet, rich tones, and her solo won a hearty encore. She is very much interested in Y. M. C. A. work and is one of the most prominent women of San Diego.

D. Edward Collins, president of the Y. M. C. A., then gave his address, which he prefaced with a few congratulatory words to the graduates. His address was a scholarly one. He commenced by saying there was no royal road to learning and pointed out the great men of history whose lives had not ended with the passing of the breath of the body.

"Life is no joke to a man who is serious and a man who goes back of the seeming appearance of things. We have the privilege of going through this world and gaining the best of it. No scene remains the same continually, and yet the outlines are the same. The painter sees this and pictures nature in one mood only. He stays close to nature.

"The principles of education are the same in all schools," said the speaker. "We read science, philosophy, etc., during our life and yet as we go through life, we realize how little we know. Education is for the purpose of making you think. Think for yourself and give your thoughts expression. Be a man and courageous. Do not think life is a joke; we live in a serious life. We study to make this world better. The education you get here is sometimes the best in the world. In large universities men are frequently swamped with books and the ideas of other men."

Mr. Collins then in picturesque terms spoke of the great men who studied one book until it had become part of their lives.

"Be loyal men; do not let flattery or anything turn you aside. Learn to love learning for what it is. Gladden and enlighten it with a desire to be of some benevolent use in life. Help others and keep in touch with the love of your fellow men. Be of some use to society and the world.

"The groundwork of all education is concentration and complete mastery of the rudiments. You are then prepared with the measure to measure everything. Have the foundation of knowledge before you take one step in advance. Master a classic on whatever subject that interests you and then read the new ideas and advance accordingly. But first know your ground. Work thoroughly. Be loyal, be natural, be simple, be thorough, there is no royal road to learning. With the getting of knowledge may you also gain the wisdom that comes from on high."

A round of applause greted Mr. Collins' remarks and then the Knickerbocker quartette gave another song and an encore.

Mr. Jacks then gave an account of the work of the Y. M. C. A. classes and the benefit derived from its mental discipline and its practicability. The lack of funds was the only drawback to the school.

"If we had only had more money we could do so much more, especially for the boys on the street. I hope somebody will give us some money. There is plenty of it around and if some of these rich men would only think what a good investment it would be to place it in this institution.

Certificates of exclience in work in the evening classes were then presented to the following:

Elocution—Harold Lancaster, Howard Atwater, George P. Dimpfel, Walter Rode.

English—J. G. Spring, Hugh Davis, G. Espeland, Lorin Schmidt.

Bible study—Gabriel Espland, Charles B. Tenney, John W. Berger, Hugh Davies, Wm. F. Kear, S. C. Bennetts, O. F. Rode, George Jackson, Edward R. Piepenburg, F. W. Trowar, Walter Rode, Conrad Thaler.

Electricity—H. B. Gawthorne, Wm. Harris, John Harris, Tracy Williams, R. H. Potts, Chas. E. Irving, Otto F. Rode.

Shorthand—S. P. Wagner, A. W. Wilding R. Horst, Chas. G. Bird, H. C. Keach, C. Pomeroy, Herbert H. Rowley, John J. Fraser, John Patten, H. A. Woodcock.

Bookkeeping and penmanship—Oscar Grabe, Arthur W. Welding, W. M. Bullock, Arthur Caldwell, R. Horst.

Mechanical drawing and applied mechanics—O. M. Bullock, Tracy Williams, A. J. Willson, A. B. Foster, Gilbert Robertson, Chas. E. Irving.

At the close of the programme an informal reception was held in the parlors where the work of the classes was on exhibition and which was most interesting.

PULCIFER CALLS ANOTHER MEETING.

Trouble Between the President and Secretary Laidlaw.

Harry Pulcifer, president of the Davis faction of the Young Men's Republican League, has called another meeting of the league for Thursday night of next week.

It is claimed that since the meeting which broke up in a row last Thursday night Pulcifer and the secretary, Murray Laidlaw, have not been so friendly as formerly.

Pulcifer, when asked if Laidlaw would be present at the next meeting, replied:

"Not if I can avoid it. I had enough at the last meeting. He was very anxious to preside then, and intimated as much but I knew if he got up to preside they would have mobbed him. Laidlaw has been around talking about me, I am informed. The meeting next week will be an open one, and if the Pardee men want to come in and raise a fuss they can do so. I have no objection to anybody coming to the meeting, for personally I have no ill feelings toward anybody because of political differences or preferences."

A FRIEND OF MINING INDUSTRY.

Mrs. Hearst Will Build the Proposed Annex at Berkeley.

There was an interesting scene at the meeting of the Regents of the University yesterday, when the matter of erecting an annex to the mining building at the University was brought up. Mrs. Hearst, the first and only woman member, rose and said:

"Gentlemen, I shall be very glad to subscribe the amount necessary for the construction of this building of the mining department and its equipment. I became specially interested in this part of the University when I visited it some time ago and saw the good work it was doing. I shall be happy to do this, but I must ask permission to choose the architect, for I do not want one who would make such mistakes as have been made on some of our other buildings."

A round of applause greeted Mrs. Hearst's offer. Her proffer was accepted with thanks, and she was given the entire direction of the construction of the building.

Mrs. Hearst explained that she was specially interested in the mining department because Mr. Hearst had had large mining properties.

She has in contemplation a building, the erection and equipment of which will cost in the neighborhood of a quarter of a million dollars. The plans, however, will not be complete for a couple of years, and in the meanwhile she does not want the University to be cramped.

"I had this idea in contemplation at the time of my last visit to Berkeley," she explained. "The estimate of the committee puts the cost at $12,500. I may exceed this, but will not expend more than is necessary, since the building will be merely temporary."

THE RESOURCES OF ALASKA.

The State University Receives a Museum of Unique Interest.

The museum which was collected by the Alaska Commercial Company has been presented to the University of California In making the transfer, the company says:

"The collection was started a great many years ago, and possesses an unusual attraction and interest from the association of a great many of the articles with particular points of interest in the history and growth of the company, but realizing the fact that its present location makes it almost impossible for us to give it the proper care for its preservation, and also that it thus does not play the important role it should in the education of the people in general, nor furnish the means for familiarizing them with certain phases of this wonderful addition to our territory, it has long been our intention to have it placed in some way so that it would further these objects."

DISDAINS TO REPLY TO DAVIS.

Rev. R. H Sawyer Says He Prefers to Build Up His Church.

Rev. R. H. Sawyer says he will make no reply to the attack on him by Rev. Edwards Davis. "I have no fight with this man," he said, "and have no reply to make to him. My only object is to try and rehabilitate the congregation of which I am pastor."

Oakland Architects Win.

The proposed administration building of the Mendocino State Hospital for the insane is to be built upon plans drawn by Cunningham Brothers of this city. The building will cost $50,000.

SPAIN'S FLEET READY TO TAKE THE OFFENSIVE.

Squadron Now at Cape Verde Will Defend Havana.

Captain Sampson's Tars Will Take a Hand in the Game.

CUBAN CAPITAL IS VULNERABLE.

Co-Operation of the Insurgents Will Make Its Capture Easy.

By Associated Press to The Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 13.—"Advices received from the Navy Department indicate that Spain is organizing as rapidly as possible two powerful fleets which will, it is supposed, be opposed to the two fleets that this country has assembled at Key West and at Hampton Roads," says a Washington correspondent of the Times.

"One of her fleets is forming at Puerto Grande, St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, and the other is forming at Cadiz, Spain.

"Naval experts think that the fleet at Cadiz is intended for the defense of the Spanish coast from any attack by the flying squadron, while the fleet that is assembling at the Cape Verde Islands is intended for retaliatory attacks upon our coasts.

"It is remarked that the latter fleet is composed of very fast vessels, torpedo boats, torpedo-boat destroyers, and swift cruisers. Even the supply vessels of this force are rapid and could keep up with the movements of the rest of the fleet. It is just the kind of a squadron that would be formed for the purpose of attacking the coast and in the meanwhile dodging an enemy's fleet.

"It is probable that is could keep out of the way of the majority of Captain Sampson's vessels, and it would not be safe for one or two American ships to leave the squadron too far and subject themselves to a sudden attack by a swarm of torpedo boats. If this American squadron keeps together, therefore, it seems probable that the Spanish fleet, which is faster as a whole, could evade it on the high seas and choose its own way of fighting.

"The plan pre-supposes that the Spanish fleet, now rendezvoused in the Cape Verde islands, will move to the defense of Havana or seek to draw off the American ships by a foray on our coast. It is evident that Spain expects an attack on Havana, and it was for this reason that she withdrew the Vizcaya and Almirante Oquendo from that harbor.

"It is true that she has not, at least according to the latest advices of the Navy Department, moved this torpedo and cruiser fleet farther in this direction; but this is thought to be due to the fact that she is afraid to start it this way on its long journey across the ocean lest war be declared and the fleet be taken at great disadvantage by the flying squadron, which would be advised of the outbreak of war instantly and could move across its path. Of course, if the Spaniards sailed from Porto Grande they would come under sealed orders, or on orders to look out for hostile American ships, but this would not prepare them for a sudden attack by the flying squadron, which could pick its time and place for fighting.

"If Havana is invested and the Spanish fleet moves to its assistance, part of Captain Sampson's fleet would have to meet it unless the flying squadron be kept in these waters. The Cape of Verde fleet is not strong enough now, however, to make such precaution necessary and it is considered that the Key West squadron will be sufficient for the work of capturing Havana and of holding the torpedo flotilla at bay or of dispersing and destroying it and allow the flying squadron to carry out the plan already worked out, of making a dash at the Canaries and cutting in two Spain's weak line of defense.

"It is now determined that as soon as war is declared Captain Sampson will steam for Havana and attack it by sea and that a land force will hasten to his aid and invest the city on the west, thus cutting it off entirely from the coast of the island except by means of an inner harbor. Havana can be readily and safely shelled from the sea without exposing the attacking vessels to a damaging fire. This is the opinion of Captain Sigsbee, who made a careful study of the denfenses of the city during his stay there. It is also the opinion of General Lee, who has made even closer study of the defenses of the capital. It is also expected that the revolutionists of the province of Pinar del Rio, who are by no means suppressed or exterminated, will hasten to the aid of the army of occupation while Gomez and Garcia will move straight on Havana from the east.

"The Spanish troops who have fought in vain against unarmed and starving bands of revolutionists, will hardly be able to withstand such a concerted attack by the revolutionists, who have successfully resisted them in the field and the well-disciplined and well-armed troops of the United States. The fall of Havana is thought to be a matter of a few days only, and with Havana will practically fall the entire Spanish authority and force in the island.

"The flying squadron, which has stripped for battle and is riding uneasily in Hampton Roads, with its fires banked and its decks cleared for action, will be launched at once, it is thought, for its pre-arranged attack on the Canaries. Its purpose is to divert the Spanish fleet, destroy its base of supplies in the Canaries, cut its line of communication and seize a point of great advantage for establishing a base of action for our navy.

"It will then hurry to the coast of Spain and engage any fleet it may meet in Spanish waters."

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

CONTRACTS LET FOR TUNNELS.

Valley Road Directors Are Working to Point Richmond.

The San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley Railroad Company yesterday afternoon let two important grading contracts for two sections of its proposed extension from Stockton west to Point Richmond. Each of the two sections in question is six miles long. One is immediately east and the other is immediately west of the 5,750-foot tunnel which is to be cut through the Contra Costa hills. The contract for the six miles east of the tunnel was awarded to Erickson Brothers. The grading of the west section was left to Buckman & Kelso.

There were six bids in all, and the local contracting firms above mentioned were given the work because theirs were the lowest bids. Each was given a month's time to put up a bond of $50,000 to insure faithful performance of the work. It was also agreed to give them until September 1899, to finish their grading contracts. There were two reasons for this decision. In the first place, Erickson Brothers will have to bore one tunnel on their section of the road, while Buckman & Kelso have two tunnels to bore on their section.

The Directors now hope to have their first train enter Bakersfield by May 25th, and expect to have the Visalia extension finished by July 1st. They will then have completed their system in San Joaquin Valley.

ROMANCE OF A SECRET MARRIAGE.

Two Students at Berkeley Are Married Unknown to Friends.

It has just been announced in Berkeley that since the Christmas vacation C. F. Balaam, a student at the University, and Miss Gwynodl Carnall, a student at the Berkeley High School, whose parents reside at 2139 Vine street, are husband and wife. When the marriage took place and where it was performed is not made known. The couple took a trip, told nobody about it, and before they returned they were united in the bonds of wedlock. That is all the information which the couple give in the premises. At the time of her departure for the prospective wedding the young woman had not attained her majority, and she is also silent as to how she managed to get a license to marry under those circumstances. Balaam is a resident of Visalia, and will leave for there in a few weeks with his wife and go into business.

THE OLD BOARD RE-ELECTED.

Managers for a Year of the Contra Costa Water Company.

At the annual meeting of the Contra Costa Water Company in San Francisco yesterday, the old Board of Directors and officers were re-elected, as follows: Henry Pierce, president; G. W. Prescott, W. F. Whittier, C. F. A. Talbot, Edwin Goodall, Victor Metcalf; Robert Knight, treasurer, and William Mead, secretary.

NO MEETING HELD.

As City Attorney Dow and City Engineer Clement wer both compelled to be away today, the meetings of the Board of Public Works and Police and Fire Commissioners were postponed till Friday morning.

Ziele's Narrow Escape

H. Zeile, who hauls water pipe, had a narrow escape from death yesterday. Just as the narrow gauge train was about to come to a stand at Seventh street, Ziele's two wheeled cart was backed against the coupling between the engine and the smoker. The horse reared and fell backward, and Ziele was nearly crushed beneath the falling animal. The cart was wrecked, the horse was slightly injured and Ziele escaped with a few bruises.

Board of Trade Meeting.

The Board of Trade will hold a meeting this evening, when the question of a consolidated city and county government will be discussed. The meeting opens at 8 o'clock.

Mrs Buller Sued.

Dr. W. H. Simmons has sued Mrs. Yarde-Buller for $71.50 for dental work.

The Emeryville Road House, Capt. Gardiner prop'r, with every accommodation for travelers, including private rooms, music room, etc., is open for business. Thirty-seventh st. and San Pablo ave.

Spring millinery. Miss L. M. Williams, 1162 Broadway, Macdonough building.

The well known and celebrated Eagle Brand liqueurs and cordials at Theo. Gier Co., sole agt.

Pianos.

Clark Wise & Co. music house will remove to Geary and Grant avenue May 1st. Big bargain till then.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS must bear fac-simile signature of Brent Good.

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER

Retail druggists can exchange old style Carter's Little Liver Pills for new at wholesale druggists.

Substitution the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.